CITY MANAGER'S REPORT SEPTEMBER 11, 2023 CITY COUNCIL REGULAR MEETING

ITEM:	APPROVE THE REVISED RIVER ISLANDS PHASE TWO PARKS AND OPEN SPACE MASTER PLAN
RECOMMENDATION:	Adopt a Resolution Approving the Revised River Islands Phase Two Parks and Open Space Master Plan
CEQA STATUS:	The Proposed Project Falls Within the Scope of the Previously Certified Subsequent Environmental Impact Report (SEIR) (SCH No. 1993112027) for the River Islands at Lathrop Phase Two Project; therefore, No Further Environmental Review is Required in Accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act

SUMMARY:

The Parks and Recreation Commission approved the revised River Islands Phase Two Parks and Open Space Master Plan at the Parks and Recreation Commission Regular Meeting that was held on August 3, 2023. The Parks and Recreation Commission and City staff recommends the City Council adopt a Resolution to approve the revised River Islands Phase Two Parks and Open Space Master Plan to be aligned with the recent changes to Vesting Tentative Map No. VTM 6716. The Woodlands East District was recently modified which rearranged the street layout, lot configurations, and location and size of neighborhood parks N5 and N7, which increased the total Neighborhood Park acreage by 5 acres.

BACKGROUND:

The Parks Master Plan for River Islands is intended to provide a network of master planned parks and open spaces throughout the River Islands development. The park locations along the river provide opportunities to experience the river in multiple ways. Open spaces are woven throughout at varying scales in order to support an assortment of passive and active recreation. Several types of sports fields are included as well as ample opportunities to enjoy nature and the water's edge. Pedestrian and bicycle circulation is designed to enable residents to move safely throughout the community. Varying classes of bicycle paths are integrated and promote easy access to open space and extended cycling or running.

In June of 2021, the City approved the River Islands Phase Two Parks & Open Space Master Plan for the River Islands Modified Phase Two Project. A total of 230.29 acres in the River Islands Modified Phase Two area are devoted to a variety of parks.

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CITY MANAGER REPORT SEPTEMBER 11, 2023 CITY COUNCIL REGULAR MEETING **REVISED RIVER ISLANDS PHASE TWO PARKS AND OPEN SPACE MASTER** PLAN

The parks, in and around the developed areas, include Neighborhood Parks, Community Parks, Linear Parks (trails), and Pocket Parks. There are also over 272 acres of other open space areas, including levees, drainage swales and protected wetlands.

In May of 2022, the City of Lathrop's Community Development Director approved a Substanital Conformance request from River Islands for the Woodlands East District. The application for Substantial Conformance with VTM 6716 was submitted to include various modifications to the road alignments, lot size, and for the two Neighborhood Parks N5 and N7 to be increased in acreage from 5.39 to 7.8 and 5.12 to 5.4, respectively. This modification increased the total Neighborhood Park acreage of the development by 5 acres and also increased the size of lake L14. Substantial Conformance findings are required to be made pursuant to Condition of Approval #36 of VTM 6716 when modifications are made to the Vesting Tentative Map. The proposed revised Parks Master Plan will account for the increase in neighbhorhood park acreages.

Additionally, pursuant to Condition of Approval #118 of VTM 6716, the Phase Two Parks and Open Space Master Plan needs to be consistent with the Quimby Act for required park acreage. Pursuant to the Quimby Act, the project is required to provide approximately 161 acres of neighborhood and community parks. The revised Phase Two Parks and Open Space Master Plan shows compliance with the Quimby Act by providing approximately 167 acres of parkland total.

CEQA REVIEW

Environmental review for the River Islands project as a whole was completed in the certified Subsequent Environmental Impact Report (SEIR) for the River Islands at Lathrop Phase Two Project (State Clearinghouse No. 1993112027). The SEIR considered the full range of potential environmental effects of urban development of the entire River Islands Project, including planned parks and open space for the Project.

The project would not produce any new significant environmental impacts, and no new mitigation measures are required. The SEIR specified the mitigation measures needed to reduce potentially significant environmental effects of the River Islands project to a less than significant level. The project is required to conform to these mitigation measures.

RECOMMENDATION:

Adopt a Resolution Approving the Revised River Islands Phase Two Parks and Open Space Master Plan.

CITY MANAGER REPORT SEPTEMBER 11, 2023 CITY COUNCIL REGULAR MEETING **REVISED RIVER ISLANDS PHASE TWO PARKS AND OPEN SPACE MASTER** PLAN

FISCAL IMPACT:

No fiscal impact.

ATTACHMENTS:

- A. A Resolution of the City Council of the City of Lathrop Approving the Revised River Islands Phase Two Parks and Open Space Master Plan
- B. Parks and Recreation Commission Recommendation for City Council to Approve the River Islands Phase Two Parks and Open Space Master Plan
- C. River Islands Phase Two Parks and Open Space Master Plan
- D. Findings of Substantial Conformance with Vesting Tentative Map 6716 dated May 5, 2022

CITY MANAGER REPORT PAGE 4 SEPTEMBER 11, 2023 CITY COUNCIL REGULAR MEETING REVISED RIVER ISLANDS PHASE TWO PARKS AND OPEN SPACE MASTER PLAN

APPROVALS:

Todd Sebastian Parks, Recreation, and Maintenance Services Director

8/25/23

Date

'UZ 3

8/31/2023

Date

8-30-2027

Date

9.1.23 Date

community Development Director

Caquiat

Cari James Finance Director

Salvador Navarrete City Attorney

Stephen J. Salvatore City Manager

RESOLUTION NO. 23-

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF LATHROP APPROVING THE REVISED RIVER ISLANDS PHASE TWO PARKS AND OPEN SPACE MASTER PLAN

WHEREAS, the Parks and Open Space Master Plan for River Islands is intended to provide a network of master planned parks and open spaces throughout the River Islands development; and

WHEREAS, the request is to amend the River Islands Phase Two Parks Master Plan to be aligned with recent changes to Vesting Tentative Map No. VTM 6716; and

WHEREAS, Neighborhood Parks N5 and N7 increased in acreage from 5.39 to 7.8 and 5.12 to 5.4, respectively; and

WHEREAS, various parks located along Paradise Cut, Old River and San Joaquin River provides residents the opportunities to experience the river in multiple ways; and

WHEREAS, the open spaces are woven throughout at varying scales in order to support an assortment of passive and active recreation; and

WHEREAS, several types of sports fields are included as well as ample opportunities to enjoy nature and the water's edge; and

WHEREAS, pedestrian and bicycle circulation is designed to enable residents to move safely throughout the community; and

WHEREAS, varying classes of bicycle paths are integrated and promote easy access to open space and extended cycling or running; and

WHEREAS, community and neighborhood park acreages for Phase Two were used to calculate and meet the State's minimum parkland dedication requirements; and

WHEREAS, neighborhood parks must be provided at a rate of 2 acres per 1,000 population and Community Parks at 3 acres per 1,000 population; and

WHEREAS, environmental review for the River Islands project as a whole was completed in the certified Subsequent Environmental Impact Report (SEIR) for the River Islands at Lathrop Phase Two Project (State Clearinghouse No. 1993112027). The SEIR considered the full range of potential environmental effects of urban development of the entire River Islands Project, including planned parks and open space for the Project.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the City Council of the City of Lathrop does hereby approve the Revised River Islands Phase Two Parks and Open Space Master Plan.

The foregoing resolution was passed and adopted this 11^{th} day of September 2023, by the following vote of the City Council, to wit:

AYES:

NOES:

ABSENT:

ABSTAIN:

Sonny Dhaliwal, Mayor

ATTEST:

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Teresa Vargas City Clerk

Salvador Navarrete City Attorney

CITY OF LATHROP PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION REGULAR MEETING THURSDAY, AUGUST 3, 2023, 6:00P.M. COUNCIL CHAMBERS, CITY HALL 390 TOWNE CENTRE DRIVE LATHROP, CALIFORNIA 95330

MINUTES

1. PRELIMINARY

- 1.1 CALL TO ORDER Parks and Recreation Commissioner Chair Zien called the meeting to order at 6:06 p.m.
- 1.2 ROLL CALL Present: Chair Zien, Vice-Chair Hopping, Commissioners Smith, Datoc, Sandhu
- 1.3 PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE Chair Zien led the Pledge of Allegiance
- 1.4 ANNOUNCEMENT(S) BY CHAIR OR DIRECTOR None

2. **PRESENTATIONS**

2.1 PARKS, RECREATION AND MAINTENANCE SERVICES UPDATE

Parks, Recreation and Maintenance Services Director Todd Sebastian reported the following update:

• Recreation Special Events Update

Gave an overview on recent past events including the "Lathrop Birthday Celebration", "Movies in the Park", and "Concerts in the Park" which all saw an increase in attendance. Stanford Crossing and the Lathrop Food Plaza were partners for the "Lathrop Birthday Celebration". Under counter organic waste bins were handed out during the event to all attendees. Upcoming Special Events include "Family Fun Night" on August 11th, "Touch a Truck" on September 9th, "Comedy Under the Stars" on September 15th and "Trunk or Treat" on October 21st.

 Recreation Programs Update
 Gave an overview on past and upcoming recreation programs. Camp Lathrop and Future Leaders Summer Camp is ending this week and both programs were full. There is a teen Welcome Back Party at the Generations Center on August 18th. The popular Senior Summer Camp is returning on August 9th where seniors will have an afternoon full of games, songs, water play and more. The 2023 Resource Fair will take place on September 26th with 30-35 vendors that can provide resources to the senior

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community. Sports is wrapping up the Junior Giants program this weekend with over 300 participants. NFL Flag Football is accepting registration now for ages 5-13. This is a co-ed program.

• Park Grand Openings

On Saturday, July 15th there was a tour for three park grand openings: Lions Park, River Park North and Rotary Park. Lions Park is near completion and will be open soon.

• Parks

Milestone Manor Park Revitalization project is underway and should be completed later this this fall. The park will be getting a children's play area, BBQ's, picnic tables, a walking bridge, a perimeter fence and more. There was a grant awarded for this project for \$192,620. The City-standard park furniture and signs have arrived and have been installed in several parks. The installation will continue in parks citywide.

3. CITIZEN'S FORUM - None

Persons who wish to speak to the Commission regarding an item that is not on today's agenda may do so at this time. All public comment must be made in compliance with the Lathrop City Council Handbook of Rules & Procedures.

4. CONSENT CALENDAR

Items on the Consent Calendar are considered to be routine by the City Council and will be enacted by one motion and one vote. There will be no separate discussion of these items unless the Chair, Co-Chair, or citizen so requests, in which event the item will be removed from the Consent Calendar and considered separately.

4.1 APPROVAL OF MINUTES FOR THE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION REGULAR MEETING ON FEBRUARY 2, 2023 AND THE SPECIAL MEETING ON MARCH 23, 2023.

On a motion made by Chair Zien, seconded by Vice-Chair Hopping, the Parks and Recreation Commission accepted the February 2, 2023 Regular Meeting Minutes and the March 23, 2023 Special Meeting Minutes.

Ayes:Zien, Hopping, Smith, Datoc, SandhuNoes:NoneAbsent:NoneAbstain:NoneMotion Carries:5-0-0-0

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5. SCHEDULED ITEMS

5.1 REVIEW AND RECOMMEND COUNCIL APPROVE THE REVISED RIVER ISLANDS PHASE TWO PARKS AND OPEN SPACE MASTER PLAN

> Parks, Recreation and Maintenance Services Director Todd Sebastian introduced Principal Landscape Architect for O'Dell Engineering Chad Kennedy and River Islands, LLC. Representative Ramon Batista. Parks, Recreation and Maintenance Services Director Todd Sebastian gave a presentation regarding the Revised River Islands Phase Two Parks and Open Space Master Plan.

> On a motion made by Chair Zien, seconded by Commissioner Sandhu, the Parks and Recreation Commission recommends the approval of the Revised River Islands Phase Two Parks and Open Space Master Plan.

Ayes:Zien, Hopping, Smith, Datoc, SandhuNoes:NoneAbsent:NoneAbstain:NoneMotion Carries:5-0-0-0

5.2 REVIEW AND RECOMMEND COUNCIL APPROVAL OF THE LATHROP LIONS CLUB REQUEST FOR A FEE WAIVER

> Parks, Recreation and Maintenance Services Director Todd Sebastian presented the Facility Fee Waiver that was submitted by the Lathrop Lions Club for the use of the Valverde Park Picnic Shelter on Saturday, October 21, 2023 for a Breast Cancer Walk. They will be partnering with the Police Officers Association. The total amount of the fee waiver request is \$85.

> On a motion made by Chair Zien, seconded by Vice-Chair Hopping, the Parks and Recreation Commission recommends the approval of the Lathrop Lions Club Fee Waiver.

Ayes:Zien, Hopping, Smith, Datoc, SandhuNoes:NoneAbsent:NoneAbstain:NoneMotion Carries:5-0-0-0

6. COMMISSION COMMUNICATIONS

Commissioner Smith reported posts he has seen recently on some River Islands Facebook pages about children not having access to water in the parks.

Parks, Recreation and Maintenance Services Director Todd Sebastian reported that the parks do have drinking fountains available for the public to use.

