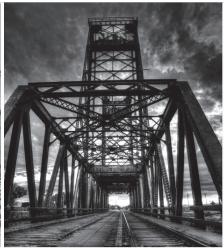
City of Lathrop California

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019



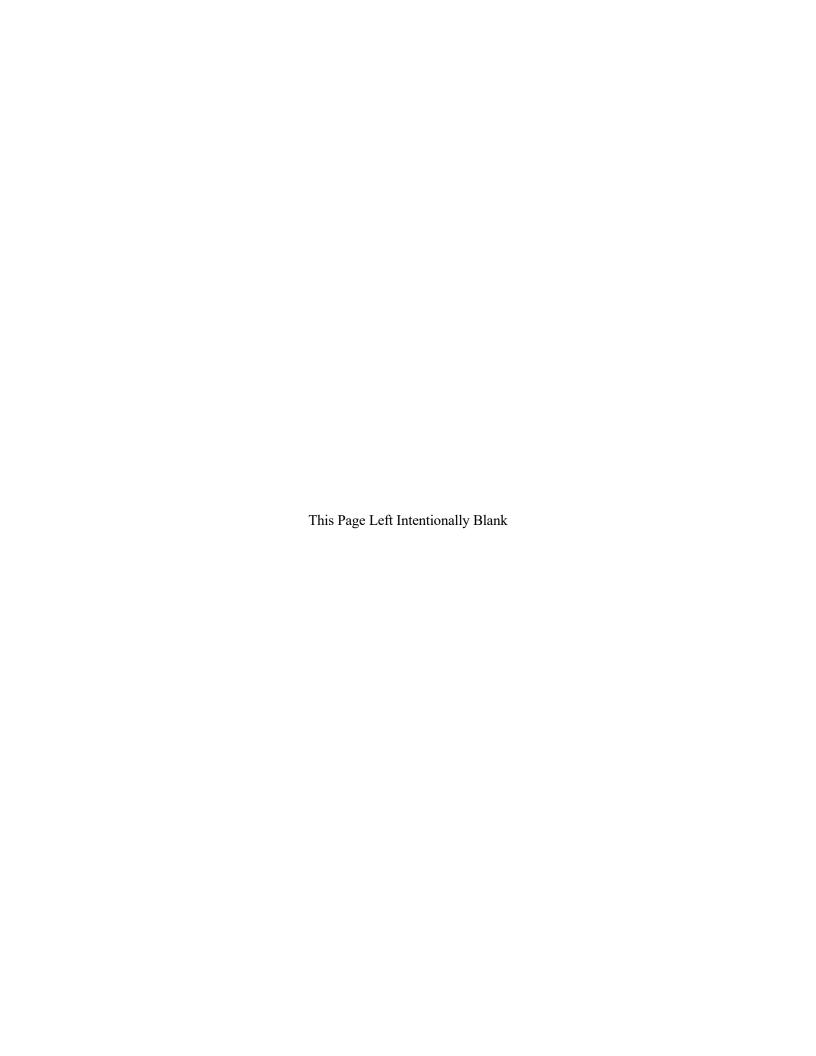




Lathrop – Past, Present, Future



City of Lathrop 390 Towne Centre Drive Lathrop, CA 95330



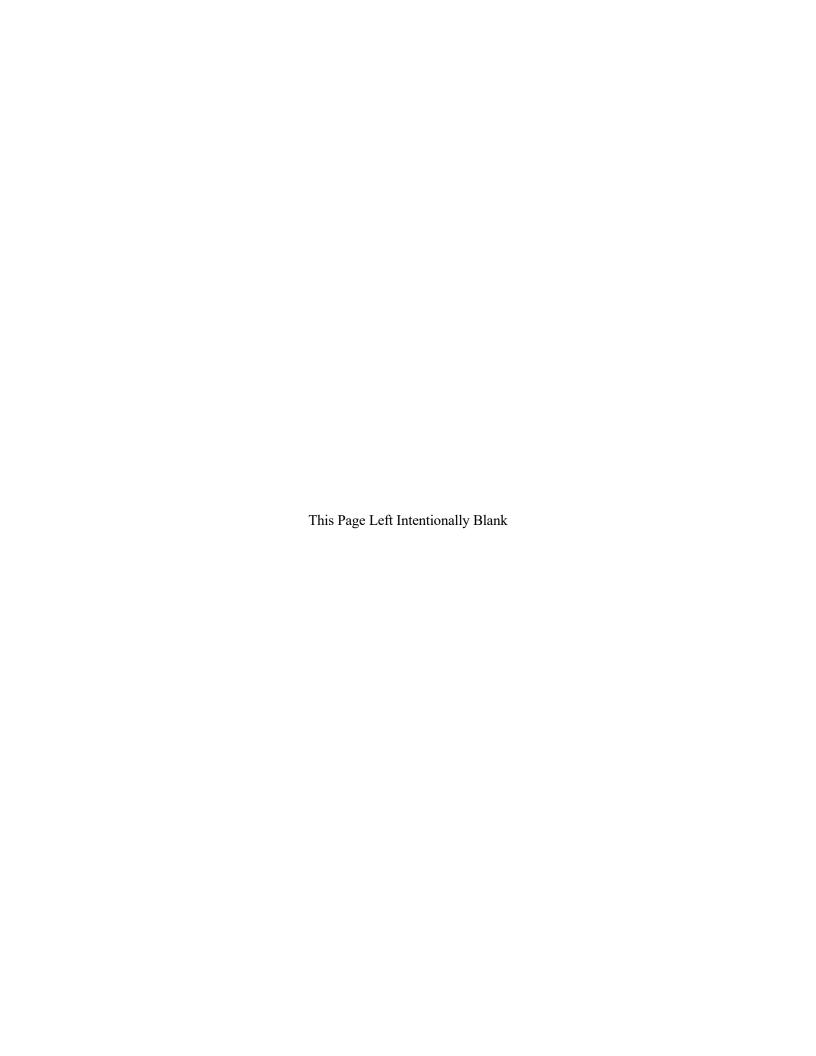
CITY OF

LATHROP, CALIFORNIA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Prepared
By
The Finance Department

Cari James
Director of Finance



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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City of Lathrop

Department of Finance 390 Towne Centre Drive Lathrop, California 95330 209-941-7320 www.ci.lathrop.ca.us

January 28, 2020

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and Citizens of Lathrop Lathrop, California 95330

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Lathrop for the fiscal year (FY) ended June 30, 2019 is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City of Lathrop. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City of Lathrop. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as set forth in pronouncements by the National Council of Governmental Accounting (NCGA), the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) and includes the report of the City's, independent certified public accountants, Maze and Associates. Based on the audit, the independent auditors concluded that there was reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion which state that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) is required supplementary information and provides information and analysis that users need to interpret the basic financial statements. This transmittal letter is designed to complement the MD&A, and, therefore, should be read with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

INTERNAL CONTROLS

City management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from the control, and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal control evaluations occur within the above stated framework. We believe our internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance that financial transactions are properly recorded.

In addition to internal controls, the City also maintains budgetary controls. Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Project Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles accepted in the United States of America. The budget for the General and Special Revenue Funds are the only legally adopted budgets. Budgets for the Debt Service and Capital Project Funds are used for management and control purposes only. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted amounts at the department level. If the expenditures exceed appropriations, the City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line items within any department or between divisions within a department.

The City maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Under this system, governmental funds are encumbered when purchase orders, contracts, or other commitments are signed or approved. Encumbered amounts may be carried over to the following fiscal year with the City Manager's approval.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT

The City Council is responsible for: 1) assuring the City administration fulfills its responsibilities in the preparation of the financial statements and 2) engaging certified public accountants to ensure sound audit and the accounting principles are applied in financial reporting.

The Government Code of the State of California requires general law cities, such as the City of Lathrop, to have its financial statements audited by an independent certified public accountant. Accordingly, this year's audit was completed by the accounting firm of Maze & Associates. The firm was engaged by the City Administration to render an opinion of the City's financial statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. To ensure complete independence, Maze & Associates presents the results of their assessment of the adequacy of internal accounting controls and the quality of financial reporting directly to the City Council. The auditor's report on the basic financial statements is the first item in the accompanying Financial Section.

In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit was also designed to meet the requirements of the Federal Single Audit Act, Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements.

PROFILE OF LATHROP

The City of Lathrop encompasses approximately 22 square miles. The City of Lathrop is located in San Joaquin County at the center of the Northern California metro market, close to the San Francisco Bay Area and Greater Sacramento regions, at the interchange of three major freeways: Interstate 5 (I-5), Interstate 205 (I-205), and the 120 Freeway. As of January 1, 2019, the City had an estimated population of 24,936.

The City of Lathrop is a general-law city incorporated under California law July 1, 1989. The City operates under the City Council / Manager form of government. Beginning with the municipal election in November 1996, the position of the Mayor is elected for a two-year term. Four Council Members are elected at-large and serve alternating four-year terms. Every two years in December, the Mayor and Council Members select a Council Member to serve as Vice-Mayor. The City Manager also serves as City Treasurer and the City Clerk is appointed by the City Manager. All municipal elections are non-partisan.

The City of Lathrop provides a wide range of municipal services, including police (provided under contract by the San Joaquin County Sheriff's Department), water and sewer utilities, street maintenance, public transportation, parks and recreation, planning, building, code enforcement, and other general government services.

Fire services such as fire suppression and prevention are provided for the City by Lathrop-Manteca Fire Protection District and are funded separately by the Fire District. The Fire District provides specialized equipment and trained personnel 24 hours a day for emergency assistance to all residents. The Fire District and the City work together for the mutual benefit of both agencies and the citizens they serve.

This report includes all funds of the City of Lathrop. It reports all activities considered to be a part of, controlled by, and dependent on the City. The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of fund accounting with each fund considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND FINANCIAL OUTLOOK

Historically, Lathrop has been an agricultural-based community, however, the continuing dynamic outward growth of the San Francisco Bay Area has pushed industrial, warehousing, and logistics growth into the Northern San Joaquin Valley, which is benefiting Lathrop due to its strategic location at the intersection of three major freeways. The City experienced a period of growth through the mid 2000's with a strong surge in residential construction to accommodate continuing job growth in the Northern San Joaquin Valley and in the neighboring Tri Valley Area of the East Bay. Development activity slowed dramatically in the latter half of 2008 as the impacts from the recession began to be felt. Conditions worsened over the course of the next several years with the City's assessed valuation (AV) dropping by almost one third. However, beginning in FY 2012/13 development activity began to pick up improving the housing market conditions in the area. Permit issuance remained strong in FY 2018/19 with building permits continuing to increase year over year. Revenues, such as property tax, development related fees, community facility district revenues and sales tax are all positively impacted from increased development activity either directly from fees received or indirectly due to increased population.

The City's sales tax revenues remained stable throughout the recession and, over the past several years, have continued to experienced annual increases. The City's sales tax revenues are expected to show modest annual increases as population and consumer activity continue to rise and businesses continue to view Lathrop as an attractive location.

While revenues fell during the recession, demand for services continued to escalate. The City has seen higher levels of expenditures due to increases in the City's pension contribution requirements, funding requirements for Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) and other operational expenditure increases needed to provide necessary services to a growing population. The City, however, has remained vigilant in maintaining its fiscal strength and in recent years cost saving measures, along with one-time revenues, have allowed the City to maintain a balanced General Fund budget and Unassigned Fund Balance between 10-50% of the annual operating appropriations and transfers.

Since 2015, drought conservation mandates have been lifted and water usage has returned to a new normal. Normalization in water consumption equates to the Water Fund meeting revenue requirements without the need for additional rate increases at this time. Close monitoring of fiscal, usage and policy trends for the Water Fund will be kept to determine the need to implement additional rate increases in the future.

Balanced Budget

The City's Budget and Fiscal Policy requires the City to maintain a balanced General Fund budget over the annual period of the financial plan. This means that each fiscal year, current revenues must meet or exceed operating expenditures, including debt service. Use of fund balance commitments to offset non-operating expenditures may allow for current expenditures to exceed current revenues in a fiscal year. City staff presents General Fund budgets for City Council consideration that maintain an unassigned fund balance between 10-50% of the annual operating appropriations and transfers.

The June 30, 2019 financial report indicates that the City of Lathrop concluded the year having consistently provided quality services to citizens, while actively managing recent tax revenue challenges through budget reductions to meet its obligations. Lathrop maintains adequate fund balances for emergencies in a majority of its governmental operations funds and proprietary funds. At fiscal year-end 2019, the General Fund unassigned available fund balance was 37% of total expenditures.

Long-Term Financial Planning

Management encourages its departments to project their resource needs for a period longer than the traditional annual budget. In May 2009, the City Council adopted a 5-Year Survival Plan that stabilizes the City's finances by cutting departmental costs and utilizing the General Fund reserve over a period of 5 years. With only modest growth projected for revenues, in May 2010, the City changed the 5-Year Survival Plan to a 5-Year Stabilization Plan and in 2013 the City created a 10-year Fiscal Model which began to address the structural deficit while minimizing the use of reserves.

The Fiscal Model has become a tool to the City Council and the City Manager to assist with the decision making process to determine the financial feasibility of any priorities or goals they may wish to adopt. Additionally, the model alerts management and the City Council of potential shortfalls and affords them the time to develop practical

solutions with minimal impacts to our citizens. The Fiscal Model has allowed the City to prepare for difficult times by managing reduced revenues and steadily increasing expenditures. Due to the timely implementation of cost containment measures, the City sustained modest but healthy reserves through the Great Recession. Using the model to forecast the years ahead, the City remains hopeful that revenue streams will maintain its current upward trend. However, continual achievement of a balanced General Fund budget will be difficult in the years to come, as most of the new revenue generated through the current economic recovery will be consumed by increasing demands for services driven by growth in population and development.

The Fiscal Model shows that over the next nine fiscal years expenditures are projected to increase more than revenues, resulting in a negative fund balance by Fiscal Year Ending 2028. In addition, the City faces increasing expenses in several areas of operations, including the potential relocation of its Police Department. The City has elected to proactively address its unfunded OPEB obligation by establishing an irrevocable trust and significantly increasing its contributions. At the same time, rising pension contribution requirements, while helping to reduce the unfunded pension liability, result in a decrease of financial resources available for other uses. The City will need to continue to explore options to increase its revenue base, while keeping expenses to a minimum.

Lastly, on November 6, 2012, the Citizens of Lathrop approved Measure C by 77%. Measure C is a general purpose 1% additional sales tax Measure to be used for the purpose of maintaining and enhancing essential City services, such as police and fire protection and youth and senior services within the City. During FY 2018/19, Measure C supported personnel and operating expenditures to manage the Lathrop Generations Center, a multipurpose facility aimed to promote healthy recreational opportunities for our youth. Furthermore, Measure C funded additional Lathrop Police personnel to strengthen prevention and intervention services around the community.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement of Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Lathrop, California for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized report Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was made possible by the special efforts of the entire staff of the finance department, working in conjunction with the City's independent auditors and departmental staff. We would like to express our appreciation to all who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Stephen J. Salvatore City Manager

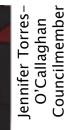
Director of Finance

City of Lathrop Organizational Chart FY 2018-19

CITIZENS OF LATHROP









Martha Salcedo Vice Mayor



Sonny Dhaliwal Mayor



Diane Lazard Councilmember

Councilmember

Paul Akinjo

City Manager

Commissions

City Attorney

Public Works

City Engineer

Department Finance

Development Community

Recreation Parks &

Services Police

City Clerk

Administrative

Services

DIRECTORY OF OFFICIALS AND ADVISORY BODIES

CITY COUNCIL

Sonny Dhaliwal, Mayor Martha Salcedo, Vice Mayor Paul Akinjo, Council Member Diane Lazard, Council Member Jennifer Torres-O'Callaghan, Council Member

ADVISORY BODIES

Lathrop/Manteca Fire District Measure C Oversight Committee Parks and Recreation Commission Planning Commission Senior Advisory Commission Youth Advisory Commission

APPOINTED OFFICIALS AND DEPARTMENT/DIVISION HEADS

City Manager/Treasurer Stephen Salvatore City Attorney Salvador Navarrete City Engineer Glenn Gebhardt City Clerk Teresa Vargas **Director of Finance** Cari James **Director of Administrative Services** Cari James Parks and Recreation Director Zach Jones Chief of Police Ryan Biedermann

Director of Public Works Michael King
Director of Community Development Mark Meissner



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Lathrop California

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of City Council City of Lathrop, California

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lathrop, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Management adopted the provision of the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement, which became effective during the year ended June 30, 2019:

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 88 – Certain Disclosures Related to Debt including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. See Note 5 to the financial statements for relevant disclosures.

The emphasis of this matter does not constitute a modification of our opinion.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis, and other required supplementary information as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

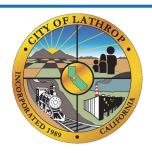
Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as a whole. The Introductory Section, Supplemental Information, and Statistical Section as listed in the Table of Contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The Supplemental Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplemental Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory and Statistical Sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Pleasant Hill, California January 27, 2020

Maze 1 Associates



City of Lathrop

Department of Finance 390 Towne Centre Drive Lathrop, California 95330 209-94I-7320 www.ci.lathrop.ca.us

January 28, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Lathrop, we offer readers of the City of Lathrop's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Please read the information presented in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, beginning on page v, and the financial statements and disclosure notes beginning on page 35.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City of Lathrop exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2019 by \$452.5 million (net assets).
 Of this amount, \$107.3 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to residents and creditors.
- During the fiscal year, the City's governmental activities revenues exceeded expenses by \$40.8 million due in large part to \$40.9 million in capital grants and developer contributions.
- The total revenue from all sources increased \$72.2 million from the prior year due to the one-time revenue received in capital grants and developer contributions.
- The General Fund reported excess revenues over expenditures (including transfers) of \$9 million, thereby increasing the fund balance.
- Sales and use tax collections increased by \$2.7 million, a 30.3 percent increase from the prior year.
- At June 30, 2019, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$91.1 million, an increase of \$23.4 million in comparison with June 30, 2018. Of this \$91.1 million total amount, \$31.2 million or 34.2 percent is unassigned fund balance.
- At June 30, 2019, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$31.2 million, compared to last year's unassigned actual fund balance of \$21.5 million.

OVERVIEW OF THE **F**INANCIAL **S**TATEMENTS

This Management Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the financial statements of the City of Lathrop. This comprehensive annual financial report is comprised of five parts: (1) this management discussion and analysis (Pages 3-15), (2) the basic financial statements and notes to the financial statements (Pages 19-65), (3) statements of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance-budget to actual of major governmental funds (Pages 74-77), and postemployment benefits other than pensions trend information (Note 9, Pages 60-64), (4) other combining statements for non-major governmental funds and agency funds (Pages 96-128) and (5) the statistical section (Pages 131-152).

Due to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, the basic financial statements include two different views of the City's financial position. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.

The City's government-wide basic financial statements are described below with information in the accompanying text:

- Statement of Net Assets a statement that combines the financial position as of June 30, 2019 for all activities on a government-wide basis.
- **Statement of Activities** a statement that combines the changes in financial position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 on a government-wide basis.

- Statements for Governmental Funds these present the major governmental funds such as the general fund, landscape maintenance special revenue fund, developers projects special revenue fund, streets and roads capital projects fund, and all other governmental funds.
- Statements for Business-type Funds these present proprietary funds, such as the City's water and sewer utility enterprise funds.

Fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The fund financial statements are described below with information in the accompanying text:

- **Governmental funds** statements tell how general government services, such as police and public works, were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending.
- **Proprietary funds** statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities the City operates like businesses, such as the water and sewer utilities.
- Fiduciary funds statements are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Lathrop's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. In addition to the required elements, combining statements are presented that provide details about the City's non-major governmental funds and agency funds, each of which are presented in consolidated columns in the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Lathrop's finances using accounting methods similar to a private-sector business.

The **statement of net assets** presents information on all the City of Lathrop's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Lathrop is improving or deteriorating.

The **statement of activities** presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Lathrop that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Lathrop include general government, community development, public safety, public works, culture and leisure, and debt service. The business-type activities of the City of Lathrop include the City's water and sewer utility enterprise functions.

The government-wide financial statements include solely the operations of the City of Lathrop itself. There are no additional discrete or blended component units. The government-wide financial statements can be found on Pages 19-21 of this report.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives, or as required by legal enabling legislation. The City of Lathrop, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Lathrop can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and government-wide activities.

The City of Lathrop maintained 87 individual governmental funds in 2019. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in funds balances for the general fund, landscape maintenance special revenue fund, developer projects special revenue fund, and streets and roads capital projects fund, all of which are designated as major funds. Data from the remaining 73 non-major governmental funds are shown as other supplementary information.

The City of Lathrop adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its funds. A budgetary comparison compliance schedule is provided for each of the major funds and a like schedule is provided for the non-major governmental funds shown as other supplementary information.

The governmental fund financial statements are found on Pages 24 - 27 of this report.