Parks, Recreation and Maintenance Services Director Todd Sebastian asked the Commissioners if they are interested in getting new Commission shirts. Commissioners answered yes. Staff will be sending out examples for the Commissioners to select which style and color they would prefer.

7. **ADJOURNMENT** – There being no further business, Chair Zien adjourned the meeting at 6:28 p.m.

Todd Separtian

Todd Sebastian Director – Parks, Recreation & Maintenance Services





ATTACHMENT C

RIVER ISLANDS PARKS & OPEN SPACE MASTER PLAN

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RIVER ISLANDS Phase 2 Parks & Open Space Master Plan

08 02.2023 AMENDMENT

Prepared for: River Islands at Lathrop 73 W. Stewart Road Lathrop, California 95330 (209) 879 - 7900 Prepared by: O'Dell Engineering 1165 Scenic Drive, Suite A Modesto, CA 95350 (209) 571-1765



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CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION



INTRODUCTION

The Parks Master Plan lays out a network of neighborhood and community parks, trails, and paseos for River Islands Phase 2 development. In addition, this Master Plan will continue to highlight the relationship between the community and the surrounding river system by providing opportunities to experience the river in multiple ways. The park system celebrates its location along the rivers and offers a variety of recreational amenities for the community to interact with this amazing natural resource. Locations of parks and open spaces ensure that recreational amenities are accessible to all community members. Pedestrian and bicycle connections are laid out to facilitate safe non-vehicular circulation between the community and park sites.

1.1 PURPOSE OF DOCUMENT

The Phase 2 Parks Master Plan will provide inventory, assessment and recommendations regarding River Islands park and open space network. This master plan builds upon the 2015 Phase 1 Parks and Open Space Master Plan, as well as the Phase 1A-2B Neighborhood Development Plans, and continues to provide a system of valuable community assets and recreational opportunities throughout the development.

1.2 ROLE OF PARKS AND OPEN SPACE

Parks and open spaces are invaluable parts of a vibrant community. Studies continue to demonstrate the benefits of public parks for individual and community health. An investment in expanding parks and open space amenities can ensure the long-term health of both individuals and the community. As a new waterfront master-planned community, River Islands strives to provide residents an idyllic lifestyle through the expansion of recreational and environmental services. Opportunities to foster community and sense of place may be created through recreational programming, and incorporating historical themes throughout the design.

1.3 PARKS MASTER PLAN OVERVIEW

Chapter 1: Introduction

This chapter introduces the purpose of the Master Plan, and reviews the process of preparation of the Parks Master Plan.

Chapter 2: Project Context

This chapter includes a survey of existing parks and open space that were previously laid out in Phase 1 Parks Master Plan and the Neighborhood Development Plan.

Chapter 3: Phase 2 Park System Guidelines

This chapter provides a review of best practices associated with design and construction of future parks and recreational facilities.

Chapter 4: Proposed Parks Master Plan And Parks Concepts

This chapter includes an overview of the Proposed Parks Master Plan, preliminary park design concepts, as well as recommendation of future parks and recreational facilities.

Chapter 2 PROJECT CONTEXT

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The content of this section covers existing parks and open space amenities that were laid out in the River Islands Phase1Master Parks and Open Space Plan and have either been developed or are in various phases of development.

2.1 CONTEXT

The City of Lathrop is located in the northern half of California's Central Valley west of the San Joaquin River. It is approximately 70 miles east of San Francisco and within a 30 minute commute of many central valley and East Bay cities (Tracy, Manteca, Stockton, Lodi, Modesto, Livermore, and Pleasanton). The 23-square-mile city is at the intersection of I-5 and SR 120 freeways. It is part of the lowland region with elevations close to sea level and has natural runoff into the adjacent San Joaquin River.

Based on 2019 information from the U.S. Census Bureau, the estimated current population is 24,483. About 45% of the city population is Caucasian, 26% is of Asian descent, and 6.6% are African Americans. Lathrop has a population density of 1,242, people per square mile, with a population growth rate of about 2.8% annually. The median household income is \$82,658 with a poverty rate of 10.9%. Approximately 78.6% of the population age 25 or above have obtained a high school degree or higher.

The City of Lathrop boasts an inventory of approximately 84 acres of parks and open space and 18 park and recreation facilities together comprising a growing, robust parks system. Current recreational amenities range from athletic fields and courts, a skate park, an amphitheater, playgrounds, outdoor fitness equipment, dog parks, and other recreational amenities, such as open space, pedestrian paths, and picnic facilities. The City runs programs out of a Community Center, Generations Center, and Senior Center facilities. The City of Lathrop currently provides recreational programs for youth, adults, and seniors including summer camps, kid's clubs, exercise classes, sports lessons, craft classes, etc., and hosts many community events throughout the year from weekly Zumba classes to a tree lighting ceremony in December.

vesung	TABLE 2.1 - PHASE 1 MINIMUM FACILITY REQUIREMENTS-CONDITION 116		
4 required Ind size (in	DESIGN ELEMENT	POPULATION STANDARD	ACREAGE GUIDELINES
creational	Basketball Courts	1 per 3,750 residents	0.7 acres per court
se 1 River . Parks that	Tennis Courts	1 per 3,750 residents	0.2 acres per court
built as a	Volleyball Courts	1 per 5,000 residents	0.2 acres per court
velopment	Baseball Diamonds	1 per 15,000 residents	3.0 acres per field
quired by list of the	Lighted Diamonds	1 per 15,000 residents	3.0 acres per field
listed in	Softball Diamonds	1 per 2,500 residents	2.3 acres per field
ce.	Lighted Diamonds	1 per 15,000 residents	2.3 acres per field
community	Football Fields	1 per 10,000 residents	1.5 acres per field
planned	Soccer Fields		
the phase	Adult	1 per 5,000 residents	2.2 acres per field
	Youth	1 per 3,000 residents	1.3 acres per field
	Multi-Play Courts	1 per 10,000 residents	0.46 acres per court
	Public Swimming Pool	1 per 20,000 residents	1.5 acres per pool

AIN HAND A FACILITY DECLUDENAENTE CONDITION 110

2.2 PHASE 1 EXISTING FACILITIES

Condition 116 of Vesting Tentative Map 3694 required a minimum number and size (in acres) of various recreational facilities for the Phase 1 River Islands development. Parks that were designed and built as a part of Phase 1 development include elements required by Condition 116. A list of the require facilities is listed in Table 2.1 for reference.

Other related community scale facilities are planned for inclusion within the phase 1 area.

2.3 EXISTING PARKS AND OPEN SPACES

River Islands parks and open space can be classified into several categories that indicate size and amenities provided. The following list is color-coded to indicate the type of park. The same color-coding is used in the following inventory sheets to enable quick identification of park type. As can be seen in the Phase 1 Parks Master Plan, only some of these facilities are intended to satisfy Quimby Act requirements.

Phase one includes approximately 85 acres of Quimby Act qualified parks and open space. As phase 1 is not completely built out to date, these spaces are at various levels of completion and planning. Table 2.2 has been provided to clarify the typology of the open spaces, Quimby Act status, and level of completion. Phase 1 also includes privately maintained and operated facilities that service the needs of the community such as Islander's Field, and Sunset Point/ the Boathouse.

TABLE 2.2 - PHASE 1 PARKS & OPEN SPACE

PHASE 1 PARKS & OPEN SPACE DESIGNATIONS & STATUS				
PARK #	Park Name	Quimby Act Designated	Completion Status	
C1	Lathrop Landing Community Park	Yes	Early Planning	
C2	Champion Fields Community Park	Yes	Bidding	
C3	STEAM Academy Community Park	Yes	Construction	
C4	Levee Trail	Yes		
NEIGHBC	RHOOD PARK - (APPROX. 26 ACRES)			
N1	Michael Vega park	Yes	Completed	
N2	Somerston Park	Yes	Completed	
N3	Reflections Park	Yes	Completed	
N4	Crystal Cove Park	Yes	Completed	
N6	Summer House Park	Yes	Completed	
N7	Tidewater Park	Yes	Completed	
N8	Old River Neighborhood Park	Yes	Construction Document Phase	
N9	Nototomne Park	Yes	Construction Document Phase	
POCKET P	ARK - (APPROX. 32 ACRES)			
P1-P49	n/a	No	Varies (planning-completed)	
WATER RE	ELATED OPEN SPACE - (APPROX. 9 ACRES)			
W1&W2	n/a	No	Completed	
GENERAL	OPEN SPACE - (APPROX. 33 ACRES)			
n/a	n/a	No	Varies (planning-completed)	



PHASE 2 PARK SYSTEM GUIDELINES

The following chapter provides a review of parks and recreation guidelines and planning as they pertain to this phase of development at River Islands. This chapter reviews standards and trends in parks and recreation usage, design guidelines, and sustainable practice which will inform a basis of design for the master planning of this park system.

3.1 TRENDS IN PARKS

Health Trends

In its "Healthy Parks Healthy People" guide, the National Park Service specifically mentions that connection to local parks will help children "lead healthier, happier, more fulfilled lives" in addition to connecting them to natural resources. Efforts such as these by the National Park Service and others by the State and local entities have made the dialogue surrounding health and parks mainstream. It is now widely acknowledged that increasing exposure to nature and exercise encourages physical and mental health for users of all ages. River Islands enthusiastically integrates this concept into its development by encouraging recreation throughout all aspects of the development. Best practices for parks and recreation development include maximizing opportunities to engage users in creative forms of exercise. The focus must be on engaging the entire community to participate more actively in parks and recreation. Parents and grandparents engaged in active pursuits will likely encourage the same values and habits in children and youth. Communities with varying demographics must feel comfortable using their public parks and recreation system. Existing cultural and hobby-related community groups provide a desire to participate in a number of activities such as little leagues, futbol clubs, etc.

Current trends show an increase in including opportunities for community gardens. The positive impact of gardening is far-reaching and proves to be beneficial for all members in the community. Community gardens support a sense of community pride and build connections amongst neighbors. They provide the opportunity for people of different cultures to share and build upon cultural connections from farming to food.

Level of Service

National Parks and Recreation organizations, including the National Recreations and Park Association, began to scale back from issuing national standards for facilities level of service per population about twenty years ago. Rather it was deemed appropriate that level-of-service standards should be determined by individual municipalities and tailored to the unique needs of each city. Since the 1975 Quimby Act (California Government Code §66477) was passed, cities and counties in the state of California have had the power to establish land dedication ordinances and require that developers contribute in one of several ways to dedicating land for park improvements. Quimby Act standards include dedication of 3-5 acres per 1,000 residents in a given jurisdiction to ensure adequate park land is developed along with housing construction. While five acres does not constitute a maximum allowable park acreage, it does represent in the Quimby Act the maximum park acreage per 1,000 residents that may be required for developers. The City of Lathrop has further defined these acreages by requiring three (3) acres of Community Park per 1,000 residents and two (2) acres of Neighborhood Park per 1,000 residents. Per the City's General Plan, minimum acreages apply to the sizes of individual community and neighborhood parks. The minimum size for a community park is 15 acres, the minimum size for a neighborhood park is 4 acres.







3.2 PARK DESIGN GUIDELINES

Each park, regardless of size, provides varying unique services to target user groups. The following section categorizes parks by size and summarizes the types of amenities typical of each park typology. For clarity and consistency, these categories reflect those found in the Phase 1 Parks Master Plan and the Neighborhood Development Plan: Community Park, Neighborhood Park, Pocket Park, and Linear Parks. The following typology sections provide an overview of each type of park within the River Islands park and open space system and include typical features which may be appropriate for the separate categories.

Recreation Goals

River Islands echoes the recreational goals of the City of Lathrop by embracing the following:

- Provisions for diverse recreational spaces and opportunities that can support music, dance, arts and crafts, sports, drama, nature study, games, special events, and educational learning activities;
- provisions for opportunities regardless of an individual's age, religion, etncic background, economic status, sex, or level of abilities;
- opportunities for fostering of leadership skills in the community through safe outdoor environments that allow for social interaction, creative expressions, and community involvement;
- options for year-round engagement in active and passive recreation whether programmed or not;
- and, education of the community on how to recreate in positive and community building ways.

Community Parks

Community parks often incorporate a variety of recreational programming to provide active and passive recreational opportunities for all. Most residents should be able to access a community park within ½ to 1 mile from their home. An ideal Community Park connects residents to outdoor recreation options, fosters public growth and establishes collective identity. Per the City of Lathrop, community parks are primarily intended to serve the needs of organized sports and active recreation.

Community Parks are recommended for development on land greater than fifteen (15) acres; exceptions to the this are acceptable but require approval from the City. The service area for Community Parks is measured as ½ mile from the boundaries of the park, approximately 10-20 minute walk for pedestrians.

Typical features include those found in a Neighborhood Park (see Neighborhood Parks description) with the addition of any number of other features. These may include sports fields (lighted and unlighted depending on programming), sport courts, concession stands, restrooms, and amphitheater or performing arts facilities, nature education opportunities, splash pads or other water-play features, dog parks, and fitness courses. The design may also include areas for specialty athletics and recreation. Each design will attempt to provide the highest level of accessibility and safety possible for the benefit of the community and the for the park's continued success.

Unique to River Islands, community park space also includes miles of non-motorized levee trails that circle the development providing safe access to anywhere within the development. These parks are located near schools to maximize recreational space and programming. These open spaces may also include storm water quality features and facilities accessory to the park.