Proprietary funds. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide business-type activity financial statements, only in more detail, and are used to account for services for which customer fees are intended to finance the costs of operations. There are two types of proprietary funds – internal service funds and enterprise funds. Internal service funds account of services rendered between City departments. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City has one internal service fund in its fund structure, which is used to quantify compensated absences activities between departments. The City of Lathrop uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer utility functions. These two major funds' financial statements are shown individually in the front of this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Pages 30 – 32 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary or agency funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Lathrop's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The City has 55 fiduciary funds. The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on Page 34 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that are essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide, governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are found on Pages 35 - 65 of this report.

Required and other information

Additional information is included that provides both more detail, and complements the financial data provided in the previous financial statements. The combining statements, referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds, are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements on the City's 73 non-major governmental funds and 55 fiduciary funds are not a required part of the basic financial statements and are presented as other supplementary information. Original and final adopted budgets compared to actual financial information for each fund is included in this section. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on Pages 82 - 128 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Summary of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position since it represents the difference between the City's resources and its obligations. In the case of the City of Lathrop, assets exceeded liabilities by \$451 million at the close of Fiscal Year 2018/19.

Compared to the previous year, the City's total net position increased by 20.5 percent. This increase is primarily due to developer contributions of capital assets that took place in Fiscal Year 2018/19.

By far the largest portion of this year's net position reflects the City's investment in capital assets of \$329 million (e.g., utility system construction, utility plant improvements, water rights acquisition, land acquisition, building improvements, equipment, vehicles, roads and streets) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Lathrop uses these capital assets to provide services to residents; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's net investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Additional capital asset information can be found in the Capital Asset and Debt Administration section of this report.

A portion of the City of Lathrop's total net position represent resources that are subject to external and internal restrictions (Municipal Code and/or State mandates and reserves required by debt obligation covenants) on how they may be used. Restricted net position amount to \$15 million or 3.4 percent of total net position. The remaining balance of \$107 million (24 percent of total net position) is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to residents and creditors.

The table below shows the government-wide assets, liabilities and net position for both fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2019.

City of Lathrop Summary of Net Position For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30 (in Thousands)

	Govern	mental	Busines	s-Type	Total P	Total	
	Activ	rities	Activ	rities	Gover	Percent	
	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	Change
Assets:							
Capital assets	\$ 163,367	\$ 183,141	\$ 142,884	\$ 171,651	\$ 306,251	\$ 354,792	15.85%
Other assets	82,894	107,872	35,509	39,341	118,403	147,213	24.33%
Total Assets	246,261	291,013	178,393	210,992	424,654	502,005	18.22%
Deferred Outflows							
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension	2,316	2,211	212	205	2,528	2,416	-4.43%
Liabilities:							
Current liabilities	15,224	16,042	3,927	3,991	19,151	20,033	4.61%
Long-term liabilities	9,884	10,514	21,772	20,324	31,656	30,838	-2.58%
Total Liabilities	25,108	26,556	25,699	24,315	50,807	50,871	0.13%
Deferred Inflows							
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension	937	968	58	67	995	1,035	4.02%
Net Position:							
Net Investment							
in Capital Assets	159,727	179,501	120,279	150,453	280,006	329,954	17.84%
Restricted	10,408	13,553	1,650	1,652	12,058	15,205	26.10%
Unrestricted	52,397	72,646	30,920	34,710	83,317	107,356	28.85%
Total Net Position	\$ 222,532	\$ 265,700	\$ 152,849	\$ 186,815	\$ 375,381	\$452,515	20.55%

At the end of the fiscal year, the City of Lathrop is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the City as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. Combined net position of the primary government increased by 20.5 percent this year, from \$375.3 million at June 30, 2018 to \$452.5 million at June 30, 2019.

Although the net position of the City's business-type activities are \$186.8 million, the City generally can only use net position to finance the continuing operations of the business-type activities.

Changes in net position

The City's total program expenses of \$51.4 million are less than the revenues of \$128.5 million for an increase in net position as of June 30, 2019 of \$77.1 million. The table on the next page shows the summarized revenues and expenses for both fiscal years 2017/18 and 2018/19.

The City's fiscal year 2018/19 change in net position was 341 percent higher than fiscal year 2017/18, due to an increase of 132 percent in total revenues and an increase of 36 percent in total expenditures in fiscal year 2018/19. The expenditure increase is largely found in the Business-Type activities, which is a result of capital projects in the area.

Governmental program activities and general revenues of \$76.7 million and transfers in of 2.4 million, supported expenses of \$35.9 million, for a total net increase in net position in tax-supported activities of \$43 million. The reason for the increase in the governmental net position is due to an increase in one-time capital contributions from development activity.

Business-type activities revenues of \$51.9 million supported expenses of \$15.5 million and transfers out of \$2.4 million, for a total change in net position in utility enterprise activities of \$34.0 million. The reason for the increase in the business-type net position is due to the continued growth of the City's customer base paired with developer contributions of capital assets. The increase of net position of \$34.0 million is available for future water and sewer improvement needs as required by projected City population increases and development needs.

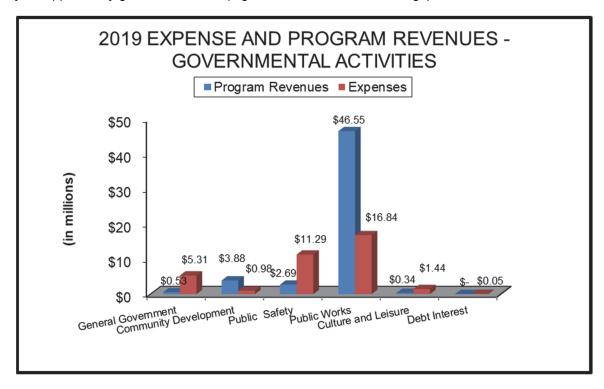
City of Lathrop Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30

(in Thousands)

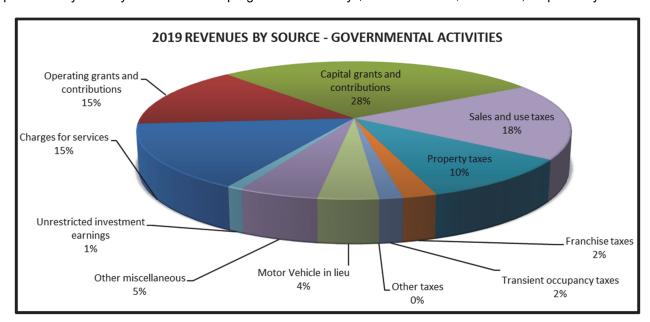
	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-Type	Total F	Total	
	Activ	/ities	Activ	vities	Gover	nment	Percent
	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	Change
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 5,244	\$ 7,400	\$ 14,865	\$ 16,977	\$ 20,109	\$ 24,377	21.22%
Operating grants and contributions	5,460	5,674	-	-	5,460	5,674	3.92%
Capital grants and contributions	10,102	40,920	160	32,556	10,262	73,476	616.00%
General revenues:							
Sales and use taxes	9,211	12,001	-	-	9,211	12,001	30.29%
Property taxes	4,286	4,710	-	-	4,286	4,710	9.89%
Franchise taxes	878	1,204	908	1,599	1,786	2,803	56.94%
Transient occupancy taxes	634	667	-	-	634	667	5.21%
Other taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Motor Vehicle in lieu	1,795	1,898	-	-	1,795	1,898	5.74%
Other miscellaneous	380	149	-	-	380	149	-60.79%
Unrestricted investment earnings	979	1,997	405	783	1,384	2,780	100.87%
Total Revenues	38,969	76,620	16,338	51,915	55,307	128,535	132.40%
Expenses:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	4,918	5,307	_	_	4,918	5,307	7.91%
Community development	1,257	978	_	_	1,257	978	-22.20%
Public safety	10,966	11,285	-	-	10,966	11,285	2.91%
Public works	13,067	16,835	-	-	13,067	16,835	28.84%
Culture and leisure	1,332	1,442	_	_	1,332	1,442	8.26%
Interest on long-term debt	100	46	-	-	100	46	-54.00%
Business-type activities:							
Water enterprise	_	-	4,970	6,303	4,970	6,303	26.82%
Sewer enterprise	-	_	1,205	9,207	1,205	9,207	664.07%
Total expenses	31,640	35,893	6,175	15,510	37,815	51,403	35.93%
Excess before transfers	7,329	40,727	10,163	36,405	17,492	77,132	340.96%
Transfers	(138)	2,439	138	(2,439)	•		5.0.0070
Change in Net Position	7,191	43,166	10,301	33,966	17,492	77,132	340.96%
Net Position - Beginning	215,341	222,532	142,549	152,850	357,890	375,382	4.89%
Prior Period Adjustment	_ 10,041		-	102,000	-		4.0970
Net Position, Beginning, Restated	215,341	222,532	- 142,549	- 152,850	357,890	375,382	4.89%
Net Position - Ending	\$ 222,532	\$ 265,700	\$ 152,850	\$ 186,815	\$ 375,382	\$ 452,514	20.55%

Governmental Activities

Following are illustrative summaries of governmental activities separating program revenues and expenses. The difference between the program revenue and expense bars by activity illustrates the amount the respective activity is supported by general revenues (e.g. taxes or investment earnings).



Normally, governmental funds' expenditures match or exceed program revenues. Under full accrual accounting, developer contributions are program revenues, yet their contributed assets are not shown as a corresponding expense on the City's financial statements. Program revenues for public works excluding infrastructure contributions result in expenditures in excess of revenues of \$5.3 million. General government services and public safety delivery costs exceeded program revenues by \$4.7 million and \$8.5 million, respectively.



Revenues and expenditures in the governmental funds continue to increase as the population of Lathrop has grown. Property tax revenue is a major revenue source for the General Fund. During fiscal year 2018/19, property tax revenues increased by \$424 thousand.

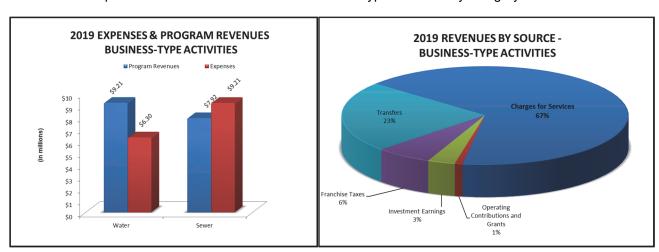
The following table shows the cost of the City's major programs and the net cost of the programs. Net cost is the total cost less fees and other direct revenue generated by the activities. The net cost reflects the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of the programs. The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$35.8 million. The net cost of all services indicates that the overall cost of government is less than revenue generated to support it. However, the higher revenue reflected in FY2018/19 is due to the contributions from developer built capital improvement projects.

City of Lathrop Net Cost of Governmental Activities
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30
(in Thousands)

		Total	Cos	t of Servic	es	N	et (Expens	e) l	Revenue of	Services
	2018			2019	Percent Change		2018		2019	Percent Change
General government	\$	4,918	\$	5,307	7.91%	\$	\$ (4,361)		(4,776)	9.52%
Community development		1,257		978	-22.20%		1,660		2,903	74.88%
Public safety		10,966		11,285	2.91%		(9,865)		(8,591)	-12.91%
Public works		13,067		16,835	28.84%		2,884		29,712	930.24%
Culture and leisure		1,332		1,442	8.26%		(1,051)		(1,100)	4.66%
Other		100		46	-54.00%		(100)		(46)	-54.00%
Total	\$	31,640	\$	35,893	13.44%	\$	\$ (10,833)		18,102	-267.10%

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$34.0 million. The bar chart below illustrates how total program revenues and expenses compare and includes both current operating and capital categories combined. The pie chart shows the distribution of business-type revenues by category.



Water Fund

The Water Utility Enterprise treats and distributes clean drinking water to Lathrop's residential and commercial customers and performs repair and maintenance functions of existing water lines, as well as builds additional water distribution systems through its capital improvement master plan.

The bar chart above illustrates program revenues exceeding program expenses by \$2.9 million. In the Water Utility Enterprise Fund, a monthly service availability fee and usage rate is charged to residential and commercial customers to meet the Water Fund's operating expenses. Under full accrual accounting, developer contributions are program revenues, yet contributed assets are not shown as a corresponding expense. Program revenues excluding developer contributions and bond proceeds were \$9.0 million. This shows operating revenues exceeding operating expenditures by \$2.9 million. On February 2016, the City adopted a 5-Year water rate program based on the Water Rate Study findings.

Sewer Fund

The Sewer Utility Enterprise collects and treats sewer for Lathrop's residential and commercial customers and performs repair and maintenance functions of existing sewer mains, as well as builds additional system capital improvements. In the Sewer Utility Enterprise Fund, a monthly service fee is charged to residential and commercial customers. The bar chart on the previous page illustrates program expenditures exceeding program revenues by \$1.2 million. This signifies that sewer operating income is meeting standard operating and infrastructure renewal and replacement costs. On February 2016, the City adopted a 5-Year water rate program based on the Water Rate Study findings.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City of Lathrop uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

The focus of the City of Lathrop's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. This information is useful in assessing the City of Lathrop's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2019, the City of Lathrop's governmental funds (general, special revenue, and capital project funds) reported combined ending fund balances of \$91.1 million, an increase of \$23.4 million in comparison with the prior fiscal year. Approximately 34.0 percent of this total amount (\$31.0 million) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending, at the City's governing body's discretion. Of the remainder fund balance, \$5.2 million is nonspendable, \$4.7 million is restricted, \$49.6 million is committed and \$0.6 million is assigned and are not available for new spending.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Lathrop. At the end of the 2019 fiscal year, fund balance of the general fund was \$36.4 million, of which \$31.2 million is unassigned fund balance. The increase in unassigned fund balance of the General Fund for Fiscal Year 2018/19 was \$9.6 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Total unassigned fund balance represents 160.9 percent of total General Fund expenditures of \$19.4 million in 2019. This means the City's general governmental operations could continue for about 19-months without any additional revenue generation.

In Fiscal Year 2018/19, taxes are the General Fund's largest source of revenue at 64.5 percent, or \$18.6 million, of total revenues of \$28.8 million. Property taxes represent 25.2 percent, or \$4.7 million, of this total taxes amount in the General Fund.

The Developer Projects fund had an ending fund balance of \$0.6 million at June 30, 2019. The monies in this fund are collected from developers for specific projects. The committed fund balance can only be used to fund specific developer projects in future fiscal years.

The Capital Facilities Fees fund had an ending fund balance of \$30.9 million as of June 30, 2019. The monies in this fund are collected from developers for specific projects. The committed fund balance can only be used to fund specific developer projects in future fiscal years.

The Other Governmental Funds fund had an ending fund balance of \$23.2 million as of June 30, 2019. The monies in this fund are collected from state and federal funding sources for specific projects. The committed fund balance can only be used to fund specific projects in future fiscal years.

Proprietary funds

The City of Lathrop proprietary funds provide similar information to that which is found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Each funds' financial transactions, both near-term and historic, are provided in the statement of net position and the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. In addition, these proprietary funds also present a statement of cash flows.

In Fiscal Year 2018/19, the water utility enterprise fund increased its net position from \$58.2 million to \$61.9 million. Unrestricted net assets at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$23.1 million, and are available for future capital water system improvements. \$37 million of the Water Fund's net position are net investment in capital assets and are not available for liquidation to support operations. The remaining \$1.7 million is restricted to satisfy debt service obligations and covenants.

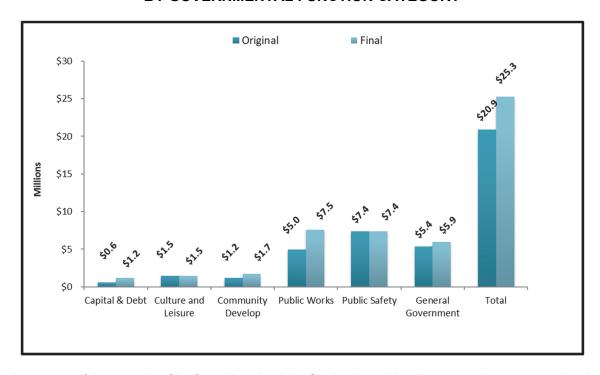
In Fiscal Year 2018/19, the sewer utility fund increased its net position from \$94.7 million to \$124.9 million. Unrestricted net position at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$11.6 million and, are available for future capital sewer system improvements. \$113.3 million of the Sewer Fund's net position are net investment in capital asset and are not available for liquidation to support operations.

Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been reviewed in the discussion of the City of Lathrop's business-type activities. The capital assets section on the following pages will provide additional discussion and analysis of the business-type financial activities.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During Fiscal Year 2018/19, the General Fund's original budgeted expenditures of \$20.9 million increased to \$25.3 million at Final Amended Budget. Original adopted revenue estimates were \$18.4 million. The table below illustrates the General Fund's original and final budget levels by function of government categories (e.g. Public Works, Community Development, Culture and Leisure) and the total budget levels for Fiscal Year 2018/19.

GENERAL FUND FISCAL YEAR 2018/19 ORIGINAL AND FINAL BUDGETS BY GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTION CATEGORY



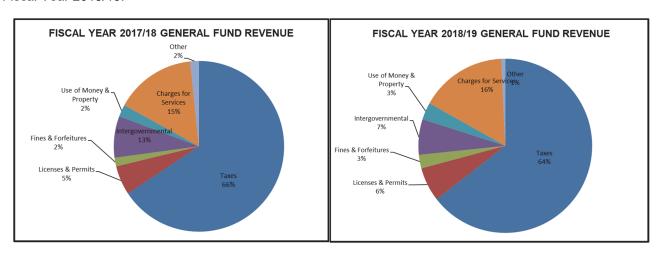
Over the course of the year, the City Council revised the City budget with adjustments that are comprised within the following two categories:

- Changes made in the mid-year report to adjust revenues, augment current year expenditure appropriations, and establish or increase designation of fund balance.
- Other revenue adjustments and expenditure appropriations approved after the original budget is adopted, and before or after the mid-year report is approved.

Amendments to the General Fund increased budgeted expenditures by \$4.3 million and are primarily a result of increased costs to carry out operations for public purposes and the purchase of replacement fleet. Budgeted General Fund revenues were increased by \$1.7 million to reflect revenues collected through increases in Measure C, Property and Sales Taxes.

After taking these adjustments into account, actual expenditures came in 23 percent below the final budget, at \$19.4 million. Capital Outlay expenditure savings contributed to this reduced spending level. Actual revenues in the General Fund were \$8.6 million higher than the final budget revenue estimate. The result of the higher revenues and significantly lower spending increased the ending unassigned fund balance of the General Fund by \$9.6 million.

The City's General Fund revenue structure slightly changed compared to Fiscal Year 2017/18. The two pie charts below present total actual revenues for Fiscal Years 2017/18 and 2018/19 by revenue category. Total actual taxes comprised 66 percent of total General Fund revenues in Fiscal Year 2017/18 and 64 percent in Fiscal Year 2018/19.



CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of Fiscal Year 2018/19, the City had \$354.8 million (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in a broad range of capital assets, including equipment, vehicles, buildings, parks, streets, water and sewer transmission and distribution systems. This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$48.5 million, or a 15 percent increase, over Fiscal Year 2017/18.

The table below outlines net capital assets by asset-type classification and by governmental or business-type activity.

City of Lathrop Capital Assets For Fiscal Years Ended June 30 (net of depreciation)

(in Thousands)

	Governmental			Business-Type					Total				
		Activities			Activities				iotai				
		2018 2019		2019	2018 2019		2019	2018			2019		
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated													
Land	\$	9,630	\$	9,630	\$	3,565	\$	3,565	\$	13,195	\$	13,195	
Construction in progress		24,657		20,738		55,705		38,414		80,362		59,152	
Depreciable Capital Assets													
Buildings		8,659		8,432		9		8		8,668		\$8,440	
Improvements		41,729		39,433		83,343		129,450		125,072		168,883	
Equipment and vehicles		1,337		1,519		262		214		1599		1,733	
Infrastructure		77,355		103,389		-		-		77,355		103,389	
Total	\$ 1	163,367	\$ 1	183,141	\$ 1	142,884	\$ 1	71,651	\$:	306,251	\$:	354,792	

This year's major capital additions included:

•	Infrastructure	\$23,756,584
•	Water and Sewer Systems Improvements	\$30,342,647
•	Equipment & Vehicles	\$ 637,062

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note 4 to the financial statements on Pages 47 - 49.

Debt Administration

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had a total of \$24.8 million in outstanding debt. The total outstanding at June 30, 2018 was \$26.2 million. Overall in Fiscal Year 2018/19, the City's outstanding debt was reduced by \$1.4 million.