On-site parking facilities are important within community parks to service patron heavy activities that typically occur in these parks. During the design phases of each community park, the necessary number of parking stalls to accommodate users will be identified based on specific park amenities included in the design. The number of parking stalls will vary at each park site.

Neighborhood Parks

Neighborhood parks serve as an extended back yard for local residents and provide both passive and active recreation opportunities. An ideal Neighborhood Park connects residents to outdoor recreation and increases residents' sense of ownership of their own community. Neighborhood parks are generally a minimum of four acres and are recommended for new neighborhoods as amenities that may be accessed within a 5-10 minute walk.

Neighborhood Parks are recommended for development on land greater than four (4) acres. The design of each park will take into

consideration the unique needs and demographics of the neighborhood within which it is placed. Each design will attempt to provide the highest level of accessibility and safety possible for the benefit of the community and the for the park's continued success. Parks should be as centrally located as possible within new developments, and not located along high speed roads.

Neighborhood Parks typically include a mixture of active and passive recreational opportunities and more variety of amenities than pocket parks. Playground structures, fitness equipment, and shaded benches and/or table are typical. BBQ facilities may be appropriate, and provision of waste stations (trash, recycling, and dog waste) will help support maintaining a clean neighborhood. Fenced dog parks located within neighborhood parks are designed to serve communities within the immediate neighborhood vicinity. The dog parks should be strategically located near levee access points to encourage pedestrian use between parks and levee trail. Open lawn areas large enough to provide spaces for youth team sport practices are encouraged. Sports courts are also appropriate and maybe include bocce, horseshoes, volleyball, basketball, or multi-sport courts.

Pocket Parks

Pocket Parks are geared toward serving residents within the immediate adjacent neighborhood. The standard measurement to determine park service coverage is measured as a quarter-mile radius from the park border, which is roughly a 5-10 minute walk. The park design should consider the unique needs and the demographics within its service radius. Each design should attempt to provide the highest level of accessibility and safety possible for the benefit of the community and for the parks continued success. Parks will be as centrally located as possible within new developments, and not located along high speed roads.

Pocket parks typically include a mixture of active and passive recreational opportunities. These are essentially extended "backyards" of the neighborhood and so provide play opportunities as well as social space for residents. Typical features include, fitness equipment, shaded benches, and tables. BBQ facilities may be appropriate, and provision of waste stations (trash, recycling, and dog waste) will help support maintaining a clean neighborhood amenity. Pocket Parks may also support community garden initiatives. Pocket parks do not qualify for Quimby Act credit.

Linear Parks

Linear parks can be designed for multiple functions and purposes. They may function to connect park spaces with safe non-motorized paths that can be used by individuals and families to navigate the network of trails and parks while avoiding automobile traffic. They may be a combined vehicle and pedestrian parkway, they may even act as a buffer between residential and commercial areas, or combine storm water conveyance infrastructure with non-motorized trails. In general, these trails also encourage pedestrian movement throughout the community while improving visibility and increasing observant "eyes" on the community.

Linear parks typically include a mixture of active and passive recreational opportunities, but with less amenities than neighborhood parks. Typical features include fitness equipment, benches, and tables. Linear parks do not qualify for Quimby Act credit.

3.3 SUSTAINABILITY

There is a common misconception that sustainable building alternatives are inherently more expensive than traditional planning and building practices. In a 2009 survey by the National Recreation and Park Association, Parks and Recreation leaders noted concerns about keeping up with funding environmental improvements while struggling with budget cuts and reductions in water supply. Fortunately, water-saving technology and practices have improved such that conforming with state-mandated water usage restrictions is now widely achievable across even the most arid parts of California. Integration of modern irrigation equipment and selection of low-water using plant material will save funds on irrigation water for its parks as well as demonstrate to residents the accessibility of low water using landscapes.



Sustainability practices are being incorporated into all River Islands parks development. Best practice guidelines outlining the potential strategies that should be included are listed below.

- Implement Low Impact Development (LID) stormwater management technology into designs. Vegetated swales capture all water on site and clean it prior to discharging it into the many lakes within the community. The lake water is then used to irrigate the many public open spaces.
- Install hardy, native and adapted plant varieties, avoiding invasive or water-intensive plant varieties.
- Recycled water is being used with all irrigation systems to the maximum extent feasible.
- Central control irrigation system controllers utilizing weather-based sensors, flow sensors, master valves, and point source irrigation help to minimize over-watering and avoid catastrophic losses of water due to breaks and vandalism.
- Consider incorporating community gardens to foster community ownership of park space and educate the public about food security.

3.4 SAFETY AND SECURITY

The most important aspect of monitoring and providing safe parks and open space is maintaining an existing partnership with municipal law enforcement. Law enforcement agencies provide "boots on the ground" throughout parks and open space assets, and are therefore uniquely able to advise on the unique needs and proven methods for various locations. Parks will be designed with security in mind. Similarly, surveillance cameras located in particularly problematic areas may be the best option for certain locations. A variety of wireless, cloud-based security camera technology is currently available to streamline installation and monitoring of the equipment. Local law enforcement feedback will be central to any decisions related to security at public parks.

The most widely recognized set of best practice standards relating to safety in parks are Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) principles include:

Natural Surveillance

The overall goal of CPTED is the idea that a person will be less likely to commit a crime if there is risk of being seen. This principle encourages "see and be seen" quality in public spaces.

- New parks will, when feasible be designed such that there are buildings or roads fronting all sides of the park for maximum surveillance.
- Where feasible homes and businesses should face toward the park.
- Design and maintain safe pedestrian routes to the park and clear lines of sight from these routes into major activity zones within the park.
- Encourage neighbors to keep an eye on the park by keeping nighttime lighting pleasant and non-obtrusive and by enforcing hours or park usage to avoid nuisances that could cause neighbors to close doors and windows facing the park.





- Where feasible use pleasant, dimmer lighting rather than bright, blinding lighting to avoid creating the excessively dark areas that form just outside the reach of the bright lights.
- Security cameras may be installed on a case-by-case basis as deterrent to crime and vandalism.
- · Where feasible, use of motion sensor lighting to alert others when movement in the park is registered.

This CPTED principle encourages use of creative access control using pathway alignment, landscape/ topographic features, signage or other features to direct the flow of user traffic, rather than traditional but intimidating mechanisms such as fences and wire.
- Avoid using control mechanisms such as barbed wire fences. This aesthetic supports the perception that the facility is dangerous.
- A combination of eyes-on-the-park, sufficient lighting and patrolling, and other measures may be used where possible.
- Incorporate clear, bilingual signage at the major pedestrian entrance(s) to the park. This signage may include information about park hours, maintenance/littering, and emergency contact information.
- Avoid landscape features that create blind spots and prevent adequate surveillance.
- Select plant materials to groundcover height (less than 2') and maintain tree canopies to a minimum of 6' above ground level. Keeping the 2'-6' visual range open will increase surveillance capabilities and reduce perceptions of possible criminal activity areas.

Territorial Reinforcement

Use of visual cures, such as consistent types of pavement, plant materials, or signage to encourage specific usage of park space and to delineate public/private divisions is an important part of CPTED. In the case of public parks, this territorial reinforcement will:

- Encourage community ownership of and presence at parks.
- Use varied plant materials to encourage activity in some areas and to discourage unwanted activities.
- Support the formation of community service group adoption and maintenance programs.

Maintenance

Maintenance is of high importance of CPTED safety guidelines. Consider the "broken window" theory, which is the theory that poorly maintained properties will breed criminal activity. Well-maintained places indicate that there is regular human presence which monitors the site and that the community cares about that park, which can deter criminals and deviants from that space. River Islands is dedicated to consistent maintenance practices:

- · Dedicated maintenance staff to low-hanging maintenance needs, including regular clean-up of litter and graffiti.
- Adequate staff and funding to maintain and prune trees and shrubs. This is important in order to keep the trees healthy and make the parks safer and cleaner without excess dead landscape material.
- Scheduled periodic repairs of site amenities such as benches, tables, playground equipment, barbeque's and garbage receptacles.
- Scheduled regular maintenance of ball field surfaces where the field is "closed" to repair and replace turf/ clay as needed.
- Regular interaction with City staff who interact with scheduled user groups. Coordinate with City Staff as well.
- Staffing of enough maintenance personnel to visit each park on a regular rotation.
- Determined maintenance schedules based upon regular review of park needs with maintenance staff.
- Outcome-based maintenance standards for landscape maintenance. Outcome-based standards emphasize "expected end result" maintenance standards.

3.5 NON-MOTORIZED CIRCULATION

Safe pedestrian and bicyclist connections, linking parks, open spaces, and schools throughout the community is a priority. To this end, a complex non-motorized circulation system has been developed to accomplish this goal. The circulation typology (as reflected in Figure 4.5 - Phase 2 Circulation Map) consists of elevated (levee) trails, classes 1, 2 & 3 bicycle lanes, pedestrian trails, and pedestrian connections. Also included as Figure 4.6 (Phase 2 Safe Routes To Schools) is a highlight of the routes which may be used by children to walk or bike to school safely. These typology designations are described below.

Elevated (Levee) Trails

Phase 2 elevated trails are designed to encircle the development following the levees that protect the development from flood events. They are designed for pedestrians, bicyclists, and equestrian riders. They are also designed for maximum safety by avoiding conflicts with automobile traffic. The trail cross section is 40' wide, with 30' designed for recreational use. The 30' is intended to include a 12' wide paved path with a class II aggregate base shoulder on one side, a class II equestrian trail on the other side (per California State Parks Trail Handbook, and an aggregate base shoulder for other trail amenities. See Section 3.6 for more detailed trail information. Within the 30' recreational use space other trail related amenities will be included to enhance the value of the trail system. Those amenities may include features such as: exercise stations at strategic access locations, scenic overlooks, kiosk stations, interpretive/ education signage about the river and surrounding habitat, benches/tables for resting, bike racks at rest locations, mile markers, directional signage, etc.

Class I Bike Path

Class I paths are paved rights-of-way completely separated from streets. Bike paths will have a limited number of cross streets and driveways. These paths are typically shared with pedestrians and often called mixed-use paths. The Highway Design Manual (HDM) standards define these paths as 8'-10' wide paths with 2' aggregate base shoulders on either side.

Class II Bike Lane

Class II lanes are on-street facilities designated for bicyclists using stripes and stencils. Bike lanes may include buffer striping to provide greater separation between bicyclists and parked or moving vehicles. Bike lanes are the preferred treatment for all arterial and collector streets on the bikeway network, and not typically installed on low-volume, low-speed residential streets. The HDM standards define these paths as minimum 4'-6' wide paths.

Class III Bike Route

Class III routes are streets designated for bicycle travel and shared with motor vehicles. While the only required treatment is signage, streets are designated as bike routes because they are suitable for sharing with motor vehicles and provide better connectivity than other streets. The HDM notes that minimum widths for Class III bikeways are represented, in the minimum standards for highway lanes and shoulders.

Pedestrian Trails

Pedestrian trails are designated walkways for travel by pedestrian and are not wide enough for traversing with bicycles. These paths vary in width, but are never narrower than 4' wide.

Pedestrian Connections

Pedestrian connections are designated walkways for travel by pedestrian and typically connect two other circulation path designations. These paths vary in width, but are never narrower than 4' wide.

3.6 ELEVATED LEVEE TRAILS

The River Islands Community has a unique recreational opportunity as it is surrounded with a 200 yr. flood levee that not only protects the community, but also affords the residents a trail system loop longer than most City-wide trail systems. The following paragraphs describe this nearly 18 mile trail system in detail with supporting figures for clarity.

Trail Design

Roughly eight miles of planned levee trails will follow along the top of the levee, generally centered on the center line of the levee alignment. Access point will be provided from the development side of the levee at intervals to allow for recreational and maintenance uses. The levee trails are maintained and overseen by Reclamation District 2062. The levee trails exceed Highway Design Manual (HMD) standards for two directional class I trails, with a total paved width of 12' and unimproved aggregate base shoulders totaling 10' in width: 4' wide class II aggregate base shoulder, and 6' wide class II equestrian trail. The remaining 8' wide path shall be set aside for trail amenities such as overlooks, educational/interpretative signage, benches and/or exercise equipment. Figures 3.1 depicts the standard trail design for River Islands levee trails.









Open Space On Waterside of Levees

The open space areas on the waterside of elevated levees are maintained and overseen by Reclamation District 2062. The open space will be maintained to remain in a natural state as much as possible, using hydro-seeding and erosion control methods. Public access is allowed along the 30' wide elevated levee trails for recreational and maintenance uses. No permanent barriers are planned to restrict public access to the waterside open spaces. However, there will be no recreational trails or amenities in these areas to encourage public access.