City of Lathrop Outstanding Debt For Fiscal Years Ended June 30

(in Thousands)

	Governmental Activities				Busines Activ		• •	Total				
		2018		2019	2018 2019			2019	2018			2019
Revenue Bonds - Water	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2017 Bank Loan		-		-		10,846		10,208		10,846		10,208
State Revolving Fund Loan		-		-		7,328		6,897		7,328		6,897
Compass Bank Loan		-		-		4,430		4,094		4,430		4,094
Capital Lease - City Hall		3,640		3,640		-		-		3,640		3,640
Total	\$	3,640	\$	3,640	\$	22,604	\$	21,199	\$	26,244	\$	24,839

The City continues to maintain its credit ratings on all of its rated debt. Note 5 to the financial statements presents more detail about the debt position of the City on Pages 49 - 51.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City Council considered many factors when setting the Fiscal Year 2018/19 budget. One of those factors was the economy. The City's main revenues are: sales & use tax, property tax, utility service charges, and revenues related to new construction building permits. Northern California unemployment figures have stabilized to the levels of the Great Recession in December 2007. Many Lathrop families saw their per capita personal income increase from \$42,822 in Fiscal Year 2017/18 to \$44,955 in Fiscal Year 2018/19 (See Demographic and Economic Statistics in the statistical section.)

While Lathrop's population grew from 24,268 in 2018 to 24,936 during 2019, the growth rate signaled a slower growth trend compared to prior years. Complementary to this trend, a total of 393 building permits were issued, which, also, illustrates a development growth rate that is a fraction of the pace set in the mid 2000's. (Refer to the transmittal letter for a further discussion of the Lathrop's economy).

Building permit issuance by the City for new residential and commercial development is the key driver used to estimate various revenue streams. These revenues are deposited into various funds. Examples of these revenues include: sales and use taxes on construction materials and equipment; capital facility fees charged to mitigate the impact of new development-driving a need for more parks and street capital investments; system development charges (investment/tap fees) assessed to finance future capital investment for water, sewer, and storm drainage systems.

As mentioned above, the level of single family dwelling unit building permits issued, measured at 393 in Fiscal Year 2018/19, this level exceeds the 334 issued eight years earlier in Fiscal Year 2006/07 during the height of the previous housing boom.

These major economic indicators were all considered when adopting the General Fund budget for Fiscal Year 2019/20.

CONTACTING THE CITY FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our residents, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability and transparency for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City of Lathrop Finance Department, 390 Towne Centre Drive, Lathrop, California 95330, (209) 941-7320.



CITY OF LATHROP

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

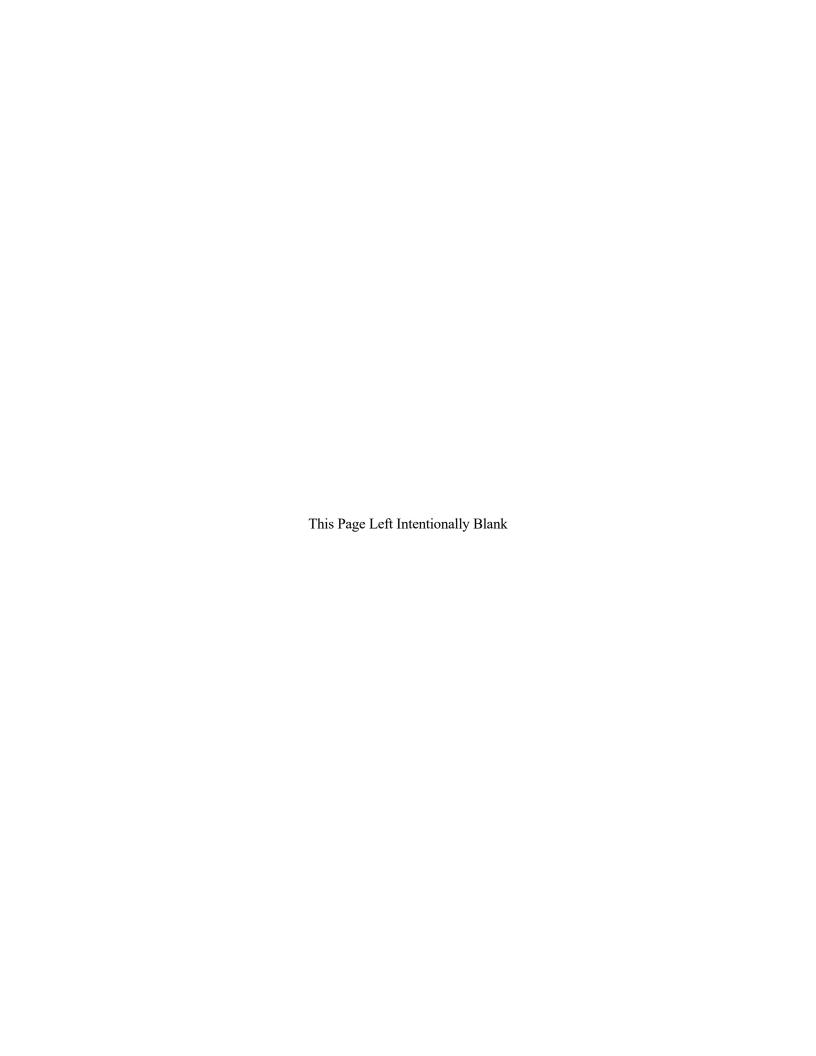
The purpose of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities is to summarize the entire City's financial activities and financial position.

The Statement of Net Position reports the difference between the City's total assets and deferred outflows and the City's total liabilities and deferred inflows, including all the City's capital assets and all its long-term debt. The Statement of Net Position summarizes the financial position of all the City's Governmental Activities in a single column, and the financial position of all the City's Business-Type Activities in a single column; these columns are followed by a Total column that presents the financial position of the entire City.

The City's Governmental Activities include the activities of its General Fund, along with all its Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds. Since the City's Internal Service Funds service these Funds, their activities are consolidated with Governmental Activities, after eliminating interfund transactions and balances. The City's Business-Type Activities include all its Enterprise Fund activities. The Statement of Activities reports increases and decreases in the City's Net Position. It is also prepared on the full accrual basis, which means it includes all the City's revenues and all its expenses, regardless of when cash changes hands. This differs from the modified accrual basis used in the Fund financial statements, which reflect only current assets, current liabilities, available revenues and measurable expenditures.

The Statement of Activities presents the City's expenses first, listed by program, and follows these with the expenses of its business-type activities. Program revenues—that is, revenues which are generated directly by these programs—are then deducted from program expenses to arrive at the net expense of each governmental and business-type program. The City's general revenues are then listed in the Governmental Activities or Business-type Activities column, as appropriate, and the Change in Net Position is computed and reconciled with the Statement of Net Position.

Both these Statements include the financial activities of the City and the Lathrop Public Facilities Financing Corporation (Corporation). The Corporation is legally separate but is a component unit of the City because it is controlled by the City, which is financially accountable for the activities of these entities.



CITY OF LATHROP STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals
ASSETS			
Cash and investments (Note 2)	\$ 97,534,743	\$ 37,448,341	\$ 134,983,084
Cash and investments, restricted, with fiscal agents (Note 2)		1,652,234	1,652,234
Accounts receivable	4,864,800	5,363,026	10,227,826
Interest receivable	226,000	103,207	329,207
Loans receivable Internal balances (Note 3C)	20,350 5,225,742	(5,225,742)	20,350
Capital assets, not being depreciated (Note 4)	30,367,637	41,979,091	72,346,728
Capital assets, being depreciated,	30,307,037	11,575,051	72,5 10,720
net of accumulated depreciation (Note 4)	152,773,618	129,672,026	282,445,644
Total assets	291,012,890	210,992,183	502,005,073
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS			
Related to pension (Note 8)	1,719,291	204,929	1,924,220
Related to OPEB (Note 9)	491,658		491,658
Total deferred outflows	2,210,949	204,929	2,415,878
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	3,424,582	1,173,601	4,598,183
Accrued payroll and benefits	229,027	-,-,-,-,-	229,027
Accrued interest	ŕ	189,568	189,568
Due to others		298,787	298,787
Deposits payable	3,734,528	818,452	4,552,980
Unearned revenue	8,151,687	58,494	8,210,181
Compensated absences (Note 1G): Due within one year	212,375	5,574	217,949
Due in more than one year	1,203,452	31,587	1,235,039
Long-term debt (Note 5):	1,203,132	31,307	1,233,037
Due within one year	290,000	1,446,827	1,736,827
Due in more than one year	3,350,000	19,751,613	23,101,613
Net pension liabilities (Note 8):			
Due in more than one year	4,536,574	540,733	5,077,307
Net OPEB liabilities (Note 9):	1 422 600		1 422 600
Due in more than one year	1,423,609		1,423,609
Total liabilities	26,555,834	24,315,236	50,871,070
DEFERRED INFLOWS			
Related to pension (Note 8)	561,118	66,882	628,000
Related to OPEB (Note 9)	407,012		407,012
Total deferred inflows	968,130	66,882	1,035,012
NET POSITION (Note 7)			
Net investment in capital assets	179,501,255	150,452,677	329,953,932
Restricted for:			
Debt service		1,652,234	1,652,234
Parks	268,982		268,982
Public safety	129,313		129,313
Community development Streets	6,461,349 6,693,003		6,461,349 6,693,003
Total restricted net positions	13,552,647	1,652,234	15,204,881
Unrestricted	72,645,973	34,710,083	107,356,056
Total net positions	\$ 265,699,875	\$ 186,814,994	\$ 452,514,869
1		,- ,	

CITY OF LATHROP STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Program Revenues							
	Expenses					Operating		Capital	
			Charges for Services		Contributions and Grants		Contributions and Grants		
Governmental activities:				_		_			
General government	\$	5,307,052	\$	528,673	\$	2,802	\$	-	
Community development		977,552		3,880,593					
Public safety		11,284,963		775,581		237,491		1,680,674	
Public works		16,835,406		1,874,445		5,432,845		39,239,771	
Culture and leisure		1,442,202		341,016		1,246			
Interest on long-term debt		46,410							
Total governmental activities		35,893,585		7,400,308		5,674,384		40,920,445	
Business-type activities:									
Water		6,303,489		9,052,906				159,854	
Sewer		9,206,503		7,923,942				32,396,485	
Total business-type activities		15,509,992		16,976,848				32,556,339	
Total government	\$	51,403,577	\$	24,377,156	\$	5,674,384	\$	73,476,784	

General Revenues

Property taxes

Sales and use taxes

Transient occupancy taxes

Franchise taxes

Motor vehicle in-lieu, unrestricted

Investment incomes

Miscellaneous revenues

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net Position, beginning

Net Position, ending

See accompanying notes to financial statements

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

 Governmental Activities	F	Business-type Activities	Totals
\$ (4,775,577) 2,903,041 (8,591,217)	\$	-	\$ (4,775,577) 2,903,041 (8,591,217)
29,711,655			29,711,655
(1,099,940)			(1,099,940)
 (46,410)			 (46,410)
 18,101,552			 18,101,552
		2,909,271	2,909,271
		31,113,924	31,113,924
 		34,023,195	 34,023,195
18,101,552		34,023,195	 52,124,747
4,710,374			4,710,374
12,001,476			12,001,476
666,791			666,791
1,204,106		1,599,048	2,803,154
1,898,011 1,996,503		782,839	1,898,011 2,779,342
149,364		782,839	149,364
 2,439,302		(2,439,302)	
25,065,927		(57,415)	 25,008,512
43,167,479		33,965,780	77,133,259
 222,532,396		152,849,214	 375,381,610
\$ 265,699,875	\$	186,814,994	\$ 452,514,869



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The funds described below were determined to be Major Funds by the City in fiscal year 2019. Individual non-major funds may be found in the Supplemental section.

GENERAL FUND

This fund accounts for all financial resources except those to be accounted for in another fund. It is the general operating fund of the City.

DEVELOPERS PROJECTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

This fund accounts for revenues received and expenditures spent associated with various developer projects.

CAPITAL FACILITIES FEE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

To account for the financial resources associated with the capital facility fees for Traffic Mitigation (includes Regional Traffic), Storm Drain, Culture and Leisure, City Service, and Administration.

CITY OF LATHROP GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2019

	General	Developers Projects	Capital Facilities Fee	Other Governmental Funds	Totals
Assets					
Cash and investments (Note 2)	\$38,375,955	\$ 3,376,020	\$31,085,458	\$ 23,468,140	\$ 96,305,573
Receivables:					
Accounts	3,386,196	41,059	110,250	1,327,295	4,864,800
Interest	92,969	7,907	76,857	48,267	226,000
Due from other funds (Note 3D)	166,602				166,602
Loans				20,350	20,350
Advances to other funds (Note 3A)	5,225,742				5,225,742
T 4 1 A	Φ 47 2 47 4 6 4	Ф 2 424 006	Ф 2.1. 2.7.2. <i>5.6.5</i>	¢ 24.064.052	¢ 107 000 077
Total Assets	\$47,247,464	\$ 3,424,986	\$31,272,565	\$ 24,864,052	\$ 106,809,067
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 1,699,738	\$ 180	\$ 346,380	\$ 1,378,284	\$ 3,424,582
Accrued payroll and benefits	229,027				229,027
Due to other funds (Note 3D)				166,602	166,602
Deposits payable	791,855	2,805,818		136,855	3,734,528
Unearned revenue	8,131,540			20,147	8,151,687
Total Liabilities	10,852,160	2,805,998	346,380	1,701,888	15,706,426
Fund Balances (Note 7)					
Nonspendable	5,225,742				5,225,742
Restricted				4,701,645	4,701,645
Committed		618,988	30,926,185	18,074,555	49,619,728
Assigned				549,720	549,720
Unassigned	31,169,562			(163,756)	31,005,806
Total Fund Balances	36,395,304	618,988	30,926,185	23,162,164	91,102,641
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$47,247,464	\$ 3,424,986	\$31,272,565	\$ 24,864,052	\$ 106,809,067

CITY OF LATHROP

Reconciliation of the

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BALANCE SHEET

with the

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2019

Total fund balance reported on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet		\$ 91,102,641
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different from those reported in the Governmental Funds because of the following:		
Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not current resources and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.		183,141,255
The liabilities below are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.		
Capital lease payable Compensated absences	\$ (3,640,000) (186,657)	
Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources Net OPEB liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources	(3,378,401) (1,338,963)	 (8,544,021)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 265,699,875

CITY OF LATHROP GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General	Developers Projects	Capital Facilities Fee	Other Governmental Funds	Totals
Revenues	General	Trojects	1 actities 1 ee	Tunds	Totals
Taxes and assessments	\$ 18,582,747	\$ -	\$ 9,587,445	\$ 7,137,298	\$ 35,307,490
Licenses and permits	1,823,951				1,823,951
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	724,723			1,817,828	2,542,551
Intergovernmental	1,898,011			2,475,967	4,373,978
Use of money and property	918,734	52,566	635,766	826,060	2,433,126
Charges for current services	4,656,065				4,656,065
Contributions from developments (Note 11)		536,277			536,277
Other	209,724	165,370		175,888	550,982
Total Revenues	28,813,955	754,213	10,223,211	12,433,041	52,224,420
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	5,137,588			25.005	5,137,588
Community development	801,096			37,897	838,993
Public safety	6,366,264	210.000		4,855,748	11,222,012
Public works	5,122,613	210,969		4,650,583	9,984,165
Culture and leisure	1,384,798	11.040		2 110 200	1,384,798
Capital outlay Debt service:	513,294	11,849		2,118,308	2,643,451
	46.410				46.410
Interest	46,410				46,410
Total Expenditures	19,372,063	222,818		11,662,536	31,257,417
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over					
Expenditures	9,441,892	531,395	10,223,211	770,505	20,967,003
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in (Note 3B)	4,095,216			10,285,651	14,380,867
Transfers out (Note 3B)	(4,330,273)	(204,922)	(3,126,860)	(4,279,510)	(11,941,565)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(235,057)	(204,922)	(3,126,860)	6,006,141	2,439,302
Net Changes in Fund Balances	9,206,835	326,473	7,096,351	6,776,646	23,406,305
Fund Balances	27,188,469	292,515	23,829,834	16,385,518	67,696,336
Fund Balances, End of the Year	\$ 36,395,304	\$ 618,988	\$ 30,926,185	\$ 23,162,164	\$ 91,102,641

CITY OF LATHROP

Reconciliation of the

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

with the

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The schedule below reconciles the Net Changes in Fund Balances reported on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, which measure only changes in current assets and current liabilities on the modified accrual basis, with the Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities reported in the Statement of Activities, which is prepared on the full accrual basis.

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		\$ 23,406,305
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:		
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over		
their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay expenditures are added back to fund balances Developer Contributions are added back to fund balances	\$ 2,643,451 24,397,342	
Non-capitalized capital outlay expenditures were reclassified to various governmental activities	(945,708)	
Depreciation expense not reported in governmental funds	 (6,321,134)	19,773,951
The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide (require) the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as revenues or expenditures in governmental funds (net change):		
Compensated absences		(161,061)
Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources		(32,147)
Net OPEB liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources		 180,431
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 43,167,479



MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds account for City operations financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The intent of the City is that the cost of providing goods and services be financed primarily through user charges.

ENTERPRISE FUNDS:

Water Fund

This fund accounts for the revenues and expenses of the City's water operations.

Sewer Fund

This fund accounts for the revenues and expenses of the City's sewer operations.

INTERNAL SERVICES FUND:

Compensated Absences Fund

This fund accounts for compensated absences activities, which are provided to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