FIGURE 3.1 - TYPICAL TRAIL SECTIONS (ILLUSTRATIVE ONLY)





FIGURE 3.2 - TYPICAL TRAIL PLAN VIEW



FIGURE 3.3 - CONCEPT FOR A TYPICAL TRAIL REST NODE



RIVER ISLANDS TRAIL SIGN PROGRAM PROPOSED TOPICS

- Historic Mossdale Crossing Bridge, last link of the Transcontinental Railroad, circa 1869.
- Discover a California Treasure: the San Joaquin River
- The San Joaquin River Delta by the numbers (length, depth,
- number of islands, etc.--statistical overview)
- Salute to Bennie and Joyce Gatto
- Understanding the Primary Zone of the San Joaquin Delta
- The story behind Bradshaw's Crossing Bridge
- Mail delivery along the San Joaquin River
- Recreation among the Delta Waterways
- ${\mbox{ \ \ }}$ Indigenous people of the San Joaquin: The Yokuts and the Miwoks
- Fishing in the San Joaquin River
- The Pacific Flyway: a natural pathway for migratory birds
- · Animal life along the San Joaquin
- Building a 200-year levee- a feat of modern engineering
 Crawdads!
- The Dell'Osso brothers start farming in the 1920s
- · Lathrop's naming and prominence as a railroad town
- Ferry boats on the San Joaquin, circa 1848
- Tracts of the Delta, including the Stewart Tract
- 1906 San Francisco earthquake survivors came to Lathrop
 Understanding the Paradise Cut flood bypass
- Lathrop's incorporation in 1989-a new city in an historic setting
- Open space and protected species at River Islands
- · River Islands' vision of land stewardship

Trail Surfacing

The paved section of trail will be constructed of 3" of asphalt over 6" of road base

of the trail. Shoulders of the trail will be constructed with 6" of compacted Class II aggregate base. Slopes of the levee will be stabilized with erosion control hydroseed. There will be no ornamental landscape or irrigation systems constructed in conjunction with any permanent levee trails.

Trail Access

The following figure highlights pedestrian and non-motorized access to the levee trail, which is crucial to the concept of a walkable community. To this end, the levees have been designed with multiple access points at strategic neighborhood locations and to facilitate required levee maintenance. In order to accommodate bike groups, equestrian riders, and other groups that require staging areas, strategic off-site parking locations will be available for access to the trail. These off-site access locations, designated with appropriate signage, won't necessarily coincide with parks or open spaces, but are more closely associated with trail access points and adjacent uses with adequate parking. These sites may include Community Park C1, the transit oriented development area, the employment center, and the high school site. The transit oriented development area has been identified as a potential equestrian



FIGURE 3.4 - LEVEE TRAIL CONCEPT SIGNAGE AND TRAIL MARKERS

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staging area location due to its proximity and access to the levee trail. If equestrian access is required prior to development of the staging area, an interim location can be determined to provide parking, potable water access and other amenities necessary.



3.7 PLANTING

Plant materials for all parks and open spaces will be selected from Table 3.1-Parks & Open Space Plant Species List. Alternative species may be substituted or added and will be considered on a project by project basis by the agency listed in Table 4.3 - Agency Review Table. Substitutions will be based on the suitability of the species in terms of similarity of theme, characteristics, size, form, tolerance of climatic conditions, soil requirements and water usage. Plant species have been selected to mimic existing characteristics and habitat of the delta waterways and vegetated agricultural hedgerows. Plant material selection will strongly consider the use of drought-tolerant, durable and long-lived species that give the appearance and imagery of the Delta Valley. Species are well adapted to the climatic conditions and soil types typical of the River Islands Development. Large naturally shaped flowering shrubs species

should be selected to mimic the image of traditional hedgerows typical of the surrounding agricultural region. Flowering species that create year-round interest are of high preference. Plant and tree selections do not include invasive characteristics, such as: surface roots that can spread, creating trip hazards or that can be destructive to surrounding curbs and walks, species that produce large wind blown seed varieties that become invasive or destructive, varieties that are extremely allergenic and varieties with toxic properties that can be digested by humans or animals.

While fruiting varieties of trees or shrubs may hearken to the true agricultural use of the River Islands project, the use of such species can create maintenance challenges and become problematic as litter creating rodent or pest problems. These species will be avoided except in specific locations where maintenance and control can be exercised. Plant selections have been determined based upon natural shape of species with minimal pruning or maintenance. Shrubs will be used as a screen for fences or utility structures in parks and open spaces. Evergreen plant material as a background is preferable to maintain year-round screening, however, the usage of decorative deciduous plant species is desirable and recommended with care being taken to maintain year-round interest and structure. Spacing of plant material will be made based upon the species being utilized to create fullness and allow for ultimate growth impact.

The use of traditional "lawn" species and spaces will be limited to parks and public open spaces that encourage active recreational use. When "lawn" species are utilized, varieties will include deep rooting species that use less water than traditional varieties. The use and application of "lawn" species will follow the guideline and requirements set for in AB1881. Where bio-swales will be incorporated, species will be selected that filter and slow the movement of water from curb inlets to drain inlets. Species will be tolerant of flooding and will be irrigated to maintain an alternative appearance year-round.

Tree varieties have been selected to imitate a rural Delta Valley aesthetic. Evergreen varieties will be used to frame and give additional interest year-round to selected areas. Flowering or accent trees will be selected for year-round interest through flower characteristics, branching patterns, bark color and shape.

TABLE 3.1 - PARKS & OPEN SPACE PLANT SPECIES LIST

Parks	Trail*	Botanical Name	Common Name	Use Height	Use Width	Water Use	Attributes
	e, Citanae		Trees	0		া পূৰ্বে পূৰ্ণ হয়।	ng aliger a sing and the second s
1	~	Acer negundo var. californica	California Box Elder	30'-50'		М	
~		Acer rubrum 'Armstrong', 'October Glory', Redpointe'	Armstrong Red Maple	40'-50'	15'	Н	
~		Aesculus carnea	Red Horsechestnut	40'	30'	М	
	~	Alnus rhombifolia	White Alder				
~		Arbutus unedo	Strawberry Tree	8'-25'	8'-25'	L	
~		Arbutus 'Marina'	Marina' Strawberry Tree	20'-30'	20'-30'	L	
•		Arbutus marina - 'Multi-trunked'	Strawberry Tree	15'-30'	15'-20'	L	Dark green oblong foliage with rosy pink fal flowers
•		Betula jacquemontii (Betula utilis jacquemontii)	White Barked Himalyan Birch	40'-60'	25'-30'	Н	
~		Carpinus betulus 'Fastigiata'	European Hornbeam	40'	30'	М	
~		Catalpa speciosa	Western Catalpa	40'-60'	20'-40'	М	
~		Cercidium x 'Desert Museum'	Desert Museum Palo Verde	20'	20'	?	
~		Cercis canadensis 'Oklahoma'	Eastern Redbud	25'-35'	25'-35'	М	
~		Cercis occidentalis	Western Redbud	10'-20'	10'-20'	VL	
	~	Cercocarpus betuloides	Island Mountain Mahogany	5'-20'	5'-20'	VL	
•		Chilopsis linearis 'Monhews'	Timeless Beauty Desert Willow	15'-20'	15'-20'	VL	Fragrant showy purple flowers
~		Cupressus arizonica	Arizona Cypress	40'	20'	VL	
•		Ginkgo biloba 'Autumn Gold' (Male only)	Ginkgo, 'Autumn Gold'	35'-40'	25'-35'	м	Use male only varieties
۲		Koelreuteria paniculata	Goldenrain Tree	20'-35'	25'-40'	М	
•		Lagerstroemia indica 'Dynamite'	Crape Myrtle	15'-25'	15'-20'	L	Red Flowers
~		Lagerstroemia x fauriei 'Natchez'	Crape Myrtle	20'-30'	15'-20'	L	
~		Lagerstroemia x faurei 'Natchez' - 'Multi-Trunked'	Natchez Crape Myrtle	15'-20'	12' Wide	L	White flowers
•		Lagerstroemia x fauriei 'Muskogee'	Crape Myrtle	20'-30'	15-20'	L	
~		Magnolia soulangiana 'D.D. Blanchard'	Tulip Magnolia	50'	25'-35'	м	
~		Olea europaea 'Swan Hill'	Swan Hill Olive	25'-30'	25'-30'	VL	
~		Parkinsonia aculeata	Mexican Palo Verde	15'-20'	10'-20'	VL	
~		Pinus pinea	Stone Pine			L	
~		Pinus radiata	Monterey Pine	80'-100'	25'-35'	М	
~		Pistacia chinensis 'Pearl Street', 'Red Push' or 'Keith Davey'	Chinese Pistache Varieties	30'-60'	50'	L	

APPRC	OPRIATE	PLANT SPECIES FOR PARK	S AND OPEN SPACES W	/ITHIN RI	PHASE 2		
Parks	Trail*	Botanical Name	Common Name	Use Height	Use Width	Water Use	Attributes
>		Platanus acerifolia 'Bloodgood'	London Plane	40'-50'	25'-30'	M	²⁴ = (20)(0)(0)(0)(0)(1) = (0, 1)(0)(0)(0)(0)(0)(0)(0)(0)(0)(0)(0)(0)(0)
~		Platanus X acerifolia 'Columbia'				м	
~		Platanus racemosa	California Sycamore	50'-90'	30'-50'	м	-
	~	Populus alba 'Pyramidalis'	Seedless Bolleana Poplar	50'	15'	м	
	~	Populus fremontii	Fremont Cottonwood	40'-60'	30'-40'	м	
	~	Populus nigra 'Italica'	Lombardy Poplar	100'	15'-30'	м	
~		Prosopis glandulosa 'Maverick'	Texas Mesquite	25'-30'	25'-30'	L	
~		Quercus agrifolia	Coast Live Oak	20'-70'	40'-80'	VL	
~		Quercus coccinea	Scarlet Oak	60'-80'	40'-60'	м	
~		Quercus douglasii	Blue Oak	30'-50'	40-70'	VL	
~		Quercus ilex	Holly Oak	40'-60'	40-60'	L	
~		Quercus lobata	Valley Oak	50'-75'	50' -80 '	L	
>		Quercus muehlenbergii	Quinkpin Oak			?	
~		Quercus robur	English Oak	50'-60'	30'	м	
~		Quercus suber	Cork Oak	30'-60'	30'-60'	L	
~		Quercus virginiana	Southern Live Oak	40'-80'	60'-90'	м	
~		Quercus wislizenii	Interior Live Oak	30'-70'	30'-70'	VL	
~		Robinia 'Purple Robe'				L	
	~	Salix goodingii	Gooding's Black Willow	10'-25'		н	
	~	Salix laevigata	Red Willow	15'-30'		н	
	~	Salix lucida var. lasiandra	Pacific Willow			н	
~		Schinus molle	California Pepper tree	25'-40'	25'-40'	L	
~		Tilia cordata 'Greenspire'	Littleleaf Linden	30'-50	15'-30	М	
~		Ulmus parvifolia 'Drake'	Chinese Elm	50'-70'	30'-50'	М	
~		Ulmus wilsoniana 'Frontier'		20'		М	
~		Ulmus wilsoniana 'Patriot'		30'		L	
•		Ulmus wilsoniana 'Emerald Sunshine'				L	
~		Ulmus wilsoniana 'Prospector'				L	
~		Umbellularia california	California Laurel	20'-35'	20'-35'	м	
~		Zelkova serrata 'Green Vase'	Zelkova, Green Vase	50'	50'	м	
			Shrubs (Large Backgrou	nd)			
•		Abelia grandiflora	Glossy Abelia	8'	5'	М	
	~	Agave filifera				L	
K		Anisodontea x hypomandarum	Cape Mallow	4'	4'	М	Purple/pink flowers
>		Arbutus u. 'Oktoberfest'	Strawberry Tree	6'-8'	6'-8'	L	Dark green foliage

Parks	Trail*	EPLANT SPECIES FOR PARKS Botanical Name	Common Name	Use Height	Use Width	Water Use	Attributes
~		Berberis thunbergii	Japanese Barberry	4'-6'		L	
~		Buddleja davidii	Butterfly Bush	6'-10'	6'-10'	м	
~		Carpenteria californica	Bush Anemone	3'-6'		L	
	~	Cephalanthus occidentalus	Button Willow	3'-15'	3'-15'	м	
~		Cistus hybridus (Cistus corbariensis)	White Rockrose	2'-5'	2'-4'	L	
•		Cistus Iadanifer (Cistus Iadaniferus maculatus)	Crimson-Spot Rockrose	3'-5'	3'-5'	L	
~		Cistus x purpureus	Orchid Roserock	4'	4'	м	Dark pink flowers
	~	Cornus stolonifera (sericea) 'Baileyi'	Red-Twigged Dogwood	6'-8'	6'-8'	н	
•		Cotinus coggygria (Rhus cotinus) 'Purpureus'	Smoke Bush	15'	15'	L	
~		Dodonaea viscosa 'Purpurea'	Purple Hopseed Bush	10'	8'-10'	L	Red/burgundy foliage
~		Elaeagnus pungens	Silverberry	6'-15'		L	
	~	Eriogonum fasciculatum	California Buckwheat	1'-3'	4'	L	
~		Fremontodendron californicum	California Flannelbush			VL	
•		Grevillea x 'Noell'	Noell Grevillea	5'	6'	L	Glossy lime green needle-like foliage with pink and white flowers
~		Heteromeles arbutifolia	Toyon	6'-10'		VL	
~		Laurus nobilis	Bay Laurel	12'-40'		L	
*		Lavatera maritima	Tree Mailow	6'	6'	L	Gray-Green foliage with light pink/purple flowers
~		Lavatera thuringiaca 'Mrs Barnsley'	Mallow			L	
•		Leucophyllum frutescens 'Compactum'	Texas Ranger	4'-5'	4'-5'	L	
~		Lupinus arboreus	Yellow Bush Lupine	5'-8'	5'-8'	L	
~		Mahonia aquifolium	Oregon Grape	6'		м	
~		Nerium oleander 'Little Red'	Dwarf Red Oleander	4'	4'	L	Red flowers
~		Nerium oleander 'Petite Pink'	Dwarf Pink Oleander	4'	4'	L	Pink flowers
~		Osmanthus fragrans	Sweet Olive	10'	10'-12'	М	
•		Osmanthus x fortunei	Hybrid Tea Olive	6'-20'	10'-12'	М	
	~	Philadelphus lewisii	Wild Mock-orange	4'-10'	6'-10'	М	
	~	Philadelphus 'Belle Etoile'	Purple Spot Mock Orange	5'-7'	5'-7'	М	
۲		Phormium tenax 'Atropurpureum'	New Zealand Flax	4'-5'	4'-5'	L	Burgundy-bronze bladed follage
•		Phormium 'Yellow Wave'	Yellow Wave New Zealand Flax	4'-5'	4'-5'	м	Yellow and lime green bladed foliage
*		Rhaphiolepis indica	India Hawthorn	4'-5'		L	