CITY OF LATHROP PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

Carch and investments (Note 2)	Assets		Business-ty Water	ype 1	Activities-Enter Sewer	prise	e Funds Totals	Co	vernmental Activities- mpensated Absences rnal Service Fund
Restricted cash and investments, with fiscal agents (Note 2) 1,652,234 1,652,234 1,652,234 Receivables: Accounts 4,495,100 867,926 5,363,026 Interest 50,895 52,312 103,207 Total Current Assets 27,899,660 16,667,148 44,566,808 1,229,170 Noncurrent Assets: 16,347,670 25,631,421 41,979,091 41,979,091 41,973,337 87,698,689 129,672,026<	Current Assets:								
Receivables:	Cash and investments (Note 2)	\$	21,701,431	\$	15,746,910	\$	37,448,341	\$	1,229,170
Accounts 14,95,100 867,926 5,363,026 101,0207 Total Current Assets 27,899,660 16,667,148 44,566,808 1,229,170 1,000,000 1,000,	Restricted cash and investments, with fiscal agents (Note 2)		1,652,234				1,652,234		
Interest									
Total Current Assets									
Capital assets, not being depreciated (Note 4)	Interest				52,312		103,207		
Capital assets, not being depreciated (Note 4) 16,347,670 25,631,421 41,979,091 Capital assets, being depreciated (Note 4) 41,973,337 87,698,689 129,672,026 Total Noncurrent Assets 58,321,007 113,330,110 171,651,117 Total Assets 86,220,667 129,997,258 216,217,925 1,229,170 Deferred Outflows Related to pension (Note 8) 97,558 107,371 204,929 10,229,170 Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Accounts payable 614,698 558,903 1,173,601 1,89,568 189,568 189,568 189,568 1,89,568	Total Current Assets		27,899,660		16,667,148		44,566,808		1,229,170
Capital assets, being depreciation (Note 4)	Noncurrent Assets:								
Capital assets, being depreciation (Note 4)	Capital assets, not being depreciated (Note 4)		16,347,670		25,631,421		41,979,091		
Total Noncurrent Assets 58,321,007 113,330,110 171,651,117 1229,170 Deferred Outflows Related to pension (Note 8) 97,558 107,371 204,929 204,929 Liabilities Current Liabilities: Accounts payable 614,698 558,903 1,173,601 Accrued interest payable 189,568 189,568 Due to other governments 298,787 298,787 Unearned revenue 58,494 58,494 Deposits payable 787,164 31,288 818,452 Current portion of compensated absences (Note 1G) 3,442 2,132 5,574 184,376 Current portion of long-term liabilities (Note 5) 1,446,827 1,446,827 1,446,827 Total Current Liabilities 3,398,980 592,323 3,991,303 184,376 Noncurrent Liabilities 19,503 12,084 31,587 1,044,794 Advances from other funds (Note 3A) 962,868 4,262,874 5,225,742 State revolving fund loan (Note 5) 3,744,895 3,744,895 <td>Capital assets, being depreciated,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Capital assets, being depreciated,								
Total Assets 86,220,667 129,997,258 216,217,925 1,229,170 Deferred Outflows Related to pension (Note 8) 97,558 107,371 204,929 Deferred Current Liabilities Current Liabilities Accounts payable 614,698 558,903 1,173,601 Accrued interest payable 189,568 189,568 189,568 189,568 298,787 29	net of accumulated depreciation (Note 4)		41,973,337		87,698,689		129,672,026		
Deferred Outflows Related to pension (Note 8) 97,558 107,371 204,929 Liabilities Current Liabilities 8 558,903 1,173,601 Accrued interest payable 189,568 189,568 189,568 Due to other governments 298,787 298,787 298,787 Unearned revenue 58,494 58,494 58,494 Deposits payable 787,164 31,288 818,452 6,456,406 Current portion of compensated absences (Note 1G) 3,442 2,132 5,574 184,376 Current portion of long-term liabilities (Note 5) 1,446,827 1,446,827 1,446,827 Total Current Liabilities: 3,398,980 592,323 3,991,303 184,376 Noncurrent Liabilities: 8 4,262,874 5,225,742 1,044,794 Advances from other funds (Note 3A) 962,868 4,262,874 5,225,742 1,044,794 State revolving fund loan (Note 5) 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,952,214	Total Noncurrent Assets		58,321,007		113,330,110		171,651,117		
Related to pension (Note 8) 97,558 107,371 204,929 Liabilities Current Liabilities: Accounts payable 614,698 558,903 1,173,601 Accrued interest payable 189,568 189,568 Due to other governments 298,787 298,787 Unearned revenue 58,494 58,494 Deposits payable 787,164 31,288 188,452 Current portion of compensated absences (Note 1G) 3,442 2,132 5,574 184,376 Current portion of long-term liabilities (Note 5) 1,446,827 1,446,827 1,446,827 Total Current Liabilities 3,398,980 592,323 3,991,303 184,376 Compensated absences (Note 1G) 19,503 12,084 31,587 1,044,794 Advances from other funds (Note 3A) 962,868 4,262,874 5,225,742 5 State revolving fund loan (Note 5) 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,825 8 29,50,312	Total Assets		86,220,667		129,997,258		216,217,925		1,229,170
Related to pension (Note 8) 97,558 107,371 204,929 Liabilities Current Liabilities: Accounts payable 614,698 558,903 1,173,601 Accrued interest payable 189,568 189,568 Due to other governments 298,787 298,787 Unearned revenue 58,494 58,494 Deposits payable 787,164 31,288 188,452 Current portion of compensated absences (Note 1G) 3,442 2,132 5,574 184,376 Current portion of long-term liabilities (Note 5) 1,446,827 1,446,827 1,446,827 Total Current Liabilities 3,398,980 592,323 3,991,303 184,376 Compensated absences (Note 1G) 19,503 12,084 31,587 1,044,794 Advances from other funds (Note 3A) 962,868 4,262,874 5,225,742 5 State revolving fund loan (Note 5) 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,825 8 29,50,312	Deferred Outflows				·				
Current Liabilities			97.558		107.371		204.929		
Current Liabilities:	•		77,666		107,071		201,525		
Accounts payable 614,698 558,903 1,173,601 Accrued interest payable 189,568 189,568 Due to other governments 298,787 298,787 Unearned revenue 58,494 58,494 Deposits payable 787,164 31,288 818,452 Current portion of compensated absences (Note 1G) 3,442 2,132 5,574 184,376 Current portion of long-term liabilities (Note 5) 1,446,827 1,446,827 1,446,827 Total Current Liabilities 3,398,980 592,323 3,991,303 184,376 Noncurrent Liabilities 0 19,503 12,084 31,587 1,044,794 Advances from other funds (Note 3A) 962,868 4,262,874 5,225,742 5 State revolving fund loan (Note 5) 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,456,406 Compass bank loan payable (Note 5) 9,550,312 9,550,312 9,550,312 9,550,312 9,550,312 9,550,312 9,550,312 9,550,312 1,044,794 7 7 7 7 7 7									
Accrued interest payable 189,568 189,568 189,568 Due to other governments 298,787 298,787 Unearned revenue 58,494 58,494 Deposits payable 787,164 31,288 818,452 Current portion of compensated absences (Note 1G) 3,442 2,132 5,574 184,376 Current portion of long-term liabilities (Note 5) 1,446,827 1,446,827 1,446,827 Total Current Liabilities 3,398,980 592,323 3,991,303 184,376 Noncurrent Liabilities: 8 1,446,827 1,446,827 1,446,827 Compensated absences (Note 1G) 19,503 12,084 31,587 1,044,794 Advances from other funds (Note 3A) 962,868 4,262,874 5,225,742 State revolving fund loan (Note 5) 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,456,406 5,550,312 9,550,312 9,550,312 9,550,312 9,550,312 9,550,312 9,550,312 9,550,312 9,550,312 9,550,312 9,550,312 9,550,312 9,550,312 <td></td> <td></td> <td>614 600</td> <td></td> <td>550.000</td> <td></td> <td>1 172 (01</td> <td></td> <td></td>			614 600		550.000		1 172 (01		
Due to other governments 298,787 298,787 Unearned revenue 58,494 58,494 Deposits payable 787,164 31,288 818,452 Current portion of compensated absences (Note 1G) 3,442 2,132 5,574 184,376 Current portion of long-term liabilities (Note 5) 1,446,827 1,446,827 1,446,827 Total Current Liabilities: 3,398,980 592,323 3,991,303 184,376 Noncurrent Liabilities: 20mpensated absences (Note 1G) 19,503 12,084 31,587 1,044,794 Advances from other funds (Note 3A) 962,868 4,262,874 5,225,742 4,242,794 State revolving fund loan (Note 5) 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,456,406 Compass bank loan payable (Note 5) 3,744,895 9,550,312 9,550,312 9,550,312 Net pension liabilities (Note 8) 257,419 283,314 540,733 1,044,794 Total Long-Term Liabilities 20,991,403 4,558,272 25,549,675 1,044,794 Total Liabilities 31,840 35,042 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>558,903</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>					558,903				
Unearned revenue 58,494 58,494 Deposits payable 787,164 31,288 818,452 Current portion of compensated absences (Note 1G) 3,442 2,132 5,574 184,376 Current portion of long-term liabilities (Note 5) 1,446,827 1,446,827 1,446,827 Total Current Liabilities 3,398,980 592,323 3,991,303 184,376 Noncurrent Liabilities 20mpensated absences (Note 1G) 19,503 12,084 31,587 1,044,794 Advances from other funds (Note 3A) 962,868 4,262,874 5,225,742 4,225,742 5,225,742 4,225,742 4,225,742 5,225,742 4,225,742 4,225,742 5,225,742 4,225,742 5,225,742 5,225,742 4,225,742 5,225,742 2,23,212 5,225,742 7,225,742	* *								
Deposits payable 787,164 31,288 818,452 184,376 Current portion of compensated absences (Note 1G) 3,442 2,132 5,574 184,376 Current portion of long-term liabilities (Note 5) 1,446,827 1,446,827 1,446,827 Total Current Liabilities 3,398,980 592,323 3,991,303 184,376 Noncurrent Liabilities: Compensated absences (Note 1G) 19,503 12,084 31,587 1,044,794 Advances from other funds (Note 3A) 962,868 4,262,874 5,225,742 5,225,742 State revolving fund loan (Note 5) 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,456,406 Compass bank loan payable (Note 5) 3,744,895 3,744,895 3,744,895 2017 bank loan (Note 5) 9,550,312 9,550,312 Net pension liabilities (Note 8) 257,419 283,314 540,733 Total Long-Term Liabilities 20,991,403 4,558,272 25,549,675 1,044,794 Total Liabilities 31,840 35,042 66,882 1,229,170 Deferred Inflows Related	-								
Current portion of compensated absences (Note 1G) 3,442 2,132 5,574 184,376 Current portion of long-term liabilities (Note 5) 1,446,827 1,446,827 1,446,827 Total Current Liabilities 3,398,980 592,323 3,991,303 184,376 Noncurrent Liabilities: Compensated absences (Note 1G) 19,503 12,084 31,587 1,044,794 Advances from other funds (Note 3A) 962,868 4,262,874 5,225,742 5,225,742 State revolving fund loan (Note 5) 6,456,406 6,456,40					21 200				
Current portion of long-term liabilities (Note 5) 1,446,827 1,446,827 Total Current Liabilities 3,398,980 592,323 3,991,303 184,376 Noncurrent Liabilities: Compensated absences (Note 1G) 19,503 12,084 31,587 1,044,794 Advances from other funds (Note 3A) 962,868 4,262,874 5,225,742 5,225,742 State revolving fund loan (Note 5) 6,456,406 6,456,406 6,456,406 Compass bank loan payable (Note 5) 3,744,895 3,744,895 3,744,895 2017 bank loan (Note 5) 9,550,312 9,550,312 9,550,312 Net pension liabilities (Note 8) 257,419 283,314 540,733 Total Long-Term Liabilities 20,991,403 4,558,272 25,549,675 1,044,794 Total Liabilities 24,390,383 5,150,595 29,540,978 1,229,170 Deferred Inflows 31,840 35,042 66,882 Net Position (Note 7) Net investment in capital assets 37,122,567 113,330,110 150,452,677 Restricted for debt service <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>194 276</td>									194 276
Total Current Liabilities 3,398,980 592,323 3,991,303 184,376 Noncurrent Liabilities: 2 31,587 1,044,794 Compensated absences (Note 1G) 19,503 12,084 31,587 1,044,794 Advances from other funds (Note 3A) 962,868 4,262,874 5,225,742 2,25,234,273 1,244,794 4,262,874 3,242,333 3,142,895 2,25,49,675 1,044,794 4,262,874 3,229,170 4,262,874 4,262,874					2,132				164,370
Noncurrent Liabilities: Compensated absences (Note 1G)					502.222				104.276
Compensated absences (Note 1G) 19,503 12,084 31,587 1,044,794 Advances from other funds (Note 3A) 962,868 4,262,874 5,225,742 State revolving fund loan (Note 5) 6,456,406 6,456,406 Compass bank loan payable (Note 5) 3,744,895 3,744,895 2017 bank loan (Note 5) 9,550,312 9,550,312 Net pension liabilities (Note 8) 257,419 283,314 540,733 Total Long-Term Liabilities 20,991,403 4,558,272 25,549,675 1,044,794 Total Liabilities 24,390,383 5,150,595 29,540,978 1,229,170 Deferred Inflows 31,840 35,042 66,882 Net Position (Note 7) 37,122,567 113,330,110 150,452,677 Restricted for debt service 1,652,234 1,652,234 Unrestricted 23,121,201 11,588,882 34,710,083	Total Current Liabilities		3,398,980		592,323		3,991,303		184,376
Advances from other funds (Note 3A) 962,868 4,262,874 5,225,742 State revolving fund loan (Note 5) 6,456,406 Compass bank loan payable (Note 5) 3,744,895 2017 bank loan (Note 5) 9,550,312 Net pension liabilities (Note 8) 257,419 283,314 540,733 Total Long-Term Liabilities 20,991,403 4,558,272 25,549,675 1,044,794 Total Liabilities 24,390,383 5,150,595 29,540,978 1,229,170 Deferred Inflows Related to pension (Note 8) 31,840 35,042 66,882 Net Position (Note 7) Net investment in capital assets 37,122,567 113,330,110 150,452,677 Restricted for debt service 1,652,234 1,652,234 Unrestricted 23,121,201 11,588,882 34,710,083									
State revolving fund loan (Note 5) 6,456,406 6,456,406 Compass bank loan payable (Note 5) 3,744,895 3,744,895 2017 bank loan (Note 5) 9,550,312 9,550,312 Net pension liabilities (Note 8) 257,419 283,314 540,733 Total Long-Term Liabilities 20,991,403 4,558,272 25,549,675 1,044,794 Total Liabilities 24,390,383 5,150,595 29,540,978 1,229,170 Deferred Inflows Related to pension (Note 8) 31,840 35,042 66,882 Net Position (Note 7) Net investment in capital assets 37,122,567 113,330,110 150,452,677 Restricted for debt service 1,652,234 1,652,234 Unrestricted 23,121,201 11,588,882 34,710,083							,		1,044,794
Compass bank loan payable (Note 5) 3,744,895 3,744,895 2017 bank loan (Note 5) 9,550,312 9,550,312 Net pension liabilities (Note 8) 257,419 283,314 540,733 Total Long-Term Liabilities 20,991,403 4,558,272 25,549,675 1,044,794 Total Liabilities 24,390,383 5,150,595 29,540,978 1,229,170 Deferred Inflows Related to pension (Note 8) 31,840 35,042 66,882 Net Position (Note 7) Net investment in capital assets 37,122,567 113,330,110 150,452,677 Restricted for debt service 1,652,234 1,652,234 Unrestricted 23,121,201 11,588,882 34,710,083					4,262,874				
2017 bank loan (Note 5) 9,550,312 9,550,312 Net pension liabilities (Note 8) 257,419 283,314 540,733 Total Long-Term Liabilities 20,991,403 4,558,272 25,549,675 1,044,794 Total Liabilities 24,390,383 5,150,595 29,540,978 1,229,170 Deferred Inflows Related to pension (Note 8) 31,840 35,042 66,882 Net Position (Note 7) Net investment in capital assets 37,122,567 113,330,110 150,452,677 Restricted for debt service 1,652,234 1,652,234 Unrestricted 23,121,201 11,588,882 34,710,083									
Net pension liabilities (Note 8) 257,419 283,314 540,733 Total Long-Term Liabilities 20,991,403 4,558,272 25,549,675 1,044,794 Total Liabilities 24,390,383 5,150,595 29,540,978 1,229,170 Deferred Inflows Related to pension (Note 8) 31,840 35,042 66,882 Net Position (Note 7) Net investment in capital assets 37,122,567 113,330,110 150,452,677 Restricted for debt service 1,652,234 1,652,234 Unrestricted 23,121,201 11,588,882 34,710,083									
Total Long-Term Liabilities 20,991,403 4,558,272 25,549,675 1,044,794 Total Liabilities 24,390,383 5,150,595 29,540,978 1,229,170 Deferred Inflows Related to pension (Note 8) 31,840 35,042 66,882 Net Position (Note 7) Net investment in capital assets 37,122,567 113,330,110 150,452,677 Restricted for debt service 1,652,234 1,652,234 Unrestricted 23,121,201 11,588,882 34,710,083	` '				202 214				
Total Liabilities 24,390,383 5,150,595 29,540,978 1,229,170 Deferred Inflows Related to pension (Note 8) 31,840 35,042 66,882 Net Position (Note 7) Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service 1,652,234 Unrestricted 37,122,567 113,330,110 150,452,677 Restricted for debt service 1,652,234 1,652,234 Unrestricted 23,121,201 11,588,882 34,710,083				_		_			
Deferred Inflows 31,840 35,042 66,882 Net Position (Note 7) 37,122,567 113,330,110 150,452,677 Restricted for debt service 1,652,234 1,652,234 Unrestricted 23,121,201 11,588,882 34,710,083	-								
Related to pension (Note 8) 31,840 35,042 66,882 Net Position (Note 7)	Total Liabilities		24,390,383		5,150,595		29,540,978		1,229,170
Net Position (Note 7) Net investment in capital assets 37,122,567 113,330,110 150,452,677 Restricted for debt service 1,652,234 1,652,234 Unrestricted 23,121,201 11,588,882 34,710,083	Deferred Inflows								
Net investment in capital assets 37,122,567 113,330,110 150,452,677 Restricted for debt service 1,652,234 1,652,234 Unrestricted 23,121,201 11,588,882 34,710,083	Related to pension (Note 8)		31,840		35,042		66,882		
Net investment in capital assets 37,122,567 113,330,110 150,452,677 Restricted for debt service 1,652,234 1,652,234 Unrestricted 23,121,201 11,588,882 34,710,083	Net Position (Note 7)								
Restricted for debt service 1,652,234 1,652,234 Unrestricted 23,121,201 11,588,882 34,710,083			37,122,567		113,330.110		150,452.677		
Unrestricted 23,121,201 11,588,882 34,710,083	•				, -, -				
Total Net Position \$ 61,896,002 \$ 124,918,992 \$ 186,814,994 \$ -		_		_	11,588,882				
	Total Net Position	\$	61,896,002	\$	124,918,992	\$	186,814,994	\$	

CITY OF LATHROP PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds						Con	ernmental etivities- npensated bsences nal Service
		Water		Sewer		Totals		Fund
Operating Revenues							-	
Service charges	\$	8,957,445	\$	7,800,739	\$	16,758,184	\$	-
Other income		95,461		123,203		218,664		
Total Operating Revenues		9,052,906		7,923,942		16,976,848		
Operating Expenses								
General and administrative		599,378		712,049		1,311,427		
Maintenance and operations		3,438,825		6,172,559		9,611,384		
Depreciation		1,456,193		2,321,895		3,778,088		
Total Operating Expenses		5,494,396		9,206,503		14,700,899		
Operating Income		3,558,510		(1,282,561)		2,275,949		
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)								
Investment earnings		429,171		353,668		782,839		
Taxes and assessments		1,277,103		321,945		1,599,048		
Interest expense		(809,093)				(809,093)		
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		897,181		675,613		1,572,794		
Income Before Contributions and Transfers		4,455,691		(606,948)		3,848,743		
Developer contributions Transfers:		159,854		32,396,485		32,556,339		
Transfers in (Note 3B)		3,018,668		2,865,566		5,884,234		
Transfers out (Note 3B)		(3,933,069)		(4,390,467)		(8,323,536)		
Changes in Net Position		3,701,144		30,264,636		33,965,780		
Net Position, Beginning of the Fiscal Year		58,194,858		94,654,356		152,849,214		
Net Position, End of the Fiscal Year	\$	61,896,002	\$	124,918,992	\$	186,814,994	\$	

CITY OF LATHROP PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds							vernmental ctivities-
	,	Water		Sewer		Totals	A	mpensated Absences rnal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers and users Payments to employees and benefits		9,339,884 (3,043,769) (583,557)	\$	7,814,489 (6,545,832) (710,077)	\$	17,154,373 (9,589,601) (1,293,634)	\$	12,196
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		5,712,558		558,580		6,271,138		12,196
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Taxes and assessments Interfund payments Transfers in Transfers (out)		1,277,103 3,018,668 (3,933,069)		321,945 (424,362) 2,865,566 (4,390,467)		1,599,048 (424,362) 5,884,234 (8,323,536)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		362,702		(1,627,318)		(1,264,616)		
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Principal repayments Interest paid Developer contributions Purchase of capital assets	((1,406,339) (809,090) 159,854 (170,017)		21,507		(1,406,339) (809,090) 159,854 (148,510)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	((2,225,592)		21,507		(2,204,085)		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest received		415,255		334,201		749,456		
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		415,255		334,201		749,456		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		4,264,923		(713,030)		3,551,893		12,196
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Year	1	9,088,742		16,459,940		35,548,682		1,216,974
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year	\$ 2	3,353,665	\$	15,746,910	\$	39,100,575	\$	1,229,170
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to Statement of Net Position: Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments		1,701,431 1,652,234	\$	15,746,910	\$	37,448,341 1,652,234	\$	1,229,170
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2	3,353,665	\$	15,746,910	\$	39,100,575	\$	1,229,170
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Operating Assets:		3,558,510 1,456,193	\$	(1,282,561) 2,321,895	\$	2,275,949 3,778,088	\$	-
Accounts receivable Increase (Decrease) in Operating Liabilities:		286,978		(109,453)		177,525		
Accounts payable Due to other governments Deposits payable Pension liability		79,649 298,787 16,620 1,824		2,008		(293,624) 298,787 16,620 3,832		
Compensated absences		13,997		(36)	_	13,961	_	12,196
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	5,712,558	\$	558,580	\$	6,271,138	\$	12,196

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the Entity-wide financial statements, but are presented in separate Fiduciary Fund financial statements.

CITY OF LATHROP FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2019

	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and investments (Note 2)	\$ 5,933,094
Cash and investments, restricted, with fiscal agents (Note 2)	7,315,067
Accounts receivable	2,951,576
Interest receivable	14,707
Total assets	\$ 16,214,444
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 440,754
Deposits payable	361,839
Due to developers	3,905,981
Due to bondholders	11,505,870
Total liabilities	\$ 16,214,444

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Lathrop, California, (the City) was incorporated July 1, 1989, under the general laws of the State of California. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services: general government, public safety, public ways and facilities/transportation, culture and leisure, and public utilities.

The financial statements of the primary government of the City of Lathrop include the activities of the City as well as the Lathrop Public Facilities Financing Corporation, which is controlled by and dependent on the City. While it is a separate legal entity, its financial activities are integral to those of the City. Its financial activities have been aggregated and merged (termed "blending") with those of the primary government of the City in the accompanying financial statements.

On April 11, 2000, the City Council formed the Lathrop Public Facilities Financing Corporation (Corporation), a non-profit public benefit corporation. The Corporation was formed to assist the City in financing the acquisition, construction, and improvement of municipal facilities. The Corporation is also empowered to acquire property. The Corporation is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of the City Council members.

B. Basis of Presentation

The City's Basic Financial Statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Government Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the U.S.A.

These Standards require that the financial statements described below be presented.

Government-wide Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the City and its component unit). These statements include the financial activities of the overall City government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. However, the interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program and (c) fees, grants and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund *operating* revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. *Nonoperating* revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

C. Major Funds

Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses equal to ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total. Major governmental and business-type funds are identified and presented separately in the fund financial statements. All other funds, called non-major funds, are combined and reported in a single column, regardless of their fund-type. The General Fund is always a major fund. The City may also select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds.

The City reported the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

GENERAL FUND

This fund accounts for all financial resources except those to be accounted for in another fund. It is the general operating fund of the City.

DEVELOPERS PROJECTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

This fund accounts for developer paid fees restricted to/committed expenditures associated with various developer projects.

CAPITAL FACILITIES FEE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

To account for the financial resources associated with the capital facility fees for Traffic Mitigation (includes Regional Traffic), Storm Drain, Culture and Leisure, City Service, and Administration.

WATER FUND

This fund accounts for the revenues and expenses of the City's water operations.

SEWER FUND

This fund accounts for the revenues and expenses of the City's sewer operations.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

The fund accounts for compensated absences activities, which are provided to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for certain special assessment districts and developers' deposits, and the TOT Trust Fund. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the Entity-wide financial statement, but are presented in separate Fiduciary Fund financial statements.

D. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the full *accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recorded when *earned* and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are *incurred*, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Governmental funds are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the *modified accrual* basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when *measurable* and *available*. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Governmental capital asset acquisitions are reported as *expenditures* in governmental funds. Proceeds of governmental long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as *other financing sources*.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water fund, sewer fund, and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied or assessed. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The City may fund programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted Net Position may be available to finance program expenditures. The City's policy is to first apply restricted grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues if necessary.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Certain indirect costs are included in program expenses reported for individual functions and activities.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are use of money and property revenue, charges for services and fines and penalties. Sales taxes collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the City also are recognized as revenue.

E. Property Tax

The City's property taxes are levied each July 1, on the assessed values as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property located in the City. Property sold after the assessment date (January 1) is reassessed and the amount of property tax levied is prorated.

The City has elected to receive property taxes from the County of San Joaquin (County) under the Teeter Plan. Under this program, the City receives 100% of the levied property taxes in periodic payments with the County assuming responsibility for delinquencies. Secured property taxes are due in two equal installments; the first is due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10; the second is due February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Unsecured personal property taxes do not constitute a lien against real property unless the taxes become delinquent. Payment must be made in one installment, which is delinquent if not paid by August 31. The City accrues only taxes which are received from the County within 60 days after fiscal year end.

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

G. Compensated Absences

City employees accumulate earned but unused vacation which can be converted to cash at termination of employment. For governmental funds, a liability for these amounts is recorded only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The remaining amounts are reported as a liability in the Statement of Net Position. Proprietary funds' liability for compensated absences is recorded in each proprietary fund. The liability for compensated absences is determined annually.

Changes in compensated absences for the year ended June 30, 2019, were as follows:

	 vernmental Activities	ness-Type ctivities	 Total
Beginning Balance Additions Payments	\$ 1,242,570 173,257	\$ 23,200 15,720 (1,759)	\$ 1,265,770 188,977 (1,759)
Ending Balance	\$ 1,415,827	\$ 37,161	\$ 1,452,988
Current Portion	\$ 212,375	\$ 5,574	\$ 217,949

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Compensated absences are liquidated by the fund that has recorded the liability. The long-term portion of governmental activities compensated absences is liquidated by the Compensated Absences Internal Service Fund.

H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

I. Cash and cash equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

J. New Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Pronouncements

Management adopted the provisions of the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements, which became effective during the year ended June 30, 2019:

GASB Statement No. 83 - In December 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain assets retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. GASB Statement No. 83 statement requires the current value of a government's AROs to annually be adjusted for the effects of general inflation or deflation, and relevant factors that may significantly change the estimated asset retirement outlays. This statement also requires disclosure of information about the nature of a government's AROs, the methods and assumptions used for the estimates of the liabilities, and the estimated remaining useful life of the associated tangible capital assets. This Statement had no effect on the City's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 88 - In June 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. The objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. It requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses. This Statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. See Note 5 for relevant disclosures.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

K. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 inputs are inputs – other than quoted prices included within level 1 – that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

If the fair value of an asset or liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

L. New Fund

In fiscal year 2019, the City established the Universal Hiring Grant Special Revenue Fund to account for grant received from the Office of Traffic Safety to be used to conduct a seat belt compliance campaign.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Policies

The City invests in individual investments and in investment pools. Individual investments are evidenced by specific identifiable pieces of paper called *securities instruments*, or by an electronic entry registering the owner in the records of the institution issuing the security, called the *book entry* system.

California Law requires banks and savings and loan institutions to pledge government securities with a market value of 110% of the City's cash on deposit or first trust deed mortgage notes with a value of 150% of the City's cash on deposit as collateral for these deposits. Under California Law this collateral is held in an investment pool by an independent financial institution in the City's name and places the City ahead of general creditors of the institution pledging the collateral.

The City's investments are carried at fair value, as required by generally accepted accounting principles. The City adjusts the carrying value of its investments to reflect their fair value at each fiscal year end, and it includes the effects of these adjustments in income for that fiscal year.

Investment income is allocated among funds on the basis of average monthly cash and investment balances in these funds. Interest income on certain investments is allocated based on the source of the investment and legal requirements which apply.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Cash and investments with an original maturity of three months or less are used in preparing proprietary fund statements of cash flows because these assets are highly liquid and are expended to liquidate liabilities arising during the year.

B. Classification

Cash and investments are classified in the financial statements as shown below, based on whether or not their use is restricted under the terms of City debt instruments. Cash and investments as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

City cash and investments in primary government:	
Cash and investments	\$ 134,983,084
Cash and investments, restricted, with fiscal agents	 1,652,234
Total City cash and investments in primary government	136,635,318
Cash and investments in Fiduciary Funds (separate statement):	
Cash and investments,	5,933,094
Cash and investments, restricted, with fiscal agents	 7,315,067
Total Fiduciary Funds cash and investments	 13,248,161
Total cash and investments	\$ 149,883,479
Cash and investments as of June 30, 2019, consist of the following:	
Cash on hand	\$ 2,760
Cash with financial institutions	44,468,634
Investments	 105,412,085
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 149,883,479

C. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The City's Investment Policy and the California Government Code allow the City to invest in the following, provided the credit ratings of the issuers are acceptable to the City and approved percentages and maturities are not exceeded. The table below also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code or the City's Investment Policy where it is more restrictive that addresses interest rate risk, credit risk and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The City's investment policy states that all investments and deposits shall be made in accordance to the California Government Code Sections 16429.1, 53600-53609 and 53630-53686, except for that reserve funds from proceeds of debt issues may be invested in permitted investments specified in the indenture of the debt issue. The City has further restricted authorized investments to the following:

		Maximum		
		Percentage/	Maximum	Minimum
	Maximum	Amount	Investment	Credit
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	In One Issuer	Ratings
Local Government Bonds	5 years	30%	None	A
State Bonds	5 years	30%	None	A
US Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None	N/A
US Government Agency Issues	5 years	None	None	N/A
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%	A
Commercial Paper, Prime Quality	270 days	25%	10%	A
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None	N/A
Repurchase and Reverse Repurchase Agreements	30 days	None	None	A
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	10%	A
Money Market Funds	N/A	20%	None	AAAm
Mutual Funds	5 years	20%	10%	AAAm
Local Agency Investment Fund (State Pool)	N/A	None	None	N/A
Joint Power Authority Pool	N/A	None	None	N/A
Supranational Obligations	5 years	30%	None	AA

D. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

The City must maintain required amounts of cash and investments with trustees or fiscal agents under the terms of certain debt issues. These funds are unexpended bond proceeds or are pledged reserves to be used if the City fails to meet its obligations under these debt issues. The California Government Code requires these funds to be invested in accordance with City resolutions, bond indentures or State statutes. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by fiscal agents. The bond indentures contain no limitations for the maximum investment in any one issuer or the maximum percentage of the portfolio that may be invested in any one investment type. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements:

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

		Maximum Percentage/	Maximum
Authorized Investment Type	Maximum	Amount	Investment in One Issuer
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	III One issuer
US Treasury Obligations	None	None	None
US Agency Securities	None	None	None
Mortgage-backed Securities	3 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance (must be dollar denominated)	360 days	None	None
Certificates of Deposit	None	None	None
Commercial Paper	180 days	None	None
Money Market Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Government Bonds	None	None	None
County Pool	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (State Pool)	N/A	None	None

E. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustees) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity or earliest call date:

	1	12 Months	13 to		25 to		
Investment Type		or less	24 Months		60 Months		 Total
US Treasury Obligations	\$	4,201,612	\$	11,088,499	\$	11,482,352	\$ 26,772,463
US Government Agencies Issues		796,308		778,037		2,427,916	4,002,261
Supranational Obligations						304,056	304,056
California Local Agency Investment Fund		52,183,768					52,183,768
California Asset Management Program		10,071,470					10,071,470
Money Market Mutual Funds		11,235,319					11,235,319
Investments in County Pool		353,265					353,265
Certificates of Deposit		489,483					489,483
Total Investments	\$	79,331,225	\$	11,866,536	\$	14,214,324	105,412,085
Cash in Banks and on hand							44,471,394
Total City Cash and Investments							\$ 149,883,479

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The City is a participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The City reports its investment in LAIF at the fair value amount provided by LAIF, which is the same as the value of the pool share. The balance is available for withdrawal on demand, and is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. Included in LAIF's investment portfolio are collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, loans to certain state funds, United States Treasury Notes and Bills and floating rate securities issued by federal agencies, government-sponsored enterprises, and corporations. At June 30, 2019, these investments have an average maturity of 173 days.

Money market mutual funds are available for withdrawal on demand and at June 30, 2019, have an average maturity of 33 days.

F. Fair Value Hierarchy

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in an active market for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The following is a summary of the fair value hierarchy of the fair value of investments of the City as of June 30, 2019:

Investments by Fair Value Level:	 Level 1	Level 2	Total		
US Treasury Obligations US Government Agencies Issues Supranational Obligations	\$ 26,772,463	\$ 4,002,261 304,056	\$	26,772,463 4,002,261 304,056	
Total Investments	\$ 26,772,463	\$ 4,002,261		31,078,780	
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost:					
California Local Agency Investment Fund				52,183,768	
California Asset Management Program				10,071,470	
Money Market Mutual Funds				11,235,319	
Investments in County Pool				353,265	
Certificates of Deposit				489,483	
Cash in banks and on hand				44,471,394	
Total Cash and investments			\$	149,883,479	

US Treasury Obligations classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset. US Government Agencies Issues and Supranationals Obligations classified in Level 2 is valued based on other observable inputs. Fair value is defined as the quoted market value on the last trading day of the period. These prices are obtained from various pricing sources by the custodian bank.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

G. Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The actual ratings as of June 30, 2019, as provided by Standard and Poor's, are as follows:

Investment Type	AAAm		 AA+	AAA	 Total
US Government Agencies Issues	\$	-	\$ 4,002,261	\$ -	\$ 4,002,261
Supranational Obligations				304,056	304,056
Money Market Mutual Funds		11,235,319	 	 	 11,235,319
Totals	\$	11,235,319	\$ 4,002,261	\$ 304,056	15,541,636
Not Rated:					26.772.462
US Treasury Obligations					26,772,463
California Local Agency Investment Fund					52,183,768
California Asset Management Program					10,071,470
Investments in County Pool					353,265
Certificates of Deposit					 489,483
Total Investments					\$ 105,412,085

H. Concentration of Credit Risk

There were no Investments in any one issuer, other than U. S. Treasury securities, money market mutual funds, and California Local Agency Investment Funds that represent 5% or more of total City-wide investments at June 30, 2019.

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Long-Term Advances

As of June 30, 2019, the General Fund had advanced \$4,262,874 to the Sewer Fund, which was used to cover capital construction and other related costs. The advances will be repaid with future operating revenues, but not within the next fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2019, the General Fund had made advances to the Water Fund in the amount of \$962,868, which was used to cover debt service payments on 2003 Water Revenue Bonds. The advances will be repaid with future revenues, but not within the next fiscal year.

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

B. Transfers Between Funds

With Council approval, resources may be transferred from one City fund to another. Transfers between funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, were as follows:

	Transfers In				
Major Governmental Funds:					
General	\$	4,095,216	\$	4,330,273	
Developer Projects				204,922	
Capital Facilities Fee				3,126,860	
Major Enterprise Funds:					
Water		3,018,668		3,933,069	
Sewer		2,865,566		4,390,467	
Non Major Governmental Funds		10,285,651		4,279,510	
Total Interfund Transfers	\$	20,265,101	\$	20,265,101	

The purposes of the above transfers were to fund operations, capital projects and debt services.

C. Internal Balances

Internal balances are presented in the Entity-wide financial statements only. They represent the net interfund receivables and payables remaining after the elimination of all such balances within governmental and business-type activities.

D. Due To (From) Other Funds

The City provides short-term interfund loans to cover cash flows which are expected to be repaid within the next year. As of June 30, 2019, Due To (From) Other Funds were as follows:

Due From Other Funds	Due To Other Funds		A	Amount	
General Fund	eral Fund CLSP Service CFD Special Revenue Fund Universal Hiring Grant				
		Total	\$	166,602	

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value rather than fair value. All other capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. The City's policy is to capitalize all capital assets with costs exceeding certain minimum thresholds.

The City has recorded all its public domain (infrastructure) capital assets placed in service, which include roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems.

The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of capital assets equitably among all users over the life of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each year represents that year's pro rata share of the cost of capital assets. GASB Statement No. 34 requires that all capital assets with limited useful lives be depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation is provided using the straight line method which means the cost of the capital asset is divided by its expected useful life in years and the result is charged to expense each year until the capital asset is fully depreciated. The City has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets.

Buildings	40	years
Improvements	10-40	years
Equipment	3-10	years
Infrastructure	4-100	years

The City capitalized all capital assets with a cost greater than \$3,000 and a useful life of more than one year.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

A. Capital Asset Additions and Retirements

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, is as follows:

		Balance at ine 30, 2018		Additions		Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2019		
Governmental Activities									
Capital assets not being depreciated:		0.620.502	Ф		Φ.		Φ.	0.620.502	
Land Construction in Progress	\$	9,629,503	\$	1,694,648	\$	(5,613,585)	\$	9,629,503	
Construction in Progress		24,657,071		1,094,048				20,738,134	
Total capital assets not being depreciated		34,286,574		1,694,648		(5,613,585)		30,367,637	
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Buildings		11,784,121						11,784,121	
Improvements		58,793,405		6,791				58,800,196	
Equipment and Vehicles		4,769,877		637,062		E (12 E9E		5,406,939	
Infrastructure		134,937,477		23,756,584		5,613,585		164,307,646	
Total capital assets being depreciated		210,284,880		24,400,437		5,613,585		240,298,902	
Less accumulated depreciation:									
Buildings		3,124,508		227,146				3,351,654	
Improvements		17,063,620		2,302,889				19,366,509	
Equipment and Vehicles		3,433,237		454,538				3,887,775	
Infrastructure		57,582,785		3,336,561		_		60,919,346	
Total accumulated depreciation		81,204,150		6,321,134				87,525,284	
Net capital assets being depreciated		129,080,730		18,079,303		5,613,585		152,773,618	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	163,367,304	\$	19,773,951	\$	-	\$	183,141,255	
		Balance at						Balance at	
Business-type Activities	Ju	ine 30, 2018		Additions		Transfers	J	une 30, 2019	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	3,565,179	\$	_	\$	-	\$	3,565,179	
Construction in Progress	•	55,705,296		2,202,348		(19,493,732)		38,413,912	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	-	59,270,475		2,202,348		(19,493,732)		41,979,091	
Capital assets, being depreciated:							-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Buildings		65,773						65,773	
		125,447,313		30,342,647		19,493,732		175,283,692	
Improvements Equipment and Vehicles		1,322,894		30,342,047		19,493,732		1,322,894	
• •									
Net capital assets being depreciated		126,835,980		30,342,647		19,493,732		176,672,359	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings		57,158		633				57,791	
Improvements		42,103,533		3,730,073				45,833,606	
Equipment and Vehicles		1,061,554		47,382				1,108,936	
Total accumulated depreciation		43,222,245		3,778,088				47,000,333	
Net capital assets being depreciated		83,613,735		26,564,559		19,493,732		129,672,026	
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	142,884,210	\$	28,766,907	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	171,651,117	

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

B. Capital Asset Contributions

Some capital assets may be acquired using federal and State grant funds, or they may be contributed by developers or other governments. These contributions are required to be accounted for as revenues at the time the capital assets are contributed.

C. Depreciation Allocation

Depreciation expense is charged to functions and programs based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function or program are as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General governments	\$ 94,662
Community development	142,914
Public safety	109,927
Public works	5,929,977
Culture and leisure	 43,654
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 6,321,134
Business-Type Activities	
Water	\$ 1,456,193
Sewer	 2,321,895
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 3,778,088

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The City generally incurs long-term debt to finance projects or purchase assets, which will have useful lives equal to or greater than the related debt.

A. The City's Long-Term Debt

The City's long-term debt activities for the year ended June 30, 2019, is as follows:

		Balance				Balance	Current		
			Retirements		Ju	ne 30, 2019		Portion	
Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt,									
Direct Borrowing:									
Capital Lease Obligation									
2016 Lease Agreement									
2.55%, due 07/15/2029	\$	3,640,000	\$		\$	3,640,000	\$	290,000	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	3,640,000	\$		\$	3,640,000	\$	290,000	

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2018	Re	etirements	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2019	Current Portion
Business-type Activities Long-Term Debt,							
Direct Borrowings:							
2017 Bank Loan							
2.89%, due 06/01/2032	\$	10,846,145	\$	638,621	\$	10,207,524	\$ 657,212
State Revolving Fund Loan							
2.3086%, due 7/1/2032		7,328,146		430,868		6,897,278	440,872
Compass Bank Loan							
3.500%, due 6/1/2029		4,430,488		336,850		4,093,638	348,743
Total Business-type Activities	\$	22,604,779	\$	1,406,339	\$	21,198,440	\$ 1,446,827

B. Debt Service Requirements

Future principal and interest payments on all Governmental and Business-type long-term debt were as follows at June 30, 2019:

		Governi Activ Direct Bo	ities]	Business-Type Direct Bor				
	-	Direct Bo	niow	ring					State R	U			
For The Year	City Hall Lease				2017 Ba	nk L	oan		Fund	U	Compass B	ank	Loan
Ending June 30		Principal		Interest	Principal	Interest		Principal		Interest	Principal	Interest	
2020	\$	290,000	\$	89,123	\$ 657,212	\$	290,249	\$	440,872	\$ 156,701	\$ 348,743	\$	140,257
2021		300,000		81,600	676,343		271,117		451,109	146,464	361,056		127,944
2022		305,000		73,886	696,032		251,429		461,583	135,990	373,803		115,197
2023		315,000		65,981	716,293		231,167		472,301	125,272	387,001		101,999
2024		320,000		57,885	737,145		210,316		483,267	114,306	400,664		88,336
2025 - 2029		1,735,000		160,460	4,020,373		716,931		2,589,959	397,912	2,222,371		219,232
2030 - 2033		375,000		4,781	 2,704,126		138,257		1,998,187	93,319	 		-
Total	\$	3,640,000	\$	533,716	\$ 10,207,524	\$	2,109,466	\$	6,897,278	\$ 1,169,964	\$ 4,093,638	\$	792,965

C. Description of the City's Long-Term Debt Issues

2016 Lease Agreement – On June 1, 2016, the City entered into a capital lease with the Lathrop Financing Authority (Authority) for the existing City Hall building, in the amount of \$4,190,000 with a 2.55% annual interest rate. On the same date, the Authority assigned its rights under the lease agreement to Capital One Public Funding, LLC. The proceeds of the capital lease, together with available funds from the City, were used to advance refund the outstanding 2004 Capital Lease Obligation amounted to \$6,640,000. A total of \$6,787,680 was deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payment on the refunded 2004 Capital Lease. As a result, the 2004 Capital Lease was considered defeased and the liability for the 2004 Capital Lease has been removed from the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2016. On July 15, 2016, the 2004 Capital Lease Obligation was prepaid fully. This advance refunding reduced the City's total debt service payments over 15 years by \$2,901,765 and obtained an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$950,783. Due to the timing of debt service payments on July 15th of each year, the City has prepaid the principal and interest. In current year, the City did not prepay the debt service amount; Therefore, there is no reduction in principal in fiscal year 2019 and the next payment of \$290,000 for principal and \$46,410 is due in fiscal year 2020.

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

2016 City Hall Lease is secured by the City Hall building at 390 Towne Centre Drive, Lathrop, California. The outstanding lease amount contains a provision that in an event of default, Lathrop Financing Authority may terminate the lease, re-lease all or any portion of the leased property or hold the City liable for the payment of all base rental obligations and be reimbursed for any deficiency arising out of re-leasing the property.