APPRC	OPRIATE	PLANT SPECIES FOR PARKS	S AND OPEN SPACES W	ITHIN RI	PHASE 2		
Parks	Trail*	Botanical Name	Common Name	Use Height	Use Width	Water Use	Attributes
~	2 - 220 Mar.	Rhaphiolepis indica ' Clara'	India Hawthorn	3'-5'	3'-5'	L	
~		Rhaphiolepis indica 'Springtime'	India Hawthorn	4'-6'		L	
~		Raphiolepis umbellata	Yeddo Hawthorn	4'-6'	4'-6'	L	
~		Rhamnus californica'Mound San Bruno'	San Bruno Coffeberry	3'-15'	8'	L	
 		Rhamnus californica 'Eve Case'	Dwarf Coffeberry	4'-8'	4'- 6'	L	
•		Rhamnus crocea	Redberry				
~		Rhamnus tomentella	Hoary Coffeeberry			L	
	•	Ribes aureum (var. gracillimum)	Golden Currant	3'-6'		L	
~		Ribes sanguineum	Pink Flowering Currant	4'-12'		м	
	~	Rosa californica 'Plena'	California Wild Rose			L	
~		Teucrium fruticans	Bush Germander	5'-6'	5'-6'	L	Gray leaves, lavender flowers
>		Teucrium fruticans	Bush Germander	4'-8'	4'-10'	L	
۲		Viburnum t. 'Spring Bouquet'	Spring Bouquet Viburnum	4'-6'	4'-6'	м	Deep green leathery foliage with tight clusters of pink buds and white flowers
~		Xylosma congestum	Shiny Xylosma	8-10'	8-10'	L	
			Shrubs (Medium Foregrou	nd)			
•		Berberis thunbergii 'Criruzam'	Crimson Ruby Japanese Barberry	2'	2'	м	Deep red/burgundy foliage
~		Callistemon citrinus 'Compacta'	Bottlebrush			L	
•		Callistemon citrinus 'Little John' or 'Captain Cook'	Dwarf Bottlebrush	3'	3'	L	
~		Coleonema pulchrum	Pink Breath of Heaven	3'-4'	4'	м	Light green foliage with tiny pink flowers
~		Mahonia aquifolium 'Compacta'				м	
~		Myrsine africana	African Boxwood	3'-8'	3'-6'	L	
~		Punica granatum 'Nana'	Dwarf Pomegranate	3'	5'	L	Orange flowers
~		Rhaphiolepis indica 'Ballerina'	Dwarf Pink Indian Hawthorne	2'	4'	L	Pink flowers
~		Salvia greggii / Salvia x jamensis	Autumn Sage	3-4'	2'	L	
~		Salvia greggii 'Alba'		1'-4'	1'-4'	L	
~		Salvia microphylla	Mint Bush Sage	3-5'	4'-8'	м	
~		Spiraea bumalda	Spiraea	2'-3'	3'-4'	м	
•		Spiraea x bumalda 'Goldflame'	Goldflame Spirea	3'-4'	4'	м	Yellow-green foliage with pink/red flowers
~		Viburnum davidii	David Viburnum	3'	3'	м	Large glossy green deep veined foliage, pink buds and white flowers

CHAPTER 3: PHASE 2 PARK SYSTEM GUIDELINES

Parks	Trail*	Botanical Name	Common Name	Use Height	Use Width	Water Use	Attributes
~		Zauschneria californica	California Fuschia	3'	3'-4'	L	Gray leaves w/ red flowers
		I	Shrubs (Accents)	I			
	~	Achillea millefolium californica	Yarrow	1-3'	1-3'	L	
	-	Achillea millefolium rosea 'Island Pink'	Pink Yarrow	1'-3'		L	
	~	Achillea tomentosa	Woolly Yarrow	6"		L	
	~	Aloe species		varies		L	
	~	Amsonia tabernaemontana	Blue Star Flower	2'-3'		?	
	~	Aquilegia eximia	Serpentine Columbine	2'	1-3'	L	
~		Artemisia 'Powis Castle'	Powis Castle Sagebrush	3'	6'	L	
	~	Asclepias fascicularis	Narrow-leaved Milkweed	1'-3'	1'	?	
~	[Dietes bicolor	Fortnight Lily, Bicolor Iris			L	
~		Erigeron karvinskianus	Santa Barbara Daisy	1'-2'	3'-5'	L	White with some pink flowers
~		Helleborus x hybridus	Lenten Rose			М	
~		Hemorcallis x 'Stella de Oro'	Stella De Oro Dwarf Daylily	2'	2'	М	Heavy clusters of large yellow flowers
~		Hesperaloe parviflora	Coral Yucca	2'	2'	/	
٢		Heuchera 'Lillian's Pink'	Lillian's Pink Coral Bells			1	
~		Heuchera 'Rosada'	Rosada Coral Bells			?	
~		Heuchera sanguinea	Coral Bells			М	
	~	Iris 'Canyon Snow'	Canyon Snow Pacific Iris			?	
~		Kniphofia uvaria	Red Hot Poker			М	
~		Lavandula angustifolia	English Lavender	8"-2'	8"-2'	L	
>		Lavandula a. 'Buena Vista'	English Lavender	2'	2'	L	Gray-green foliage with deep violet blue flowers
~		Lavandula 'Goodwin Creek Grey'	Goodwin Creek Lavender			L	
~		Lavandula stoechas 'Otto Quast'	Otto Quast Spanish Lavender	18"-3'	2'	L	
•		Liriope muscari	Lily Turf			М	
•		Lupinus albifrons	Bush Lupine	3-5'	2-3'	L	
~		Penstemon heterophylus 'Margarita'	Foothill Penstemon	1'-3'	1'-2'	L	Lavender flowers
~		Penstemon species				M-L	
~		Penstemon spectabilis	Showy Penstemon	3'		M-L	
۲		Perovskia a. 'Little Spire'	Russian Sage	2'	2'	L	Vertical spikey gray- green foliage with lavender-blue flowers

APPRC	OPRIATE	PLANT SPECIES FOR PARKS	S AND OPEN SPACES W	ITHIN RI	PHASE 2		
Parks	Trail*	Botanical Name	Common Name	Use Height	Use Width	Water Use	Attributes
~		Phormium tenax 'Apricot Queen'	New Zealand Flax	3'	4'	L	Yellow wit green margined bladed foliage
~		Phormium tenax 'Dusky Chief'	New Zealand Flax	5'-6'	4'-5'	L	Reddish brown bladed foliage
~		Phormium tenax 'shirazz'	New Zealand Flax			L	
~		Salvia				L-M	
~		Salvia 'Bee's Bliss'	Bee's Bliss Salvia	1'-2'	8'	М	
~		Salvia m. 'Hot Lips'	Hot Lips Sage	3'	3'	L	Red/white flowers
~		Salvia 'Mrs. Beard'	Mrs. Beard Salvia	2'	3 - 6'	L	
~		Salvia sonomensis	Creeping Sage			L	
~		Salvia spathacea	Hummingbird Sage			L	
	•	Solidago californica	California Goldenrod	1-3'	18"-3'	L	
	>	Symphyotrichum chilense	California aster	1-3'		L	
		Tulbaghia violacea	Society Garlic	18"	18"	L	Purple flowers
~		Tulbaghia v. 'Silver lace'	Variegated Society Garlic	18"	18"	L	Silver/white blades w/ purple flowers
~		Zauschneria californica 'Catalina'	Island California Fuschia	1-3'	1-3'	L	
•		Zauschneria cana	California Fuschia	2-3'	18"-3'	L	
			Shrubs (Grasses)				
~		Bouteloua gracilis	Blue Grama Grass	6"-18"	6"-1'	ι	
•		Calamagrostis x acutiflora 'Karl Foerster'	Karl Foerster's Feather Reed Grass	2'	2'	L	Stunning vertical feathery plumes, turn golden in fall
~		Carex barbarae	White Root Sedge	1'-3'	1'-3'	м	Deep green native meadow grass
~		Carex divulsa	Berkeley Sedge			L	Deep green clumping evergreen grass
~		Carex pansa	California Meadow Sedge	3'-4"		м	
~		Carex praegracilis	Clustered-field Sedge	1'	6"	м	
•		Carex testacea	Orange Sedge	18"-24"	18"-24"	м	Evergreen, green and orange spring / summer, vibrant orange in winter
~		Deschampsia caespitosa	Tufted Hair Grass	1'-3'	1'-3'	L	
~		Deschampsia elongata	Slender Hair Grass	3'		L	
~		Eleocharis macrostachys	Spike Rush	3'	2'	L	
~		Elymus glaucus 'Anderson'	Blue Wild Rye	2-3'	2'	L	
~		Elymus triticoides	Creeping Wildrye			L	
~		Eschscholzia californica	California Poppy	1'	1.5'	VL	
~		Festuca californica	California Fescue	2'-3'	2-3'	м	

RIVER ISLANDS PHASE 2 PARKS AND OPEN SPACE MASTER PLAN | 28

CHAPTER 3: PHASE 2 PARK SYSTEM GUIDELINES

APPRC	OPRIATE	E PLANT SPECIES FOR PARKS	S AND OPEN SPACES W	ITHIN RI	PHASE 2		
Parks	Trail*	Botanical Name	Common Name	Use Height	Use Width	Water Use	Attributes
~		Festuca idahoensis'siskiyou blue'	Blue Bunch Grass	14"	10"	L	
•		Festuca mairei	Atlas Fescue	2'-3'	2-3'	L	Evergreen clumping yellowish gray-green foliage
~		Festuca occidentalis				М	
~		Festuca ovina 'Glauca'	Elijah's Blue, Blue Festuca	4"-10"	6"	м	
~		Festuca rubra	Red Fescue	3"-12"	6"	М	
~		Grindelia camporum	Gum Plant	1'-3'	1'-3'	L	
~		Helictotrichon sempervirens	Blue Oat Grass	2'-3'		L	
~		Hordeum brachycantherum 'Californicum'	Meadow Barley			VL	
	¥	Imperata cylindrica 'Rubra'	Japanese Blood Grass	1'-2'		н	
	•	Juncus balticas(balticus?)	Baltic Rush	3'		н	
	*	Juncus effusus	Pacific Rush	3'-6'	3'	н	
	~	Juncus patens	CA Gray Rush	2'	2'	н	
	~	Leersia oryzoides	Rice Cutgrass			м	
•		Leymus condensatus 'Canyon Prince'	Canyon Prince Wild Rye	2'-4'	2'	VL	
~		Leymus triticoides 'Grey Dawn'	Creeping Wild Rye	2'	18"	VL	
~		Lomandra I. 'Breeze'	Dwarf Mat Rush	2'-3'	2'-4'	L	
~		Melica imperfecta	Coast Melic Grass, Oniongrass	1'-2'	1'-2'	VL	
~		Melica californica	Melica	4'		?	
•		Miscanthus sinensis	Japanese Silver Grass	5'-6'	3-'4'	н	
>		Miscanthus sinensis 'Morning Light'		5'-6'	3'-4'	н	
~		Muhlenbergia capillaris	Hairy Awn Muhly	3'	6'	L	
•		Muhlenbergia dubia	Mexican Deergrass	2'-3'	2'-3'	L	
~		Muhlenbergia rigens	Deer Grass	3'	3'	L	
~		Nasella pulchra 'Yolo'	Purple Needle Grass	2'	2'-3'	L	
•		Pennisetum alopecuroides 'Little Bunny'	Dwarf Fountain Grass	18"	18"	L	Trim to ground in winter
~		Pennisetum alopecuroides 'Moudry'	Black Fountain Grass	18"-2'	18"-2'	L	
~		Pennisetum orientale	Oriental Fountain Grass	12"-18"	12-18"	L	
~		Pennisetum setaceum 'Rubrum'	Red Fountain Grass	3'-4'	3'-4'	L	
~		Scirpus americanus	Three-square Bulrush	5'	5'	Н	
>		Scirpus actus var. occidentalis	Hardstem Bulrush	5'-8'	5'- 8 '	Н	
~		Scirpus californica	California Bulrush	6"-10"	6"-10"	н	

APPRO	OPRIATE	PLANT SPECIES FOR PARKS	S AND OPEN SPACES W	ITHIN RI	PHASE 2		
Parks	Trail*	Botanical Name	Common Name	Use Height	Use Width	Water Use	Attributes
~	5.00000000 ······	Scirpus microcarpus	Small-fruited Bulrush	6"-10"	6"-10"	Н	
	~	Sporobolus airoides	Alkali Sacaton	1'-3'	3'	VL	
~		Stipa cernua	Nodding Feather Grass	2'-3'	2'-3'	VL	
~		Stipa pulchra	Purple Needle Grass	1'-2'	1'-2'	L	
~		Stipa gigantea	Giant Feather Grass	2'-3'	2-3'	VL	
•		ETY Mix (Carex Divulsa, Eschscholzia californica, Festuca Idahoensis, Layia platyglossa, Salvia I. "Bee's Bliss", Sysrynchium idahoensis)	Entry Mix	1'-2'	1-2'	L	
~		Native Mow Free Mix (Festuca idahoensis, Festuca rubra, Festuca occidentalis)	No Mow Fescue	12"-18"		м	
			Shrubs (Groundcovers))			
•		Acacia r. 'Desert Carpet'	Desert Carpet Acacia	1'-2'	10'-12'	L	Leathery gray green foliage with puffy yellow ball shaped flowers
~		Arctostaphylos 'Pacific Mist'		2 1/2'	4'	L	
~		Artemisia californica 'Montara'	California Sagebrush	18"-5'		L	
>		Artemesia 'Powis Castle'	Powis Castle Artemesia	3'	5'	М	gray green foliage
•		Baccharis pilularis	Coyote Bush			L	
~		Baccharis pilularis 'Pigeon Point'	Dwarf Coyote Brush	6'	6'	L	
•		Ceanothus griseus horizontalis 'Yankee Point'	Shrub Ceanothus	2'-3'	8'	L	Blue flowers
~		Ceanothus maritimus 'Valley Violet'	Valley Voilet Maritime Lilac			L	
~		Ceanothus thyrsiflorus 'Skylark'	Blueblossom	3'-6'	5'	L	
•		Ceanothus 'Concha'				L	
>		Ceanothus 'Dark Star'	Dark Star California Lilac	5'-6'	8'-10'	L	
~		Ceanothus 'Joyce Coulter'	Wild California Lilac	3'-5'	8'-10'	L	
~		Ceanothus 'Ray Hartman'	Ray Hartman California	12'-20'	15'-20'	L	
 		Cistus salvifolius	Sageleaf Rockrose	2'	6'	L	
-		Coprosma kirkii	Kirk's Coprosma	2-3'		L	
•		Cotoneaster dammeri 'Eichholz'	Bearberry Cotoneaster	8"	6'-8'	L	White flowers, red berries
•		Cotoneaster lacteus (Cotoneaster parneyi)		8'	10'	L	
>		Cotoneaster microphyllus	Rockspray Cotoneaster	2-3'	6'	L	
•		Erigeron 'Wayne Roderick'	Wayne Roderick Seaside Daisy	8"	1 1/2'	м	
~		Erigeron karvinskianus	Santa Barbara Daisy	10"-20"	3'	L	

arks_	Trail*	Botanical Name	Common Name	Use Height	Use Width	Water Use	Attributes
	~	Eschscholzia californica	California Poppy	1'	1.5'	VL	
✓		Hypericum calycinum	Aaron's Beard	1'		М	
~		Hypericum moseranum	Gold Flower	1'		М	
•		Lessingria filaginifolia var. californica 'Silver Carpet'	Silver Carpet California- Aster			м	
	~	Lobularia maritima	Sweet Alyssum	2"-12"	8"-12"	М	
	~	Lupinus microcarpus	Chick Lupine	2 1/2'		м	
	~	Myoporum parvifolium	Myoporum	6"	9'	L	
>		Oenothera hookeri	Evening Primrose	1'-3'	1'-3'	L	
	~	Ribes viburnifolium	Evergreen Currant	3'-6'	12'	L	
•		Rosa 'Noame!'	Apple Blossom Flower Carpet Rose	2'	3'	м	White/pink flowers
۲		Rosa 'Noare'	Red Flower Carpet Rose	2'	3'	м	Red flowers
、		Rosa 'Noaschnee'	White Flower Carpet Rose	2'	3'	м	White flowers
<		Rosa 'Noatraum'	Pink Flower Carpet	2'	3'	М	Pink flowers
•		Rosmarinus o. 'Irene'	Rosemary	1'-1 1/2'	2"-3"	L	Blue flowers
۲		Rosmarinus o. Prostratus	Dwarf Rosemary	2'	4'	L	Blue flowers
	*	Sisrynchium bellum	Blue-eyed Grass	4"-12"	6"-24"	L	
<		Trachelospermum asiaticum	Asian Jasmine	2'	10'	М	
~		Trachelospermem jasminoides	Star Jasmine	2'	10'	М	
		A	Vines		-		
	~	Aristolochia californica	California Pipevine			L	
~		Clematis armandii 'Snow Drift'	Evergreen clematis	15-20'		М	
~		Clytostoma callistlgioides	Violet Trumpet Vine			М	
~		Distictis buccinatoria	Trumpet Vine	20'-30'		м	
~		Ficus pumila	Creeping Fig	10'		М	
•		Hardenberdia violacea 'Happy Wanderer'	Hardenbergia Vine	10'		м	
/		Jasminum polyanthum	Pink Jasmine	20'		М	
/		Lonicera hispidula	Honeysuckle	3-10'		L	
/		Macfadyena unguis-cati	Cats Claw	20-40'		L	
	~	Vitis californica	California Wild Grape	12-30'		VL	
,		Wisteria sinensis 'Alba' or 'Cooke's Special'				М	

* Trails near waterways, bioswales, or other stormwater related infrastructure

Note: Current conditions and regulations do not allow irrigation, and thus horticultural plantings, to be installed on the levee and within 20' of the levee toe. It is possible that regulations may change, and that other design features such as "fat levees" will be allowed to include irrigation and planting. If conditions and regulations are revised by the State, modifications to landscaping will be considered.

3.8 SITE FIXTURES

CPTED principles emphasize the importance of lighting and overall park maintenance as contributors to perceptions of safety in parks. Investment in basic maintenance and community ownership can change usage patterns for the better. The following guidelines provide best practices for provision of site fixtures to support community goals for safe usable parks.

Lighting

Lighting of public spaces should conform to the Illuminating Engineering Society's guidelines. These include provision of sufficient lighting for users to discern changes in topography and surface type as well as physical details of approaching figures.

- Motion sensor activated security lighting may be considered for all new park construction and existing park renovation as method of security lighting.
- Parks may be evaluated for feasibility of dimming or motion sensor activated lighting complaint with California Energy Commission Title 24 on a case-by-case basis.
- The Project for Public Spaces emphasizes the importance of not "overlighting" and area. This creates a harsh adjustment for the eye and deeper shadows just outside the lighting candle for park users.
- Light fixtures will be installed to appropriate heights for usage. In general, Neighborhood parks will not be lighted. Lighting in larger parks may be required for safety and to light sports fields and large areas.
- Neighborhood parks may require lights installed to an appropriate pedestrian height, while sports field lighting will require greater height.
- LED and solar lights offer benefits of low energy consumption with a minimum of construction disruption to the surrounding area. Solar lighting is appropriate for providing light for pedestrian areas and pathways, not large-scale night lighting of parks.
- Though not utilized in most parks, some parks may include decorative bollard lighting and railings as is found throughout the River Islands Development. Typically these have been used along lake frontages, along River Islands Parkway, and at trailhead pocket parks.







Site Furniture

- Site furniture should be attractive and inviting, yet durable enough to withstand heavy use.
- Site furnishings will be manufactured to include River Islands and City logo to reinforce consistent community sense of place.
- Post concise, bilingual signage requiring dog owners to clean up after their animals.
- Add dog waster bag dispensers at prominent entrances and at intervals along pedestrian pathways at park facilities.
- Ensure all playgrounds receive regular safety inspections by a Certified Playground Safety Inspector (CPSI)
- Fixtures should be selected that will discourage lying down. Handrail-divided or curvilinear benches are options.
- Site furniture and other fixtures should discourage skateboarding and activities in non-designated areas.
- Select fixtures that will not create visual obstructions or potential blind spots which could impair surveillance.
- Provide trash receptacles at locations that may be easily monitored and emptied by maintenance staff.
- Park signs will include River Islands logo and City of Lathrop logo to reinforce the commitment to the community.
- Site furniture will be approved by City. Drinking fountains should include an option for dog watering stations where appropriate.

River Islands Standard Furnishings



3.9 CONNECTIVITY

Connecting parks to their users is an important piece of increasing community investment and use of parks facilities. Best practices typically involve locating new parks centrally within a neighborhood or adjacent to other community amenities, such as schools or community centers, in order to increase visibility and use. Alternately, locating walkable streets and bicycle paths to connect parks with other community hot spots provides alternative access for users who cannot or do not prefer to drive. The same efforts may be made to align public transportation stops with parks, in an effort to coordinate parks and trail heads adjacent to public transit.

In the case of River Islands, geographically adjacent amenities such as schools, town center, lakes, and the rivers are opportunities for establishing walkable, bike-able connections. A non-vehicular option to navigate these sites and others within the community might encourage users to walk or bike between natural and cultural amenities firsthand rather than driving between each. Establishing and utilizing levee trails and connecting them to park locations helps establish a non-vehicular connection in River Islands.

Easy pedestrian and non-motorized access to the levee trail is crucial to the concept of a walkable community. Multiple off-site parking options will be available for access to the trail for those who need to travel to an access point for vehicle or horse off-load. An equestrian staging area is proposed near the transit oriented area due to its ample space and access to the levee trail. These off-site access locations, designated with appropriate signage, may be included at Community Park C1, the transit oriented development area, the employment center, and at the high school site.





3.10 ACCESS AND INCLUSION

ADA and Beyond Planning for inclusion

Trends in park development nationwide are beginning to include varied recreation opportunities such that all members of a community may enjoy public recreation facilities. It is standard best practice to comply with all local and federal guidelines for universal accessibility in public spaces per the Americans with Disabilities (ADA) regulations. New projects and retrofits to existing parks and facilities must seek to include all members of the community. In addition to complying with ADA standards for basic accessibility, park designs may include standards from the California State Parks Accessibility Guidelines in order to increase accessibility to its facilities for all users.

Recreation amenities such as walking paths may include signage and wayfinding for persons with visual impairment, while play areas may include accessibility options for caregivers with varied levels of physical ability. Play areas should include solid impact-attenuating surfaces in order to ensure a safe path of travel for all users.

Universal Design and Social Inclusion

In more recent years, park features have moved toward including universal access, social inclusion, and sensory integration to include everyone. Incorporating these elements increases the parks' ability to attract many unique users and increases the functionality of the amenity. Parks and recreation amenities which encourage participation by all residents and visitors, regardless of physical or mental ability, demonstrate investment in the public.

Playground areas provide children space to develop essential emotional, social and physical skills. Therefore, these spaces should include elements appropriate for supporting all facets of childhood development in a safe environment. Cutting-edge studies of children and nature suggest a myriad of benefits in integrating opportunities for spontaneous learning with natural systems into playgrounds. Examples may include non-programmed areas consisting of varied topography and surface materials, planting of trees within the playground space, flexible play space edges to encourage play to extend to other natural areas of the park. As a valuable experience in childhood development, nature play may be explored as a signature resource to be developed.





Social equity in parks refer to a person's ability to access health and wellness benefits associated with using the park. Universal design enables groups in society who struggle with physical or mental abilities to fully access and utilize parks and recreational spaces. The following six areas of park design contribute to creating socially inclusive spaces with universal accessibility and sensory integration.

1. Facilities: parking areas, pathways, restrooms, public buildings, and access to water.

2. Parking: provide more than the minimum ADA requirements for parking spaces. Provide accessible parking throughout the park and located near inclusive play areas. This provides numerous access points available to all users.

3.Pathways: Exceed ADA width guidelines Wider pathways allow for easier group access and multiple wheeled devices like wheelchairs and strollers.

4. Restrooms Locate restrooms near ball fields and inclusive play areas. Include family restrooms large enough to house a full-size changing table, and large enough for a caregiver to attend to a full-size adult.

5. Splash Pads: Access to pools and water areas can benefit individuals with different disabilities. Splash pads are a great way to provide easy access to water. Actuators should be planned for locations and heights that are accessible.

6. Playgrounds: Children with disabilities are one of the largest under served minority groups in our nations. 8.9% of children between the ages of 3 and 21 years old have a disability. Of these, approximately 1.1% will have a physical disability, 1.1% will have a sensory disability, 19.1% will have a communicative disability, 11.2% will have a social/emotional disability, and 53.9% will have an intellectual disability. Additionally, 2.2% will have multiple disabilities and 10.1% will have chronic health impairment such as cancer. Disability is often misconstrued as inability to experience play because of limitation form impairment. With over 16% of the local population of





children 5 and up having some sort of disability, and over 27% of the local population aged 18 and under, the need for a place to play together regardless of physical or mental limitations is evident. When feasible and when budgets allow socially inclusive and sensory integrated play principals as noted below will be used.