2017 Bank Loan – On May 18, 2017, the City entered into a loan agreement with Opus Bank, in the amount of \$11,455,000 with a 2.89% annual interest rate. The purpose of the loan proceeds is to refinance the 2003 Revenue Bonds. A total of \$11,328,241 was deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payment on the refunded 2003 Bonds. As a result, the 2003 Bonds were considered defeased and the liability for the 2003 Bonds has been removed from the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2017. On June 1, 2017, the 2003 Bonds were repaid fully. This refunding reduced the City's total debt service payments over 15 years by \$6,829,468 and obtained an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$3,857,309. The interest and principal payments are due June 1 and December 1, commenced December 1, 2017.

State Revolving Fund Loan – The City entered into an agreement with the California Department of Public Health in the amount of \$10,929,000. Funds are for the Water Supply Arsenic Reduction Project. Repayment of this loan started on January 1, 2013. Terms of the note include a twenty-year repayment period and a 2.3% interest rate. Principal and interest payments are to be paid semiannually. The City's net revenues have been pledged for the repayment of debt service on loan.

Compass Bank Loan – During fiscal 2011-12, the City entered into a loan agreement with Compass Bank in the amount of \$6,203,000. The proceeds from the loan were used to refund the 2000A Certificates of Participation (2000A COPs). Interest on the Compass Loan is payable semi-annually on December 1 and June 1 of each year through the year 2029. Repayment of this loan started on December 1, 2012.

The 2017 Bank Loan and Compass Bank Loan are secured by a pledge of and lien on the net revenues of the Water System. The outstanding loan amount contains a provision that in an event of default, the loan will bear interest at the default rate, a rate of interest equal to the interest rate plus 3 percent and 5 percent respectively or the outstanding loan amount may become immediately due and payable.

The State Revolving Fund Loan is secured by a promissory note. The outstanding loan amount contains a provision that in an event of default, the State can declare the City's obligation immediately due and payable.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 6 - SPECIAL ASSESSMENT DEBT WITHOUT CITY COMMITMENT

Special Assessment Districts in various parts of the City have issued debt to finance infrastructure improvements and facilities within their boundaries. The City is the collecting and paying agent for the debt issued by these Districts, but has no direct or contingent liability or moral obligation for the payment of this debt. Therefore, this debt is not included as long-term debt of the City. The outstanding balance of each of these issues as of June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Mossdale Assessment District Refunding 2015	\$ 5,685,000 *
Lathrop Financing Authority Special Tax Revenue Bonds (Mossdale Village Reassessment District No. 2013-1) 2013 Series A	9,505,000
Lathrop Financing Authority Special Tax Revenue Bonds (Community Facilities No. 2003-1) 2013 Series A	5,705,000
Crossroad Assessment District Series 2015	9,810,000
Joint Wastewater Project CFD 2003-2	5,745,000
North Harlan Water	165,000
Lathrop Sanitary Sewer Assessment District No.1	705,000
City Hall Refinancing	3,640,000
Community Facilities District No. 2018-1	45,735,000 **
Community Facilities District No. 2018-2	26,037,800 **

^{*} The Mossdale Assessment District Refunding 2015 bond issue refunded the Mossdale Village Assessment District No. 03-1 Series 2005 bond issue.

NOTE 7 - NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES

A. Net Position

Net position is the excess of all the City's assets all deferred outflows over all its liabilities and deferred inflows, regardless of fund. Net position is divided into three captions on the Statement of Net Position. These captions apply only to net position, which is determined only at the Government-wide level, and business type activities and are described below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets, describes the portion of Net Position which is represented by the current net book value of the City's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets and related deferred inflow of resources.

Restricted describes the portion of Net Position which is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions which the City cannot unilaterally alter.

Unrestricted describes the portion of Net Position which is not restricted to use.

^{**} The Community Facilities District No. 2018-1 and 2018-2 bond issues were issued to restructure and extinguish the Communities Facilities District No. 2006-1

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 7 - NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)

B. Fund Equity

Governmental fund balances represent the net current assets of each fund. Net current assets generally represent a fund's cash and receivables, less its liabilities.

The City's fund balances are classified based on spending constraints imposed on the use of resources. For programs with multiple funding sources, the City prioritizes and expends funds in the following order: Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. Each category in the following hierarchy is ranked according to the degree of spending constraint:

Nonspendables represents balances set aside to indicate items do not represent available, spendable resources even though they are a component of assets. Fund balances required to be maintained intact, such as Permanent Funds, and assets not expected to be converted to cash, such as prepaids, notes receivable, and land held for redevelopment are included. However, if proceeds realized from the sale or collection of nonspendable assets are restricted, committed or assigned, then nonspendable amounts are required to be presented as a component of the applicable category.

Restricted fund balances have external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, or enabling legislation which requires the resources to be used only for a specific purpose. Nonspendable amounts subject to restrictions are included along with spendable resources.

Committed fund balances include amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City Council's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned fund balances are amounts constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the City Council or its designee (i.e. City Manager), as established in the City's Reserve Policy. This category includes nonspendables, when it is the City's intent to use proceeds or collections for a specific purpose, and residual fund balances, if any, of Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds which have not been restricted or committed.

Unassigned fund balance represents residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned. This includes the residual general fund balance and residual fund deficits, if any, of other governmental funds.

NOTE 7 - NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)

Detailed classifications of the City's fund balances, as of June 30, 2019, are below:

Nonspendables: Items not in spendable form: Advances to other funds \$ 5,225,742 \$ - \$ - \$ 5,2	25,742 25,742
	25,742
Total Nonspendable 5,225,742 5,2	
Restricted for:	
• • • •	84,969
Community improvements 2,686	2,686
	29,321
	38,125
	46,874
	83,225
	75,735
	40,710
Total Restricted 4,701,645 4,7	01,645
Committed to:	
	24,155
	10,276
Storm drains operation	00 500
	92,508
Community Facility Districts	-
	98,801
	15,602
	67,598
	12,039 46,034
	62,323
Stewart Economic 402,325	02,323
Development Fee 80% 3,398	3,398
Stewart Economic 3,398	3,396
	75,162
	95,411
	16,421
	19,728
Assigned to:	10.720
Landscape maintenance 549,720 5	49,720
Total Assigned 549,720 5	49,720
Unassigned:	
·	84,153
	99,149
	79,224
	63,756)
Residual fund balance 13,107,036 13,1	07,036
Total Unassigned 31,169,562 (163,756) 31,0	05,806
Total Fund Balances \$ 36,395,304 \$ 618,988 \$ 30,926,185 \$ 23,162,164 \$ 91,1	02,641

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 7 - NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)

C. Minimum Fund Balance Policies

The City Council has established a fund balance reserve policy with adoption resolution 10-3102 that deemed it desirable for the City to retain a contingency reserve level of 50% of the adjusted appropriation for any given year. The reserve balance shall not be reduced below 10% of the General Fund adjust appropriations. The contingency reserve is allocated to two categories, Economic Uncertainty Reserve and Exposure and Emergency Reserves.

The Economic Uncertainty Reserve consists of 75% of the Contingency Reserve Balance. It will be maintained to minimize the effects of major economic uncertainties, including local disasters, State budget deficits and other severe financial hardships or unforeseen changes in revenues and/or expenditures and will be available for budget stabilization. At June 30, 2019, the Economic Uncertainty Reserve amounted to \$5,284,153.

The Exposure and Emergency Reserves consist of 25% of the Contingency Reserve Balance. Exposure Reserves will be maintained to minimize the immediate financial impact of potential costs not covered by the City's insurance program, such as claim costs within the City's deductibles, major costs associate with disasters and other events which will not be reimbursable by insurance or Federal or State Government. Emergency Reserve will be maintained to minimize all unforeseen events not covered in the Economic Uncertainty Reserve and Exposure Reserves. At June 30, 2019, the Exposure and Emergency Reserves amounted to \$10,899,149.

D. Encumbrances

The City utilized an encumbrance system during fiscal year 2019 to assist in controlling expenditures. Under this system, governmental funds are encumbered when purchase orders, contracts, or other commitments are signed or approved. The following are encumbrances at June 30, 2019, that will be carried over to fiscal year 2020:

General Fund \$ 4,197,225 Non-major Funds \$ 2,631,425

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

A. General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description – All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's Miscellaneous Tier I, Tier II and PEPRA Employee Pension Rate Plan. The City's Miscellaneous Rate Plan is part of the public agency cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (PERF C), which is administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). PERF C consists of a miscellaneous pool and a safety pool (also referred to as "risk pools"), which are comprised of individual employer miscellaneous and safety rate plans, respectively. Individual employers may sponsor more than one miscellaneous and safety rate plan. The employer participates in one cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan regardless of the number of rate plans the employer sponsors. The City sponsors three miscellaneous rate plans. Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided — CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2019, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous		
	Misc - Tier I	Misc - Tier II	Misc - PEPRA
Hire date	Prior to 7/1/2010	7/1/2010 to 12/31/2012	After 12/31/2012
Benefit Formula	2% at 55	2% at 60	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	50	50	52
Monthly benefits, as a % of annual salary	1.426-2.418%	1.092-2.418%	1.000-2.500%
Required employee contribution rates	7.00%	7.00%	6.25%
Required employer contribution rates	8.892%	7.634%	6.842%

CITY OF LATHROP NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City's contributions to the Plan were as follows:

	Miso	Miscellaneous	
Contributions - employer	\$	766,989	

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The long-term portion of the governmental activities' Net Pension Liability is liquidated primarily by the General Fund. As of June 30, 2019, the City reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan as follows:

	Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability		
Miscellaneous	\$	5,077,307	
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	5,077,307	

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2017 and 2018 was as follows:

	Miscellaneous
Proportion - June 30, 2017	0.1319%
Proportion - June 30, 2018	0.1347%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	(0.0028%)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$35,980. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	\$ 766,989		-
Differences between actual and expected experience		194,807		(66,292)
Changes in assumptions Change in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's		578,828		(141,860)
proportionate share of contributions Net differences between projected and actual earnings		358,495		(419,848)
on plan investments		25,101		
Total	\$	1,924,220	\$	(628,000)

\$766,989 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended		Annual	
June 30	Amortization		
2020	\$	461,272	
2021		271,677	
2022		(158,051)	
2023		(45,667)	

Actuarial Assumptions – For the measurement period ended June 30, 2018, the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2017 total pension liability. The June 30, 2018 total pension liability is based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

	All Plans
Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Payroll Growth	3.00%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return	7.15% (1)
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS Membership Data for all Funds (2)
Post Retirement Benefit Inrease	Contract COLA up to 2.00% until Purchasing Power Protection
	Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies 2.50% thereafter.

- (1) Net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses, including inflation
- (2) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on ths table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

CITY OF LATHROP NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Change of Assumptions – For the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the inflation rate reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for each Plan was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate for each Plan assumed that contributions from all plan members in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF) will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, each Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members for all plans in the PERF. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for each Plan.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	Current Target	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class(a)	Allocation	Years 1 - 10(b)	Years 11+(c)
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100%		

- (a) In the CalPERS CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.
- (b) An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period.
- (c) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Miscellaneous		
1% Decrease		6.15%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	8,607,456	
Current Discount Rate		7.15%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	5,077,307	
1% Increase		8.15%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	2,163,227	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. General Information about the City's Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plan

Plan Description – The City's Post Employment Benefit Plan is an agent-multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan.

By resolution and through agreements with its labor units, the City provides certain health care benefits for retired employees. The City in the CalPERS health care plan, which is governed under the California Public Employees Health and Medical Care Act (PEMCHA). The City also participates in the California Employers Retirees Benefit Trust (CERBT), an irrevocable trust established to fund OPEB. CERBT is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefits plan administrated by CalPERS, and is managed by an appointed board not under the control of the City Council. CERBT consists of participating employers of the State of California and public agencies. Individual employers may establish more than one plan.

The CERBT was established by Chapter 331 of the 1988 California Statutes, and employers elect to participate in the CERBT to pre-fund health, dental, and other non-pension postemployment benefits for their retirees and survivors. The CERBT has pooled administrative and investment functions, while separate employer accounts are maintained to prefund and pay for health care or other postemployment benefits in accordance with the terms of the participating employers' plans. There are three CalPERS Board approved investment strategies for employers to choose from depending on their expected levels of return and volatility. Benefit provisions are established by participating employers.

The CERBT Trusts are not considered a component unit by the City or District and have been excluded from these financial statements. Separately issued financial statements for CERBT may be obtained from CALPERS at P.O. Box 942709, Sacramento, CA 94229-2709.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Benefits Provided - The following is a summary of Plan benefits by employee group as of June 30, 2019:

Tier	Hire Date	Retirement Date	Eligibility	Benefit Prior to Retiree's (or Surviving Spouse's) Eligibility for Medicare	Benefit After Retiree's (or Surviving Spouse's) Eligibility for Medicare
1	Before 7/1/2014	On or before 12/31/2014	Age 50 with 5 years of PERS service	Benefit According to previous Unequal PEM change for this group). 100% of premium for covered dependents, up to \$1,536 per month future calendar year until such time as it is edmonth in each City contribution.	the retiree and any eligible in 2018, increasing by \$100
	Before		Age 50 with 5 years of PERS service	PEMHCA Minimum Employer Contribution (MEC)	PEMHCA Minimum
2	2 7/1/2014 After 12/31/2014		Age 55 with 5 years of PERS service	100% of the premium for retiree plus one, up to the monthly cap for active employees*	Employer Contribution (MEC)
			Age 50 with 5 years of PERS service	PEMHCA Minimum Employer Contribution (MEC)	
2	After 7/1/2014	Any	Age 55 with 5 years of PERS service	100% of the premium for retiree and dependents, up to the following percentages of the monthly cap for active employees* 5 years of service: 25% 10 years of service: 50% 15 years of service: 100%	PEMHCA Minimum Employer Contribution (MEC)

^{*} In 2018, the City contributes a maximum of \$1,684 per month toward medical coverage for active employees and their dependents. This amount will increase annually by 50% of premium increase for the median cost medical plan, not to exceed 5.5% per year.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City's contributions to the Plan were \$459,510.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - Membership in the plan consisted of the following at the measurement date of June 30, 2018:

Active employees	61
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefit payments	21
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefit payments	5
Total	87

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

B. Net OPEB Liability

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2017. These are the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

	Actuarial Assumptions		
Valuation Date	June 30, 2017		
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018		
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Cost, level percent of pay		
Actuarial Assumptions:			
Discount Rate	7.00%		
Inflation	2.75%		
Payroll Growth	3.25%		
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%		
Mortality Rate	MacLeod Watts Scale 2017 applied generationally		
Healthcare Trend Rate	7.5% and grade down to 5% for years 2024 and thereafter		

Demographic actuarial assumptions used in this valuation are based on the 2014 experience study of the California Public Employees Retirement System using data from 1997 to 2011, except for a different basis used to project future mortality improvements. Mortality rates used were the published CalPERS rates, adjusted to back out 20 years of Scale BB to central year 2008.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	57.0%	8.32%
Fixed Income	27.0%	4.87%
Treasury Inflation Protection Securities	5.0%	3.94%
Real Estate Investment Trusts	8.0%	6.75%
Commodities	3.0%	4.84%
Total	100.0%	28.72%

CITY OF LATHROP NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees and beneficiaries. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability

C. Changes in Net OPEB Liability

The changes in the total OPEB liability follows:

	Increase (Decrease)						
		Total OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		let OPEB bility/(Asset) (a) - (b)	
Balance at Measurement Date 6/30/2017	\$	5,060,344	\$	3,462,011	\$	1,598,333	
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Period:							
Service Cost		231,377				231,377	
Interest on the total OPEB liability		359,416				359,416	
Expected investment income				248,462		(248,462)	
Contributions from the employer				495,719		(495,719)	
Changes in benefit terms							
Administrative expenses				(1,813)		1,813	
Other Expenses (one time)				(4,582)		4,582	
Benefit payments		(314,423)		(314,423)			
Changes of assumptions							
Plan experience							
Investment experience				27,731		(27,731)	
Net changes		276,370		451,094		(174,724)	
Balance at Measurement Date 6/30/2018	\$	5,336,714	\$	3,913,105	\$	1,423,609	

D. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current discount rate:

Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)									
Discount Rate -1%			Discount Rate	Discount Rate +1%					
	(6.00%) $(7.00%)$		(7.00%)		(8.00%)				
\$	1,991,655	\$	1,423,609	\$	940,490				

CITY OF LATHROP NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 9 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Net O	PEB L	iability	/(/	Asset)	
1100	TLDL	incolling,	/ (4	IDD Ct,	

		1100 01 2	B Eliconity (11880)						
Healthcare Cost									
1%	Decrease	Τ	rend Rates	1% Increase					
6.5% and	.5% and grade down to 7.5% and grade down to				nd grade down to				
4% for	years 2024 and	5% for	years 2024 and	6% for years 2024 and					
tl	thereafter		thereafter		thereafter				
\$	806,458	\$	1,423,609	\$	2,247,324				

E. OPEB Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's OPEB Plan and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB negative expense of \$180,431. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	\$	459,510	\$	-		
Differences between actual and expected experience				(329,205)		
Changes of assumptions		32,148				
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on						
plan investments				(77,807)		
Total	\$	491,658	\$	(407,012)		

\$459,510 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as part of OPEB expense as follows:

Year	Annual
Ended June 30	 Amortization
2020	\$ (69,647)
2021	(69,647)
2022	(69,649)
2026	(51,108)
2024	(45,561)
Thereafter	 (69,252)
Total	\$ (374,864)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City participates in the Central San Joaquin Valley Risk Management Authority (CSJVRMA), a public entity risk poor currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for 55 cities. The purpose of CSJVRMA is to spread the adverse effect of losses among the members and to purchase excess insurance as a group, thereby reducing its expense.

The City's deductibles and maximum coverage follows:

Coverage	De	Deductible		CSJVRMA		Excess Liability		ERMA
Workers' compensation	\$	25,000	\$	500,000	\$	50,000,000	\$	-
General and automobile liability		25,000		1,000,000		29,000,000		-
Property damage	5,0	000 or 10,000		25,000		1,000,000,000		-
Physical damage		2,000		10,000		1,000,000,000		-
Boiler and machinery		Various		100,000,000		-		-
Employment Practices Liability		25,000		-		-		1,000,000

The City contributes its pro rata share of anticipated losses to a pool administered by CSJVRMA. Should actual losses among participants be greater than the anticipated losses, the City will be assessed its pro rata share of that deficiency. Conversely, if the actual losses are less than anticipated, the City will be refunded its pro rata share of the excess. The City paid CSJVMRA premiums and ERMA premiums totaling \$887,204 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial excess liability coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The City is also a member of Employment Risk Management Authority (ERMA), which covers wrongful employment practices.

The City did not record a liability for outstanding claims at fiscal year-end, as the claims were minimal.

NOTE 11 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City participates in several Federal and State grant programs. These programs are subject to audits by the City's independent accountants in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Single Audit Act as amended and applicable State requirements. No cost disallowances have been proposed as a result of these audits. However, these programs are still subject to further examination by the grantors and the amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is subject to litigation arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of the City Attorney there is no other pending litigation, which is likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

During the fiscal year, developers contributed \$536,277 to help fund the City's Wastewater Treatment Facility expansion project.





CITY OF LATHROP MISCELLANEOUS RATE, COST SHARING-EMPLOYER DEFINED PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Last 10 Years*

	6/30/2014			6/30/2015		6/30/2016	
Plan's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	•	0.1453%		0.1140%		0.1241%	
Plan's proportion share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	3,590,219	\$	3,127,249	\$	4,309,662	
Plan's Covered Payroll		4,501,607		4,364,310		5,148,017	
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its							
Covered Payroll		79.75%		71.66%		83.71%	
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a							
Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		80.08%		83.43%		83.19%	

Notes to Schedule:

Changes in assumption - In 2017, the accounting discount rate was decreased from 7.65% to 7.15%

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

6/30/2017	6/30/2018
\$ 0.1319% 5,199,968	\$ 0.1347% 5,077,307
5,568,372	6,004,176
93.38%	84.56%
78.20%	75.26%

CITY OF LATHROP MISCELLANEOUS PLAN, A COST SHARING-EMPLOYER DEFINED PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Last 10 Years*

Fiscal Year Ended June 30		2015	 2016	2017		
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	523,329	\$ 369,225	\$	434,033	
determined contributions		(523,329)	 (369,225)		(434,033)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$		
Covered payroll	\$	4,364,310	\$ 5,148,017	\$	5,568,372	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		11.99%	7.17%		7.79%	

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

2018	2019					
\$ 465,746	\$	766,989				
(465,746)		(766,989)				
\$ -	\$	-				
\$ 6,004,176	\$	6,384,728				
7.76%		12.01%				

City of Lathrop OPEB Plan – Single Employer Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 Last 10 Years*

Measurement Date	6/30/17		6/30/18	
Total OPEB Liability				
Service Cost	\$	228,075	\$	231,377
Interest	Ψ	366,257	Ψ	359,416
Changes in benefit terms		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(430,189)		_
Changes of assumptions		42,010		_
Benefit payments		(299,940)		(314,423)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(93,787)		276,370
Total OPEB liability - beginning		5,154,131		5,060,344
Total Of ED hability - beginning		3,134,131		3,000,344
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	5,060,344	\$	5,336,714
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	\$	471,077	\$	495,719
Contributions - employee	Ψ	4/1,0//	Ψ	773,717
Net investment income		307,578		276,193
Administrative expense		(1,576)		(1,813)
Other Expenses (one time)		(1,370)		(4,582)
Benefit payments		(299,940)		(314,423)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		477,139		451,094
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		2,984,872		3,462,011
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	3,462,011	\$	3,913,105
Net OPEB liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	1,598,333	\$	1,423,609
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		68.41%		73.32%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	5,982,337	\$	6,377,387
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		26.72%		22.32%

^{*} Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation.