- Comprehensive and Balances Sensory Play opportunities: Sight, Smell, Sounds, Touch, Taste, Interoceptive, Vestibular, and Proprioceptive.
- Cozy spaces: Areas designed to escape sensory overload and re-engage after self-regulation.
- Unitary System Impact Attenuating Surfaces: For unimpeded access to recreation
- · Shade Play: Areas must have ample shade to provide respite from heat.
- Diversity: Provide diversity in play opportunities that exceed ADA minimums (i.e. types, materials, grasping requirements, level of difficulty, elevated vs ground level)
- Cognitive Simplicity: Play spaces should be easy to navigate with recognizable landmarks and wayfinding.
- · Social Play Opportunities: For social interaction and play that promote multi-users.
- Intergenerational Play: Activities that encourage multiple generations to play together and interact.
- Fencing: Some children on the autism spectrum and with disabilities have a tendency to bolt from the playground. The playground should be fenced to keep children from running onto nearby roads, canals, and/or other hazards.
- Allergens: Select plant species that will be plant near playgrounds and parks that produce low levels of allergens and are not irritant to skin when touched. The Ogren's Allergy Scale or OPALS Scale can be used to determine this.

Playground Surfacing

The primary safety surfacing system used in the River Islands Development is rubberized surfacing.

Resources

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CHAPTER 4

PROPOSED PARKS MASTER PLAN & PARK CONCEPT PLANS

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4.1 CITY OF LATHROP PARKS AND OPEN SPACE GENERAL PLAN REQUIREMENTS

The Lathrop General Flan calls for a network of open spaces which include neighborhood parks, community parks, and recreation corridors that run along waterbodies or connect major components of the overall park system. This system will in part follow along boundary levees and sloughs as well as the river system, and be made up of pedestrian and bike trails, open space and formal parks. Irrigation of open spaces will implement recycled water distributed through a purple pipe system to reduce the amount of potable water used. Some parks will be adjacent to schools to maximize their usefulness for the community, while others will be standalone parks separate from educational facilities. Wildlife habitat including wetlands have been created to enhance natural habitat, which will aid in resource management of the planning area.

4.2 PARK ACREAGE & SERVICE AREA STANDARDS

Condition 116 of Vesting Tentative Map 3694 requires a minimum number and size (in acres) of various recreational facilities for Rhase 1 of River Islands. The City of Lathrop has had the discretion to substitute certain facilities to provide more flexibility in programming. For instance, a multi-use field may be constructed to accommodate both softball and baseball, but credit could be given for the specific facility shown in Condition 116. Parks that were designed and built as a part of Rhase 1 development included mandatory elements required by Condition 116 or otherwise required by the City, and "additional recreational facilities", facilities that were not required by condition of approval. Rhase 2 acreages and facilities/ amenities have been calculated and determined separately from the Rhase 1 development and will stand apart from any Rhase 1 development requirements. Rhase 2 requirements are outlined below in Tables 4.1 and 4.2.

Community and neighborhood park acreages for Phase 2 were used to calculate and meet the State's minimum parkland dedication requirements. Neighborhood Parks must be provided at a rate of 2 acres per 1,000 population and Community Parks at 3 acres per 1,000 populations. The population is estimated by using 3.0 persons per household. The following table summarizes the minimum acreage requirement and shows that the minimum requirement has been met for Phase 2.

QUIMBY ACT CALCULATION									
	STANDARD	REQUIREMENT	HASE2 CALCS	DIFFEROE.					
DWELLING UNITS			10,726						
FORJATION	3.0 per DU		32,178						
COMMUNITY FARKS (C)	3 acres/ 1000	96.53 acres	97.44 acres	+0.91 acres					
NEIGHEORHOODRARKS (N)	2 acres/ 1000	64.36 acres	68.05 acres	+3.69 acres					
TOTALCAN PARKS	5 ACRES/ 1000	160.89 ACRES	165.49 ACRES	+4.6 ACRES					



4.3 DISTRIBUTION OF EXISTING PARKS AND FACILITIES

Current maps of River Islands parks were studied based upon established measurements of user walkability and recommended park programming to determine new park locations for Phase 2. Smaller neighborhood parks service the immediate surrounding neighborhood with the minimum being ¼ mile radius up to ½ mile radius. Larger community parks have a larger service radius with the range of ½ mile to 1 mile radius.

Figure 4.1 shows most areas within Phase 1 and Phase 2 are covered within the ¼ mile radius, and all areas are serviced within ½ mile. As can be seen all areas within Phase 2 fall within the ½ mile service range for neighborhood parks, most areas falling within a ¼ mile radius.

FIGURE 4.1 - NEIGHBORHOOD PARK SERVICE AREA MAP



Figure 4.2 shows a more even distribution of community parks within Phase 1 than in Phase 2. A small area within the transit oriented development (TOD) areas falls outside the community park buffer. This area will primarily be parking and infrastructure related to the Valley Link train station. With this exception, all areas within the development fall within a 1 mile radius of a Community Park and most areas fall within a ½ mile service area.

FIGURE 4.2 - COMMUNITY PARK SERVICE AREA MAP



4.4 PARK AMENITY BENCHMARKS

The National Recreation and Park Association (NRPA) has long been an organization relied on for guidelines and instruction regarding best practices for parks and open spaces. In 2019 the NRPA published an Agency Performance Review document providing benchmarks for suggested amenity counts based on residents per square mile. Table 4.2 reflects the number of amenities proposed for phase 2 based on the NRPA's published recommendations and Table 4.4 reflects which parks they are located in.

4.5 PROPOSED PARKS & OPEN SPACE SYSTEM

The parks and open space system depicted in this chapter were developed following multiple meetings and reviews of park system components with City of Lathrop staff. In order to clearly identify the components of the system maps were created and are included in this chapter as follows:

- Figure 4.3 Phase 2 Park Designation Map
- Figure 4.4 Phase 2 Quimby Act Park Designation Map

TABLE 4.2 - PHASE 2 PROJECTED FACILITY REQUIREMENTS

OUTDOOR PARK AND RECREATION FACILITIES PER NRPA PERFORMANCE BENCHMARKS									
	Population	SQ Mile	Residents/SQ Mile						
Phase 2 Population:	32,178	5.17	6,224						
Design Element	Population Standard (1 per shown population)	Design Element Standard for RI Phase 2 Development	Phase 2 Facilities Proposed	Required Standard Met					
Court Sports									
Basketball Courts	7,400	4.35	6	~					
Tennis Courts	4,858	6.62	8	~					
Multiuse courts (basketball/vollyball/other)	16,250	1.98	2	`					
Diamond Fields*									
Baseball (Youth)	7,369	4.37	4	>					
Baseball (Adult)	25,834	1.25	1	>					
Softball Adult	13,773	2.34	2	~					
Softball Youth	15,000	2.15	2	•					
Rectangular Fields									
Multi Purpose	9,000	3.58	4	~					
Soccer Youth	8,784	3.66	4	~					
Soccer Adult	15,000	2.15	2	~					
Football	35,572	0.90	1	~					
Other									
Dog Park	55,675	0.58	2	~					
Skate Park	62,325	0.51	0	~					

- Figure 4.5 Phase 2 Circulation Map
- Figure 4.6 Phase 2 Safe Routes To Schools

4.6 PRELIMINARY PARK CONCEPT PLANS

In order to identify intended locations of required and additional park elements throughout the development, preliminary concept plans have been developed for all Quimby Act related community parks and neighborhood parks. In addition examples of potential pocket parks, and linear parks have also been shown which will be built by River Islands, but not intended to be built in order to meet Quimby Act requirements. All concepts are simple concepts to convey basic park ideas and are not to be misconstrued as final designs. As each neighborhood is developed the park designs will be revisited and adjusted to meet specific neighborhood, budget, and recreational needs. Any changes to the park locations, acreages, or amenities must be approved by the City of Lathrop prior to construction. Modifications to park locations, acreages and/or planned amenities shall be reviewed and approved by the City of Lathrop prior to construction. Amendments to this Parks & Open Space Plan shall be reviewed and approved by the City of Lathrop.

4.7 CITY OVERSIGHT & DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

There are many types of open spaces and recreational facilities incorporated into the River Islands Phase 2 development. While the development is located within the City boundaries, portions of these open spaces are owned by Reclamation District 2062 (RD2062) and all parks and open space are maintained by the River Islands Public Finance Authority (RIPFA). The following table has been provided to clearly delineate the required reviews to be completed by each agency, for each open space type.

The following descriptions describe the review typology listed in Table 4.3.

- Comprehensive Review Comprehensive review refers to plan review for construction level improvement plans. Prior to
 Improvement Plans, a Site Plan for Neighborhood Parks and Community Parks shall be reviewed and approved by the City
 and Parks & Recreation Commission. These plans are typically reviewed and signed by the Public Works Department, Parks
 & Recreation Department, and the Lathrop Manteca Fire District. The City may determine which departments are required for
 review based on a project by project basis.
- Courtesy Review A courtesy review of construction level improvement plans by the Public Works Department for open spaces owned and maintained by RD2062 and/or RIPFA but not in the public right of way.
- Utility Only Review A review by the Public Works Department of construction level utility plans only, for spaces owned and maintained by RD2062 and/or RIPFA.

TABLE 4.3 - AGENCY REVIEW TABLE

OPEN SPACE TYPE		TYPE C	OF REV	 RD 2062 A commission Commission 	
	City of Lathrop Comprehensive Review	City of Lathrop Utility Only Review	RD 2062	Parts & Recreation Commission	City Council
Community Park	>			\$	
Levee Trail			~		
				>	
		•	•		
Linear Indi	•		•		
Water Ritd Open Space (non-park)		>	٢		
Open Space (outside ROW)			~		
Open Space (ROW Related)	,		•		
Parks & Open Space Master Plan	>			~	~

TABLE 4.4 - PHASE 2 PARK FACILITIES BY LOCATION

OUTDOOR PARK AND RECREATION FACILITIES PER NRPA PERFORMANCE BENCHMARKS BY PARK*															
				Park N1	Park N2	Park N3	Park N4	Park N5	Park N6	Park N7	Park N8	Park N9	Park N10	Park N11	Total
Basketball Courts		2	1	1					1			1			6
Tennis Courts	6		2												8
Multiuse courts	1											1			2
Baseball (Youth)	4														4
Baseball (Adult)		1													1
Softball Adult		2													2
Softball Youth		2													2
Multi Purpose							1		2		1				4
Soccer Youth			3					1							4
Soccer Adult							1				1				2
Football			1												1
Dog Park					1				1						2

*Lighted fields are required for (2) adult softball, (1) adult baseball, and (1) lighted soccer/multi purpose field.





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wetlands

COMMUNITY PARK 1

Note: Community Park 1 acreage does not include the extent of wetlands within the park. The wetlands are considered waters of the U.S., and are protected from public contact, owned and maintained by a public agency. The boundary of the wetlands is delineated by environmental documents and incorporated by reference. In collaboration with the San Joaquin County Council of Governments (SICOG), the wetlands have been protected by a 5' high, 50' wide earthen berm. A permanent treatment to discourage public access and protect the wetlands will be developed during park planning phases with input from the City and other governing agencies. No public access will be allowed to the wetlands. All wetlands edges will be left in a natural condition with no water to body contact allowed.

For illustrative purposes only

PARK AMENITIES (4) Baseball Fields (6) Tennis Courts (1) Multi-court On-Site Parking Lot Restroom Main Playground with Splash Pad Wetland Overlook Shade Structures, Benches, Tables and BBQ's Picnic Areas & Open Space Access to Levee Trail with Exercise Equipment Spraypad





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COMMUNITY PARK 2

For illustrative purposes only only

PARK AMENITIES (4) Softball Fields (1) Baseball Fields (2) Basketball Courts Storage Space for Sports Equipment Concessions/Restroom Building On-Site Parking Lot Main Playground with Splash Pad Shade Structures, Benches, Tables and BBQ's Access to Linear Trail Spraypad COMMUNITY PARK: 22.5 ACRES


COMMUNITY PARK 3

For illustrative purposes only

PARK AMENITIES (3) Soccer Fields (1) Football sized sports field (2) Pickleball Courts (2) Tennis Courts (2) Bocce Ball Courts (1) Basketball Court On-Site Parking Lot Playground Restroom Building Benches Shade Structures and Picnic Tables

COMMUNITY PARK: 15.0 ACRES







*The applicant intends to regrade the federal levee into a waterside bench which will be maintained by Reclamation District 2062. There will be no public access to the levee, only the waterside bench.