City of Lathrop OPEB Plan – Single Employer Schedule of Contributions For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 Last 10 years*

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,		2018	2019		
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	389,509	\$	359,460	
actuarially determined contribution		495,719		459,510	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(106,210)	\$	(100,050)	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	6,377,387	\$	6,358,722	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		7.77%		7.23%	
Valuation date:	Jı	ine 30, 2017			

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate	7.00%
Inflation	2.75%
Payroll Growth	3.25%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%
	2014 CalPERS Experience Study;
Mortality Rate	Improvement using MacLeod
·	Watts Scale 2017
Healthcare Trend Rate	7.5% and grade down to 5% for years 2024 and thereafter

^{*} Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation.

CITY OF LATHROP GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019	
TOR THE TERM ENDED JOINE 30, 2017	

	Budgetec	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Taxes					
Property taxes	\$ 3,775,000	\$ 3,775,000	\$ 4,710,374	\$ 935,374	
Sales and use taxes	6,550,000	6,885,000	12,001,476	5,116,476	
Transient occupancy taxes	475,000	475,000	666,791	191,791	
Franchise taxes	750,000	750,000	1,204,106	454,106	
Licenses and permits	1,731,793	1,731,793	1,823,951	92,158	
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	95,375	95,375	724,723	629,348	
Intergovernmental	1,660,000	1,695,480	1,898,011	202,531	
Use of money and property	113,660	113,660	918,734	805,074	
Charges for current services	2,754,989	4,138,061	4,656,065	518,004	
Other	489,740	511,720	209,724	(301,996)	
Total Revenues	18,395,557	20,171,089	28,813,955	8,642,866	
Expenditures					
Current					
General government					
City council	75,125	86,725	71,010	15,715	
City manager	586,309	814,309	667,978	146,331	
City clerk	231,994	324,016	242,313	81,703	
City attorney	648,319	648,319	501,964	146,355	
Personnel	363,187	310,165	305,935	4,230	
Central services	495,037	532,137	441,766	90,371	
Finance	1,411,850	1,507,800	1,398,691	109,109	
Information systems	1,191,668	1,334,524	1,271,608	62,916	
Animal control	356,156	385,168	236,323	148,845	
Total General Government	5,359,645	5,943,163	5,137,588	805,575	
Public safety					
Administration	7,363,917	7,410,731	6,366,264	1,044,467	
Total Public Safety	7,363,917	7,410,731	6,366,264	1,044,467	

(Continued)

CITY OF LATHROP GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

(Continued)

Variance with

	Budgeted Amounts			Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Expenditures Current Community development	Originar	1 mai	Total	(regarive)	
Planning	\$ 1,191,144	\$ 1,701,741	\$ 801,096	\$ 900,645	
Total Community Development	1,191,144	1,701,741	801,096	900,645	
Public works Administration Construction management Land development engineering City hall Utility engineering Utility engineering Code compliance	747,795 753,604 876,451 246,320 210,786 1,288,334 304,892	807,098 1,792,791 1,414,689 342,256 212,792 1,976,379 305,468	737,290 1,184,064 779,923 249,579 194,633 1,341,224 150,855	69,808 608,727 634,766 92,677 18,159 635,155 154,613	
Building maintenance	233,597 294,638	320,048	232,393	87,655	
Park and landscape maintenance Total Public Works	4,956,417	7,549,223	<u>252,652</u> 5,122,613	2,426,610	
Culture and leisure Administration Senior center Special events Day camp kid's club Youth development teens Youth and adult sports Library	366,097 103,522 102,059 546,437 363,944 1,325	360,707 104,272 107,066 518,585 374,444 1,325	351,070 102,032 103,584 480,105 348,007	9,637 2,240 3,482 38,480 26,437 1,325	
Total Culture and Leisure	1,483,384	1,466,399	1,384,798	81,601	
Capital outlay	200,000	839,635	513,294	326,341	
Debt service Principal Interest	285,000 96,454	285,000 96,454	46,410	285,000 50,044	
Total Debt Service	381,454	381,454	46,410	335,044	
Total Expenditures	20,935,961	25,292,346	19,372,063	5,920,283	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(2,540,404)	(5,121,257)	9,441,892	14,563,149	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers (out)	3,980,141 (2,141,056)	4,119,427 (3,144,073)	4,095,216 (4,330,273)	(24,211) (1,186,200)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,839,085	975,354	(235,057)	(1,210,411)	
Net Changes in Fund Balance	\$ (701,319)	\$ (4,145,903)	9,206,835	\$ 13,352,738	
Fund Balance, Beginning of the Year Fund Balance, End of the Year			27,188,469 \$ 36,395,304		

CITY OF LATHROP DEVELOPERS PROJECTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts Final	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Use of money and property	\$	1,550	\$	1,550	\$	52,566	\$	51,016
Developer contribution	·	450		217,764		536,277	•	318,513
Other		998,500		998,500		165,370		(833,130)
Total Revenues		1,000,500		1,217,814		754,213		(463,601)
Expenditures: Current								
Public works		55,871		55,871		210,969		(155,098)
Capital outlay		433,000		433,000		11,849		421,151
Debt service:		511 (20		511 (OO				511 (20
Interest and fiscal charges		511,629		511,629				511,629
Total Expenditures		1,000,500		1,000,500		222,818		777,682
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers (out)		(1,236)		(222,539)		(204,922)		17,617
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,236)		(222,539)		(204,922)		17,617
Net Changes in Fund Balance	\$	(1,236)	\$	(5,225)		326,473	\$	331,698
Fund Balance, Beginning of the Year						292,515		
Fund Balance, End of the Year					\$	618,988		

CITY OF LATHROP CAPITAL FACILITIES FEE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget	
		Original	Final		Actual		Positive Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenue Use of money and property	\$	5,321,506	\$ 5,321,506	\$	9,587,445 635,766	\$	4,265,939 635,766
Total Revenues		5,321,506	5,321,506		10,223,211		4,901,705
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (out)		(1,184,860)	(3,126,860)		(3,126,860)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,184,860)	(3,126,860)		(3,126,860)		
Net Changes in Fund Balance	\$	4,136,646	\$ 2,194,646		7,096,351	\$	4,901,705
Fund Balance, Beginning of the Year					23,829,834		
Fund Balance, End of the Year				\$	30,926,185		

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

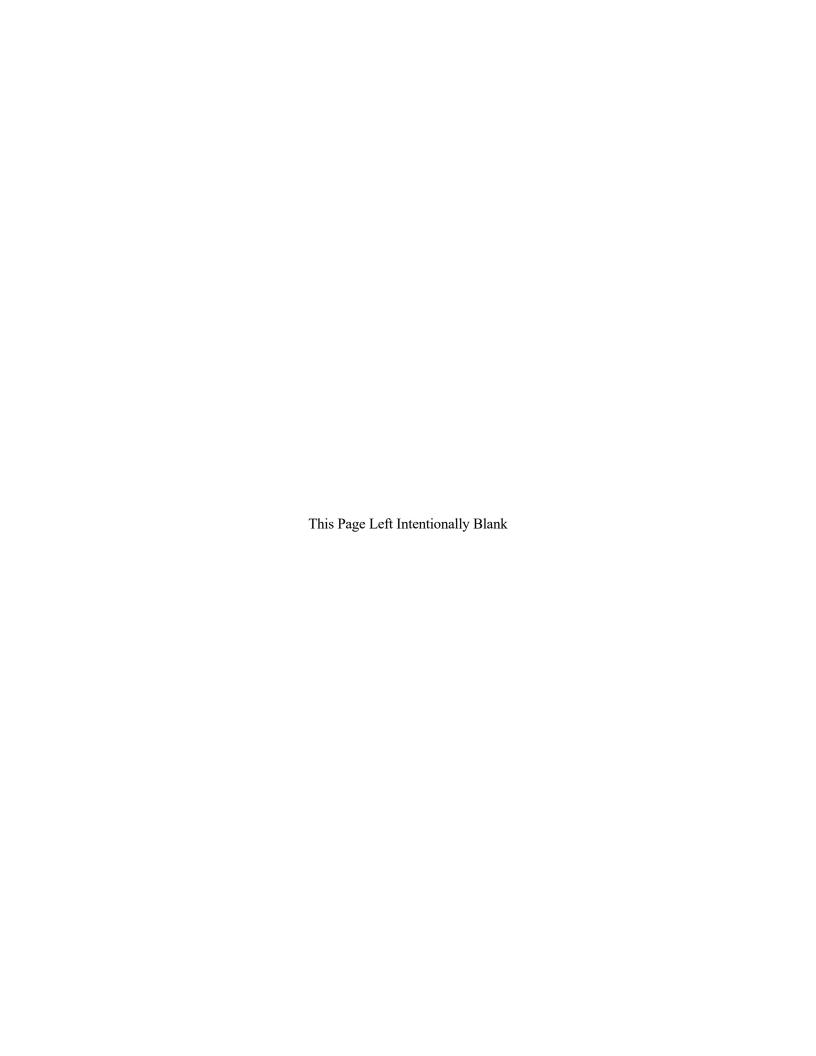
Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City establishes annual budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds (except for the ULOP RD-17 Levee Impact Fund), which are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are the only legally adopted budgets. Budgets for the Capital Project Funds are used for management and control purposes only. All appropriations remaining at fiscal year-end lapse. Budgeted amounts are reflected after all applicable amendments and revisions.

The legal level of control (level at which expenditures may not legally exceed budget appropriations) is at the department level. If the expenditures exceed the appropriations, the City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between the line items within any department or between divisions within a department.

During the fiscal year, the City made a number of supplemental budget amendments totaling \$5,457,888.





GENERAL FUND

The general Fund is the City's primary Operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is comprised of the following:

GENERAL PURPOSE FUND

This fund accounts for all financial resources except those to be accounted for in another fund. It is the general operating fund of the City.

MEASURE C ESSENTIAL CITY SERVICES FUND

To account for revenue and expenditures for the city's Measure C Essential City Services portion.

CITY OF LATHROP GENERAL FUND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2019

	General					
	<u> </u>	urpose Fund		Measure C		Totals
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$	34,177,890	\$	4,198,065	\$	38,375,955
Receivables:						
Accounts		2,278,775		1,107,421		3,386,196
Interest		80,704		12,265		92,969
Due from other funds		166,602				166,602
Advances to other funds		5,225,742				5,225,742
Total Assets	\$	41,929,713	\$	5,317,751	\$	47,247,464
T : 1990				_		
Liabilities	ф	1 440 205	Ф	251 422	Ф	1 (00 720
Accounts payable	\$	1,448,305	\$	251,433	\$	1,699,738
Accrued payroll and benefits		229,027				229,027
Deposits payable		791,855				791,855
Unearned revenue		8,131,540				8,131,540
Total Liabilities		10,600,727		251,433		10,852,160
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable		5,225,742				5,225,742
Unassigned		26,103,244		5,066,318		31,169,562
Total Fund Balances		31,328,986		5,066,318		36,395,304
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	41,929,713	\$	5,317,751	\$	47,247,464

CITY OF LATHROP GENERAL FUND

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		General				
	P	urpose Fund	1	Measure C		Totals
Revenues						
Taxes and assessments	\$	12,067,247	\$	6,515,500	\$	18,582,747
Licenses and permits		1,823,951				1,823,951
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		724,723				724,723
Intergovernmental		1,898,011				1,898,011
Use of money and property		826,720		92,014		918,734
Charges for current services		4,656,065				4,656,065
Other		209,724				209,724
Total Revenues		22,206,441		6,607,514		28,813,955
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government		5,137,588				5,137,588
Community development		801,096				801,096
Public safety		4,519,598		1,846,666		6,366,264
Public works		5,122,613				5,122,613
Culture and leisure		1,384,798				1,384,798
Capital outlay		513,294				513,294
Debt service:						
Interest		46,410				46,410
Total Expenditures		17,525,397		1,846,666		19,372,063
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over						
Expenditures		4,681,044		4,760,848		9,441,892
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		4,095,216				4,095,216
Transfers out		(1,094,643)		(3,235,630)		(4,330,273)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		3,000,573		(3,235,630)		(235,057)
Net Change in Fund Balances		7,681,617		1,525,218		9,206,835
Fund Balances, Beginning of the Year		23,647,369		3,541,100		27,188,469
Fund Balances, End of the Year	\$	31,328,986	\$	5,066,318	\$	36,395,304

BUDGETED GENERAL FUND

COMBINING SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	General Purpose Fund				
	Budgete	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Taxes					
Property taxes	\$ 3,775,000	\$ 3,775,000	\$ 4,710,374	\$ 935,374	
Sales and use taxes	3,000,000	3,335,000	5,485,976	2,150,976	
Transient occupancy taxes	475,000	475,000	666,791	191,791	
Franchise taxes	750,000	750,000	1,204,106	454,106	
Licenses and permits	1,731,793	1,731,793	1,823,951	92,158	
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	95,375	95,375	724,723	629,348	
Intergovernmental	1,660,000	1,695,480	1,898,011	202,531	
Use of money and property	113,660	113,660	826,720	713,060	
Charges for current services	2,754,989	4,138,061	4,656,065	518,004	
Other	489,740	511,720	209,724	(301,996)	
Total Revenues	14,845,557	16,621,089	22,206,441	5,585,352	
Expenditures					
Current					
General government					
City council	75,125	86,725	71,010	15,715	
City manager	586,309	814,309	667,978	146,331	
City clerk	231,994	324,016	242,313	81,703	
City attorney	648,319	648,319	501,964	146,355	
Personnel	363,187	310,165	305,935	4,230	
Central services	495,037	532,137	441,766	90,371	
Finance	1,411,850	1,507,800	1,398,691	109,109	
Information systems	1,191,668	1,334,524	1,271,608	62,916	
Animal control	356,156	385,168	236,323	148,845	
Total General Government	5,359,645	5,943,163	5,137,588	805,575	
Public safety					
Administration	5,311,875	5,157,175	4,519,598	637,577	
Total Public Safety	5,311,875	5,157,175	4,519,598	637,577	
Community development					
Planning	1,191,144	1,701,741	801,096	900,645	
Total Community Development	1,191,144	1,701,741	801,096	900,645	

BUDGETED GENERAL FUND

COMBINING SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Public works				
Administration	\$ 747,795	\$ 807,098	\$ 737,290	\$ 69,808
Construction management	753,604	1,792,791	1,184,064	608,727
Land development engineering	876,451	1,414,689	779,923	634,766
City hall	246,320	342,256	249,579	92,677
Utility engineering	210,786	212,792	194,633	18,159
Building	1,288,334	1,976,379	1,341,224	635,155
Code compliance	304,892	305,468	150,855	154,613
Building maintenance	233,597	320,048	232,393	87,655
Park and landscape maintenance	294,638	377,702	252,652	125,050
Total Public Works	4,956,417	7,549,223	5,122,613	2,426,610
Culture and leisure				
Administration	366,097	360,707	351,070	9,637
Senior center	103,522	104,272	102,032	2,240
Special events	102,059	107,066	103,584	3,482
Day camp kid's club	546,437	518,585	480,105	38,480
Youth development teens				
Youth and adult sports	363,944	374,444	348,007	26,437
Library	1,325	1,325		1,325
Total Culture and Leisure	1,483,384	1,466,399	1,384,798	81,601
Capital outlay	195,000	834,635	513,294	321,341
Debt service				
Principal	285,000	285,000		285,000
Interest	96,454	96,454	46,410	50,044
Total Debt Service	381,454	381,454	46,410	335,044
Total Expenditures	18,878,919	23,033,790	17,525,397	5,508,393
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over				
Expenditures	(4,033,362)	(6,412,701)	4,681,044	11,093,745
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	3,980,141	4,119,427	4,095,216	(24,211)
Transfers (out)	(91,626)	(1,094,643)	(1,094,643)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,888,515	3,024,784	3,000,573	(24,211)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (144,847)	\$ (3,387,917)	7,681,617	\$ 11,069,534
Fund Balances, Beginning of the Year			23,647,369	
Fund Balances, End of the Year			\$ 31,328,986	
				(Continued)

BUDGETED GENERAL FUND

COMBINING SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Measure C					
	Budgeted Original	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
	Original	Filiai	Actual	(Negative)			
Revenues:							
Taxes							
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Sales and use taxes	3,550,000	3,550,000	6,515,500	2,965,500			
Transient occupancy taxes							
Franchise taxes							
Licenses and permits							
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties							
Intergovernmental			02.014	02.014			
Use of money and property			92,014	92,014			
Charges for current services Other							
Other							
Total Revenues	3,550,000	3,550,000	6,607,514	3,057,514			
Expenditures							
Current							
General government							
City council							
City manager							
City clerk							
City attorney							
Personnel							
Central services							
Finance							
Information systems							
Animal control							
Total General Government							
Public safety							
Administration	2,052,042	2,253,556	1,846,666	406,890			
Total Public Safety	2,052,042	2,253,556	1,846,666	406,890			
Community development Planning							
Total Community Development							
		·	·	·			

BUDGETED GENERAL FUND

COMBINING SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Public works				
Administration Construction management Land development engineering City hall Utility engineering Building Code compliance Building maintenance Park and landscape maintenance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Public Works				
Culture and leisure Administration Senior center Special events Day camp kid's club Youth development teens Youth and adult sports Library				
Total Culture and Leisure				
Capital outlay	5,000	5,000		5,000
Debt service Principal Interest				
Total Debt Service				
Total Expenditures	2,057,042	2,258,556	1,846,666	411,890
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	1,492,958	1,291,444	4,760,848	3,469,404
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers (out)	(2,049,430)	(2,049,430)	(3,235,630)	(1,186,200)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,049,430)	(2,049,430)	(3,235,630)	(1,186,200)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (556,472)	\$ (757,986)	1,525,218	\$ 2,283,204
Fund Balances, Beginning of the Year			3,541,100	
Fund Balances, End of the Year			\$ 5,066,318	
				(Continued)

BUDGETED GENERAL FUND

COMBINING SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

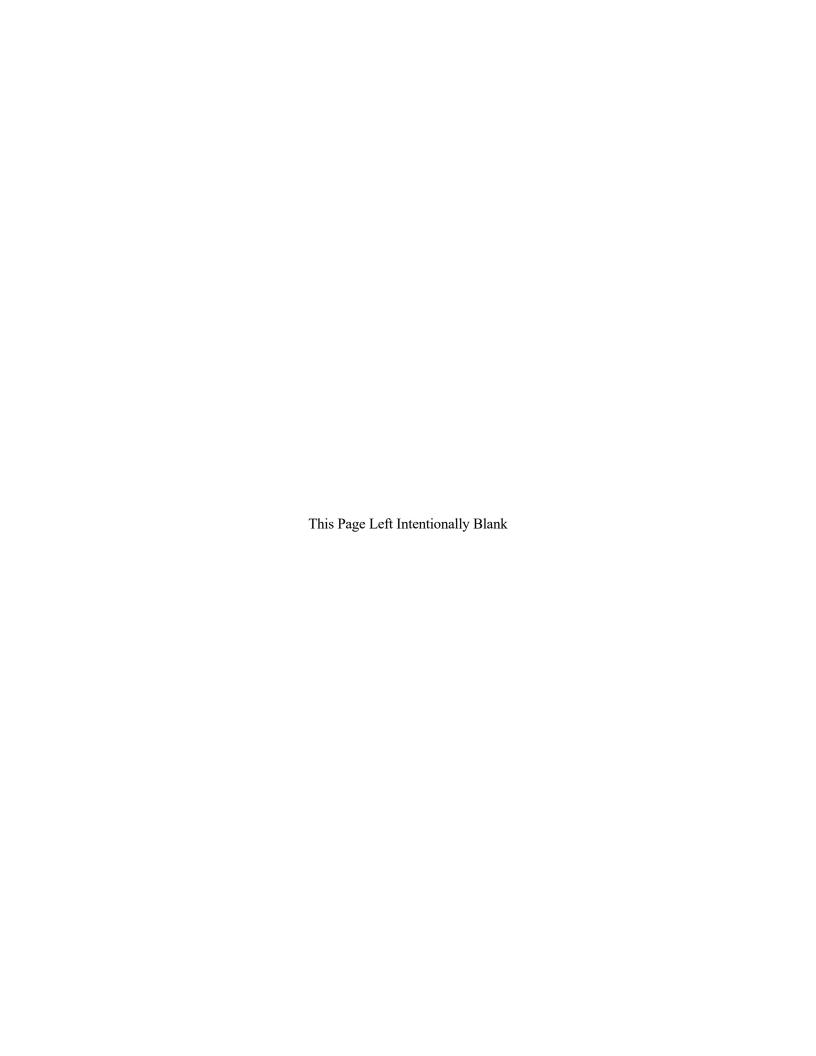
		Total			
	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Taxes					
Property taxes	\$ 3,775,000	\$ 3,775,000	\$ 4,710,374	\$ 935,374	
Sales and use taxes	6,550,000	6,885,000	12,001,476	5,116,476	
Transient occupancy taxes	475,000	475,000	666,791	191,791	
Franchise taxes	750,000	750,000	1,204,106	454,106	
Licenses and permits	1,731,793	1,731,793	1,823,951	92,158	
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	95,375	95,375	724,723	629,348	
Intergovernmental	1,660,000	1,695,480	1,898,011	202,531	
Use of money and property	113,660	113,660	918,734	805,074	
Charges for current services	2,754,989	4,138,061	4,656,065	518,004	
Other	489,740	511,720	209,724	(301,996)	
Total Revenues	18,395,557	20,171,089	28,813,955	8,642,866	
Expenditures					
Current					
General government					
City council	75,125	86,725	71,010	15,715	
City manager	586,309	814,309	667,978	146,331	
City clerk	231,994	324,016	242,313	81,703	
City attorney	648,319	648,319	501,964	146,355	
Personnel	363,187	310,165	305,935	4,230	
Central services	495,037	532,137	441,766	90,371	
Finance	1,411,850	1,507,800	1,398,691	109,109	
Information systems	1,191,668	1,334,524	1,271,608	62,916	
Animal control	356,156	385,168	236,323	148,845	
Total General Government	5,359,645	5,943,163	5,137,588	805,575	
Public safety					
Administration	7,363,917	7,410,731	6,366,264	1,044,467	
Total Public Safety	7,363,917	7,410,731	6,366,264	1,044,467	
Community development					
Planning	1,191,144	1,701,741	801,096	900,645	
Total Community Development	1,191,144	1,701,741	801,096	900,645	