For illustrative purposes only

PARK AMENITIES

(1) Basketball Court
Sensory Play Equipment & Playground - "Touch"
Aromatic/Herb Garden - "Smell & Taste"
Lake Overlook & Access with Wind Chimes - "Hear"
Labyrinth Path- "Sight"
Benches
Shade Structure
Picnic Tables
BBQ
Open Space

NEIGHBORHOOD PARK: 7.18 ACRES





For illustrative purposes only

PARK AMENITIES Sensory Garden Agility Training Small and Large Dog Park Pet Wash Stations Playground Benches Shade Structure Picnic Tables BBQ Open Space







For illustrative purposes only

PARK AMENITIES Playground with Shade Sail Outdoor Adult Fitness Equipment Adult Strength Training (1) Soccer Field (1) Multi-purpose Field Benches Shade Structure Picnic Tables BBQ Open Space

NEIGHBORHOOD PARK: 4.0 ACRES





Shaded Walkwaysv

NEIGHBORHOOD PARK: 5.4 ACRES





For illustrative purposes only

PARK AMENITIES (1) Basketball Court (2) Multi-Purpose Field Agility Training Small Dog Park Large Dog Park Playground Benches Shade Structure Picnic Tables BBQ Open Space

NEIGHBORHOOD PARK: 7.8 ACRES





PARK AMENITIES (1) Basketball Courts (1) Multi use-court Sundial Feature Nature Walk Playground Benches Shade Structure Picnic Tables BBQ Connection to Levee Trail Open Space

NEIGHBORHOOD PARK: 6.5 ACRES





For illustrative purposes only

PARK AMENITIES Playground (2-5 years) Playground (5-12 years) Playground Benches Shade Structure Picnic Tables BBQ Tree Grove Open Space

NEIGHBORHOOD PARK: 5.4 ACRES





PARK AMENITIES (1) Adult Soccer Field (1) Multi-Purpose Field (1) Pickleball Court Playground Benches Shade Structure Picnic Tables BBQ Connection to Levee Trail Open Space NEIGHBORHOOD PARK: 5.30 ACRES





For illustrative purposes only

PARK AMENITIES Perimeter Walk Playground Benches Picnic Tables BBQ Open Space

NEIGHBORHOOD PARK: 4.0 ACRES



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PARK AMENITIES Pocket parks may include Access Paths Benches Picnic Tables Lake Access Docks Small Open Spaces POCKET PARKS 1-37: 20.0 ACRES



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ATTACHMENT D



Community Development Department Planning Division

390 Towne Centre Drive- Lathrop, CA 95330 Phone (209) 941-7260 - Fax (209) 941-7268 www.ci.lathrop.ca.us

May 5, 2022

Susan Dell'Osso, Project Director River Islands at Lathrop 73 W. Stewart Road Lathrop, CA 95330

Subject: Findings of Substantial Conformance with Vesting Tentative Map 6716 for Proposed Lotting Amendments within the River Islands, Phase 2, Woodlands East District.

Dear Mrs. Dell'Osso:

The Community Development Department has completed its review of your request for a Finding of Substantial Conformance with the River Islands, Phase 2 Vesting Tentative Map (VTM) No. 6716 for the proposed lotting amendments illustrated on the Woodlands East District Lotting Summary Comparison map, and further detailed in the Woodlands East District Unit and Acreage Changes table (enclosed). My findings and support of your substantial conformance request are detailed below.

As noted in your substantial conformance request letter of April 22, 2022, condition of approval number 36 of the Phase 2, VTM No 6716, established specific findings required for the Community Development Director to administratively determine whether or not Final Maps are in substantial conformance with the Vesting Tentative Map. The condition states that:

- The Final Map shall be in substantial conformance with the approved Vesting Tentative Map as determined by the Community Development Director. Deviations from the approved Vesting Tentative Map that are not considered in substantial conformance include but are not limited to the following:
- a) Changes to the proposed location of land uses not otherwise consistent with the adopted West Lathrop Specific Plan (WLSP) land use designation;
- b) Changes to the proposed densities of a development area that are in excess of the density permitted for that specific area as designated in the WLSP;
- c) Significant changes to the size and location of open space and recreation areas within a development area that would result in less open space and recreational areas compared to the amount required to satisfy that development area's Quimby Act requirements;
- d) Significant modifications (such as to alignment or location) to major roadways, such as to major collector or arterial roads where a precise plan line has been adopted; Changes that would result in a new significant, adverse, unmitigated environmental impact, or a significant increase in any previously identified impact.

Administrative review and approval of the requested amendments for substantial conformance is provided for by Condition 36 above, and detailed in the following findings:

- Future final maps based on the proposed lotting amendments to VTM 6716 will remain consistent with the adopted WLSP land use designations. The most notable modification to the VTM is the increased size of Lake 14, necessitating the relocation of Neighborhood Park 7 immediately north and adjacent to the levee. These changes do not affect the designated land uses or require amendments to the WLSP, as schools, lakes, and parks are permitted uses in residential zones and are not designated by separate or unique land use designations.
- Future final maps based on the proposed lotting amendments to VTM 6716 will remain consistent with the adopted WLSP land use densities. None of the proposed modifications will substantially increase or decrease development densities, and none are in excess of the density otherwise permitted.
- The proposed changes to the size and location of Neighborhood Parks 6 & 7 are not significant in that the changes do not result in less recreational acreage and the parks remain in generally the same locations. More specifically, Neighborhood Park, N7 is relocated immediately north and adjacent to the levee from its current location, and increases in size from 5.12 to 5.4 acres. Neighborhood Park, N6 remains in the same location with an increase in acreage from 7.10 to 7.8 acres. Being larger and in the same general locations maintains Neighborhood Parks 6 & 7 Quimby Act acreage requirements and status and definition as Neighborhood Parks.
- There are no proposed changes in alignment or location of streets or street types; and therefore there are no changes in environmental conditions.
- Overall, the proposed lotting amendments do not create any new environmental impacts or increase the intensity of previously analyzed environmental impacts, and remain within the scope of the certified SEIR, requiring no further environmental review.

Processing and approval of future final maps within the Phase 2, Woodlands East District as illustrated on the Woodlands East District Lotting Summary Comparison Map and at the densities and acreages provided for in the Woodlands East District Unit and Acreage Changes Table, are in substantial conformance with VTM 6716, and will continue to be subject to the existing conditions of approval for VTM 6716 as originally adopted. This substantial conformance approval is contingent upon the provision of amended pages for each of the associated Phase 2 documents in order to formally document these actions, prior to final maps within the Woodlands East District. We appreciate your continued coordination and assistance with staff on the development of your project. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me at (209) 941-7266.

Sincerely Mark Meissner

Director of Community Development

Enclosure: Request Letter dated April 22, 2022

cc: Stephen Salvatore, City Manager Ramon Batista, Director of Planning & Entitlements Glenn Gebhardt, City Engineer Michael King, Public Works Director Rick Caguiat, Assistant Community Development Director Brad Taylor, Land Development Manager Todd Sebastian, Director of Parks, Recreation and Maintenance



April 22, 2022

Mr. Mark Meissner, Community Development Director City of Lathrop 390 Towne Centre Drive Lathrop, CA 95330

Subject:

Substantial Conformance Findings – Phase 2 Vesting Tentative Map No. 6716 (Woodlands East District of River Islands)

Dear Mark:

As a follow up to our March 8, 2022 and March 17, 2022 letters requesting substantial conformance of revised lotting patterns in Phase 2 of River Islands, we are providing this letter to finalize our request for the Woodlands East District and provide final exhibits as reviewed and commented upon by you and your staff.

Specifically, Exhibit "A" has been updated to reflect an updated lotting pattern that resolves the City's issues with additional roadway intersections at River Islands Parkway, the relocation of the neighborhood park within Village 4, the expansion of Lake 14 and other issues. We are also providing an updated Exhibit "B" that summarizes the final changes in acreage and numbers of dwelling units for the Woodlands East District. Exhibit "C" is a revised parks and parks service area exhibit that reflects the new neighborhood park location. We acknowledge that we must update the Phase 2 Master Parks Plan to the reflect the changes proposed, including the 2.5 acres of parkland that may not be included with the various elementary school sites. However, Exhibit "C" still reflects the 2.5 acres of park at schools, since it is included in the existing, approved Phase 2 Master Parks Plan. We will be siting an additional neighborhood park in or near Woodlands and will provide details as to that park location with the proposed update/amendment to the Parks Plan.

In order to move forward with this administrative approval, the City will require that the none of the conditions listed in condition of approval 36 to VTM 6716 exist with regards to our proposal. I have provided a brief explanation below as per condition 36 (shown in red) that provide evidence that the findings for non-conformance will not be met:

- 36) Substantial Conformance with Vesting Tentative Map. The Final Map shall be in substantial conformance with the approved Vesting Tentative Map as determined by the Community Development Director. Deviations from the approved Vesting Tentative Map that are not considered in substantial conformance include but are not limited to the following:
 - a) Changes to the proposed location of land uses not otherwise consistent with the adopted West Lathrop Specific Plan (WLSP) land use designations;

The proposed layout changes are consistent with the land uses adopted with the WLSP. The relocated neighborhood park in the Woodlands District is a permitted use within the low-density residential land use designation in which its located. As noted, an overlay of the proposed lotting and park location changes are shown in Exhibit "A" provided with this letter. In accordance with condition of approval

130, prior to the improvement plan approval or construction of any parks in the sub-planning area, a detailed site plan/design plan shall be reviewed and approved by the City Parks and Recreation Commission. Additionally, both the Woodlands East District NDP will reflect this new location and an amendment to the Phase 2 Parks Master Plan.

b) Changes to the proposed densities of a development area that are in excess of the density permitted for that specific area as designated in the WLSP;

None of the proposed changes will result in an increase of residential unit densities that will exceed those permitted WLSP. Exhibit "B" to this letter illustrates the proposed unit and density changes.

c) Significant changes to the size and location of open space and recreation areas within a development area that would result in less open space and recreational areas compared to the amount required to satisfy that development area's Quimby Act requirements;

The proposed changes will increase overall park acreage by 2.5 acres within Park N7 as shown on Exhibit "A". Further, the locational changes will not affect the City's service requirement of 4 mile for neighborhood parks and ½ mile for community parks as shown on Exhibit "C." An update to the Phase 2 Master Parks Plan, along with a Neighborhood Development Plan (NDP) that contains all proposed changes to Quimby Act parks acreage will be required prior to the approval of the first final map in the Woodlands East District. The amended Parks Plan will also include an update to Exhibit "C" (as contained in the Parks Plan) to reflect an additional park within another planning District an the removal of 2.5 acres of parkland located at each of the K-8 schools within Woodlands East District.

d) Significant modifications (such as to alignment or location) to major roadways, such as to major collector or arterial roads where a precise plan line has been adopted; Changes that would result in a new significant, adverse, unmitigated environmental impact, or a significant increase in any previously identified impact.

No significant modifications to alignment or location are proposed to any arterial or collector roads as originally proposed in the approved vesting tentative map, WLSP or any adopted precise plan line. No environmental impacts are identified as a result.

Please let us know if you have any questions regarding the information provided with this letter or if you require any additional information to make your determination. Please feel free to contact me at (209) 879-7900 or at sdellosso@riverislands.com.

Sincerely, \mathcal{V} ow

Susan Dell'Osso President

cc: Glenn Gebhardt, City Engineer
 Brad Taylor, Land Development Manager
 Rick Caguiat, City of Lathrop Principal Planner
 Trent Dedalt, Assistant Planner
 David Niskanen, Contract Planner
 Michael King, Public Works Director
 Zach Jones, Parks and Recreation Director
 Todd Sebastian, Superintendent of Parks, Recreation and Maintenance Services

Exhibits:

- A: Woodlands East Lotting Summary Comparison
- B: Residential Unit and Acreage Summary
- C: Park Locations and Service Areas ("Buffer Map")



			<u> </u>	Т	Т	Т	<u> </u>		7		T	-		<u> </u>
		Land Use	RM-R	RI-RI					RM-RI	RM-RI				
	Revised	Units	268	157	167	130	127		249	132	122	207 2	105	1.539
		Units	268	159	15.4	139	137		249	132	139	6	101	1.541
GE CHANGES	Revised Units	Per Acre	10.3	4.9	5 2	18.1	18.0	0.01	0'0T	10.0	6 2	4.8	5.4	7.9
EXHIBIT B - WOODLANDS EAST DISTRICT UNIT AND ACREAGE CHANGES	Revised Original Units Revised Units	Per Acre	10.0	5.0	5.4	18.1	18.0		TU:U	10.0	5.8	4.7	5.3	7.8
ISTRICT UN	Revised	Acres	25.9	30.9	30.3	7.7	7.6		C.#2	13.2	22.4	12.8	19.6	195.3
DS EAST D		Acres	26.8	31.7	28.7	7.7	7.6	0 1 0	<u>.</u>	13.2	24.0	13.1	19.3	197.0
VOODLAN		Lot Area		5,000	4,200						4,200	5,500	5,500	
EXHIBIT B - V		Lot Size	SFD Cluster	50x100	42×100	Condos	Condos	SED Chircter		SFD Cluster	42x100	55×100	55×100	WOODLANDS EAST TOTALS
		Phase 2 Area	VILLAGE 4	VILLAGE 5	VILLAGE 6	VILLAGE 17	VILLAGE 18	VILLAGE 19		VILLAGE 20	VILLAGE 21	VILLAGE 22	VILLAGE 23	MOODIN

.

Units/ Acre	3-9	6-20	15-40	
WL2P Density Category	Low Density Residentia	Medium Density Reside	High Density Residentia	Scark

Areas	Acres
Lake 14	11.6
Lake 18	14.3
Lake 19	22.7
New Park @ Village 5	5.4
Park @ Village 21	7.8
E-3 School	15
E-4 School	14.6

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EXHIBIT C - NEIGHBORHOOD PARK SERVICE AREA MAP



RIVER ISLANDS PHASE 2 PARKS AND OPEN SPACE MASTER PLAN

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