BUDGETED GENERAL FUND

COMBINING SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Public works				
Administration Construction management	\$ 747,795 753,604	\$ 807,098 1,792,791	\$ 737,290 1,184,064	\$ 69,808 608,727
Land development engineering	876,451	1,414,689	779,923	634,766
City hall	246,320	342,256	249,579	92,677
Utility engineering	210,786	212,792	194,633	18,159
Building	1,288,334	1,976,379	1,341,224	635,155
Code compliance	304,892	305,468	150,855	154,613
Building maintenance	233,597	320,048	232,393	87,655
Park and landscape maintenance	294,638	377,702	252,652	125,050
Total Public Works	4,956,417	7,549,223	5,122,613	2,426,610
Culture and leisure				
Administration	366,097	360,707	351,070	9,637
Senior center	103,522	104,272	102,032	2,240
Special events	102,059	107,066	103,584	3,482
Day camp kid's club	546,437	518,585	480,105	38,480
Youth development teens				
Youth and adult sports	363,944	374,444	348,007	26,437
Library	1,325	1,325		1,325
Total Culture and Leisure	1,483,384	1,466,399	1,384,798	81,601
Capital outlay	200,000	839,635	513,294	326,341
Debt service				
Principal	285,000	285,000		285,000
Interest	96,454	96,454	46,410	50,044
Total Debt Service	381,454	381,454	46,410	335,044
Total Expenditures	20,935,961	25,292,346	19,372,063	5,920,283
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over				
Expenditures	(2,540,404)	(5,121,257)	9,441,892	14,563,149
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	3,980,141	4,119,427	4,095,216	(24,211)
Transfers (out)	(2,141,056)	(3,144,073)	(4,330,273)	(1,186,200)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,839,085	975,354	(235,057)	(1,210,411)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (701,319)	\$ (4,145,903)	9,206,835	\$ 13,352,738
Fund Balances, Beginning of the Year			27,188,469	
Fund Balances, End of the Year			\$ 36,395,304	



NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

These funds account for the proceeds derived from specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE FUND

To account for revenues received and expenditures spent associated with specific park maintenance and operations of the Horizon Landscape and Woodfield Landscape Districts.

GAS TAX FUND

To account for revenues and expenditures apportioned to the City under the Streets and Highway Code, Sections 2105, 2106, 2107, and 2107.5 of the State of California. Expenditures for administration, maintenance, and construction must be street related.

TRAFFIC SAFETY FUND

To account for the fines and forfeitures received under Section 1463 of the Penal Code. These funds are restricted for the use of official traffic control devices and for some street construction purposes.

LOCAL STREET FUND

To account for revenues and expenditures for the City's street division.

PUBLIC NUISANCE FUND

To account for revenues and expenditures for code enforcement activities.

MEASURE K FUND

To account for revenues generated from a 2-cent sales tax for local street repairs. These funds are restricted for maintenance and construction on street-related projects.

TRANSIT LTF FUND

To account for local transportation funds received for transit purposes from the San Joaquin County Council of Governments

STREETS AND ROADS FUND

To account for local transportation funds received for street and road purposes from the San Joaquin County Council of Governments.

FEDERAL GRANT FUND

To account for grant expenditures.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

HISTORIC LATHROP LOAN PROGRAM (HLLP) FUND

To account for building permit loans granted to Historic Lathrop residences.

STORM DRAIN FUND

To account for revenues and expenditures related to the maintenance and operations of storm drains and improvements within the created district.

STREET LIGHT FUND

To account for revenues and expenditures associated with the maintenance and operations of the street lighting within the area known as City Zone 2, which is in the City Wide Landscaping and Lighting Assessment District.

AB939 RECYCLING FUND

To account for the financial resources associated with the preparation, implementation, and administration of the City's Integrated Solid Waste Management Plan in accordance with AB939.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT (CDBG) FUND

To account for the annual federal grant that provides for development of viable urban communities.

MOSSDALE STANDBY 2005-1 FUND

To account for the MBR facility operations and maintenance.

SCHOLARSHIP FUND

To account for the revenues provided by businesses/organizations to provide assistance with tuition of qualified parks and recreation participants.

COPS FUND

To account for local law enforcement grants funded by the office of Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS).

RTIF SAN JOAQUIN COUNTY FUND

To account for San Joaquin County's 10% share of Regional Traffic Impact Fees collected from builders.

RTIF LATHROP LOCAL WEST FUND

To account for the City's 75% share of Regional Traffic Impact Fees collected from builders on the West side.

RTIF SJCOG FUND

To account for San Joaquin Council of Government's 15% share of Regional Traffic Impact Fees collected from builders.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

RTIF LATHROP LOCAL EAST FUND

To account for the City's 75% share of Regional Traffic Impact Fees collected from builders on the East side.

CENTRAL LATHROP SPECIFIC PLAN (CLSP) SERVICES CFD FUND

To account for revenues and expenditures associated with the CLSP Community Facility District 2006-2.

STIP AUGMENTATION FUND

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for transportation projects included in the State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP).

UNIVERSAL HIRING GRANT FUND

To account for grant received from the Office of Traffic Safety to be used to conduct a seat belt compliance campaign.

LATHROP MANTECA FIRE DISTRICT MEASURE C FUND

To account for revenues and expenditures associated with the sales tax collections specific from Measure C.

NORTH LATHROP TRANSPORTATION CFF FUND

To account for capital facility fees collected for North Lathrop area.

STEWART ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 80% CFF FUND

To account for capital facility fees, collected to support development both on and off the Stewert Tract, that will provide to the City and its citizens.

CITYWIDE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 20% CFF FUND

To account for capital facility fees, collected to support development both on and off the Stewert Tract, that will provide to the City and its citizens.

RIVER ISLANDS CFD 2013-1 FUND

To account for revenue and expenditures related to the maintenance of the River Island community.

LATHROP LAND ACQUISITIONS FUND

To account for revenues and expenditures associated with the CLSP Community Facilities District 2006-1.

URBAN LEVEL OF FLOOD PROTECTION RECLAMATION DISTRICT (ULOP RD-17) LEVEE IMPACT FUND

To account for capital facility fees collected for the Urban Level of Flood Protection plan in the Reclamation District (RD) 17.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES (DWR) GRANT – URBAN LEVEL OF FLOOD PROTECTION (ULOP) PROJECT

To account for revenues and expenditures associated with the Urban Level of Flood Protection plan.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are utilized to account for resources used for the acquisition and construction of capital facilities by the City, with the exception of those assets financed by proprietary funds.

STREETS AND ROADS FUND

To account for capital project expenditures related to streets and roads occurring over more than one fiscal year.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

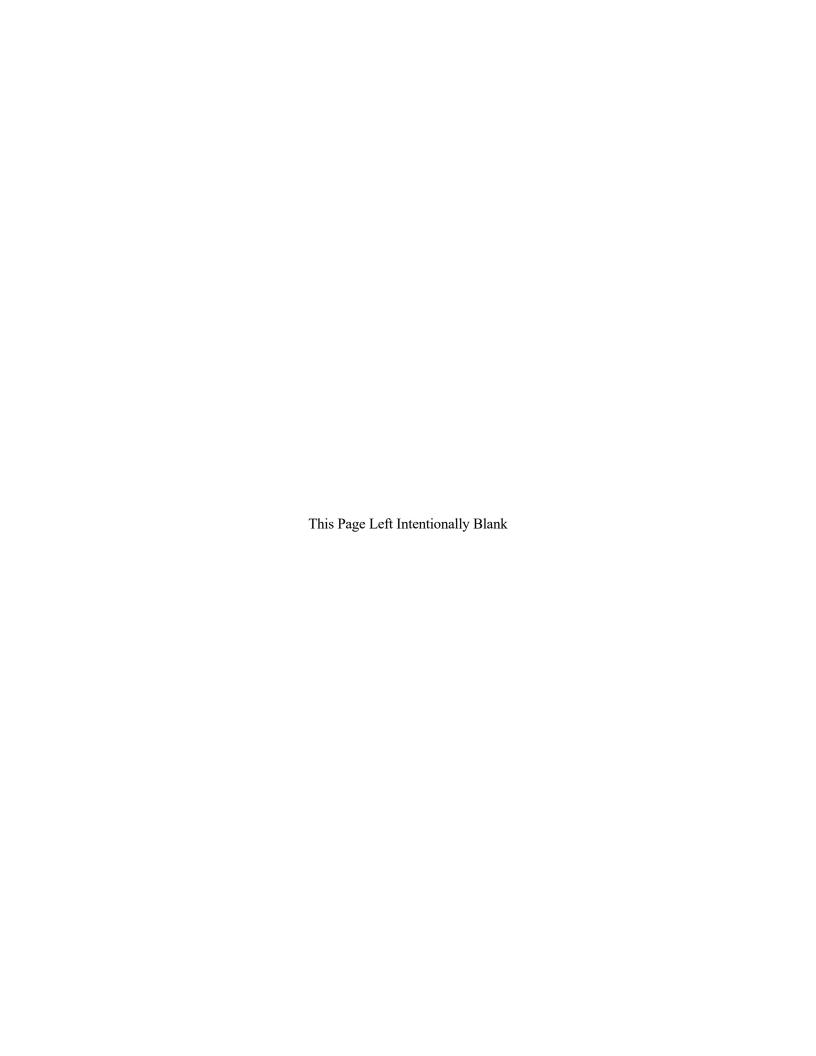
To account for the expenditure of funds for projects funded from the General Fund.

STORM DRAINAGE FUND

To account for expenditures for storm drain capital projects.

PARK IN-LIEU FEES FUND

To account for revenues and expenditures which can legally be made under the Quimby Act. The revenue is collected from residential developers to offset the impact on parks and can only be used for new park development.



CITY OF LATHROP NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2019

	Landscape Maintenance		Gas Tax		Traffic Safety		 Local Street	Public uisance
Assets								
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	877,020	\$	363,342	\$	34,152	\$ 796,356	\$ 9,995
Accounts				41,722		3,361	7,015	2,019
Interest		1,919		629		74	1,890	25
Loans							 	
Total Assets	\$	878,939	\$	405,693	\$	37,587	\$ 805,261	\$ 12,039
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	318,943	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 203,630	\$ -
Due to other funds								
Deposits payable Unearned revenue								
Official fever feet for the feet feet feet feet feet feet feet								
Total Liabilities		318,943					203,630	
Fund Balances								
Restricted				405,693		37,587	601,631	
Committed		10,276						12,039
Assigned		549,720						
Unassigned							 	
Total Fund Balances		559,996		405,693		37,587	601,631	12,039
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	878,939	\$	405,693	\$	37,587	\$ 805,261	\$ 12,039

M	easure K	Tra	unsit LTF	Streets nd Roads	ederal Grant	 HLLP	 Storm Drain		Street Light	AB939 ecycling
\$	540,735	\$	20,635	\$ 147,875	\$ -	\$ 225,135	\$ 381,487	\$ 1	1,642,367	\$ 670,269
	98,739 1,236		50	1,016,731 360		549 20,350	 884		2,160 3,908	13,096 1,604
\$	640,710	\$	20,685	\$ 1,164,966	\$ -	\$ 246,034	\$ 382,371	\$ 1	1,648,435	\$ 684,969
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,773	\$	32,833	\$ -
			20,147	 		 				
			20,147	 		 	 14,773		32,833	
	640,710		538	1,164,966		246,034	367,598	1	1,615,602	684,969
	640,710		538	1,164,966		 246,034	367,598		1,615,602	684,969
\$	640,710	\$	20,685	\$ 1,164,966	\$ -	\$ 246,034	\$ 382,371	\$ 1	1,648,435	\$ 684,969

CITY OF LATHROP NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2019

			DS	S						
	(CDBG	Mossdale Standby 2005-1		Scholarship			COPS	Sar	RTIF Joaquin County
Assets										
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	3,572	\$	-	\$	14,204	\$	130,101	\$	76,018
Accounts				46,874						
Interest		11		10,071		39		311		143
Loans										
Total Assets	\$	3,583	\$	46,874	\$	14,243	\$	130,412	\$	76,161
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	897	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,091	\$	76,161
Due to other funds										
Deposits payable										
Unearned revenue										
Total Liabilities		897						1,091		76,161
Fund Balances										
Restricted		2,686		46,874		14,243		129,321		
Committed										
Assigned										
Unassigned	-									
Total Fund Balances		2,686		46,874		14,243		129,321		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	3,583	\$	46,874	\$	14,243	\$	130,412	\$	76,161

SI ECIME REVEIVOET ONDS												
RTIF Lathrop Local West	RTIF SJCOG	RTIF Lathrop Local East	CLSP Service CFD		STIP Augmentation		I	niversal Hiring Grant	Fi	nrop Manteca ire District Measure C		th Lathrop nsportation CFF
\$ 4,161,140	\$ 114,028	\$ 1,134,722	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	703,437	\$	461,197
9,838	214	2,774		4				5,440		8		1,126
\$ 4,170,978	\$ 114,242	\$ 1,137,496	\$	4	\$		\$	5,440	\$	703,445	\$	462,323
\$ 84,319	\$ 114,242	\$ -	\$	2,598 161,154	\$	-	\$	- 5,448	\$	-	\$	-
84,319	114,242			163,752				5,448				
4,086,659		1,137,496								703,445		462,323
				(163,748)				(8)				
4,086,659		1,137,496		(163,748)				(8)		703,445		462,323
\$ 4,170,978	\$ 114,242	\$ 1,137,496	\$	4	\$		\$	5,440	\$	703,445	\$	462,323

CITY OF LATHROP NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2019

				SPEC	CIAL REVENUE FUNDS						
	Stewart Economic Development Fee 80% CFF		Citywide Economic Development Fee 20% CFF			ver Islands TD 2013-1		nrop Land		OP RD-17 vee Impact	
	1.00	2 00 / 0 CTT		C 20/0 CIT		D 2013-1	Acc	quisitions	LCV	ce impact	
Assets											
Cash and investments	\$	127,179	\$	1,172,412	\$	121,007	\$	13,521	\$	192,429	
Receivables:											
Accounts						73,678					
Interest		219		2,750		819		33		121	
Loans											
Total Assets	\$	127,398	\$	1,175,162	\$	195,504	\$	13,554	\$	192,550	
Liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	93	\$	_	\$	191,296	
Due to other funds	•		•		•		•		•	, , , ,	
Deposits payable		124,000						12,855			
Unearned revenue											
Total Liabilities		124,000				93		12,855		191,296	
Fund Balances											
Restricted											
Committed		3,398		1,175,162		195,411		699		1,254	
Assigned		-)		, , .		,				, -	
Unassigned											
Total Fund Balances		3,398		1,175,162		195,411		699		1,254	
Total Liabilities Fund Balances	\$	127,398	\$	1,175,162	\$	195,504	\$	13,554	\$	192,550	

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

R Grant - OP Project	 Streets and Roads	 Capital Projects	<u>I</u>	Storm Orainage	Pa	rk In-Lieu Fees	 Totals
\$ -	\$ 5,308,827	\$ 2,905,966	\$	850,685	\$	268,327	\$ 23,468,140
16,421	39 12,576	3,498				655	1,327,295 48,267 20,350
\$ 16,421	\$ 5,321,442	\$ 2,909,464	\$	850,685	\$	268,982	\$ 24,864,052
\$ -	\$ 175,290	\$ 102,687	\$	59,431	\$	-	\$ 1,378,284 166,602 136,855 20,147
	175,290	102,687		59,431			1,701,888
16,421	5,146,152	2,806,777		791,254		268,982	 4,701,645 18,074,555 549,720 (163,756)
16,421	5,146,152	2,806,777		791,254		268,982	23,162,164
\$ 16,421	\$ 5,321,442	\$ 2,909,464	\$	850,685	\$	268,982	\$ 24,864,052

CITY OF LATHROP NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		andscape	C. T		Traffic	Local		Public
Revenues	Mi	aintenance	Gas Tax	. —	Safety	 Street	N	uisance
Taxes and assessments Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	\$	2,499,844	\$ -	\$	- 25,718	\$ -	\$	-
Intergovernmental			935,089					
Use of money and property Other		18,807 2,303	15,635		648	 9,290 1,661		3,973
Total Revenues		2,520,954	950,724		26,366	 10,951		3,973
Expenditures Current								
Community development Public safety		2,264,236			19,157	055 771		
Public works Capital outlay		41,374				 855,771 85,055		
Total Expenditures		2,305,610			19,157	940,826		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		215,344	950,724		7,209	(929,875)		3,973
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in		22.064				1 145 517		
Transfers (out)		32,064 (352,437)	(1,173,221)		(3,602)	1,145,517 (144,652)		(77)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(320,373)	(1,173,221)		(3,602)	 1,000,865		(77)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(105,029)	(222,497)		3,607	70,990		3,896
Fund Balances, Beginning of the Year		665,025	628,190		33,980	 530,641		8,143
Fund Balances, End of the Year	\$	559,996	\$ 405,693	\$	37,587	\$ 601,631	\$	12,039

M	leasure K	Tran	nsit LTF	a	Streets nd Roads	Federal Grant	HLLP	Storm Drain	Street Light	AB939 Recycling
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 353,844	\$ - 942,024	\$ 164,032
	13,995 449,206		433		1,016,731 9,627	179,382	4,722	7,459 97,000	32,182	12,773
	463,201		433		1,026,358	 179,382	 4,722	 458,303	 974,206	 176,805
								347,897 48,900	132,457 716,497	 15,562
						 		 396,797	 848,954	15,562
	463,201		433		1,026,358	 179,382	 4,722	61,506	 125,252	 161,243
	(469,919)				(464,068)	(179,382)		40,486 (69,042)	29,076 (150,016)	(15,325)
	(469,919)				(464,068)	(179,382)		 (28,556)	 (120,940)	 (15,325)
	(6,718)		433		562,290		4,722	32,950	4,312	145,918
	647,428		105		602,676		 241,312	334,648	 1,611,290	 539,051
\$	640,710	\$	538	\$	1,164,966	\$ 	\$ 246,034	\$ 367,598	\$ 1,615,602	\$ 684,969

CITY OF LATHROP NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS							
	(CDBG	S	ossdale tandby 2005-1	Sch	nolarship		COPS		RTIF an Joaquin County
Revenues										
Taxes and assessments Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	249,188
Intergovernmental		5,000				2,802		153,926		
Use of money and property		162				302		2,523		2,631
Other						1,246				
Total Revenues		5,162				4,350		156,449		251,819
Expenditures										
Current										
Community development		5,897								
Public safety Public works								81,957		251,819
Capital outlay										231,819
Capital outlay										
Total Expenditures		5,897						81,957		251,819
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over										
Expenditures		(735)				4,350		74,492		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in										
Transfers (out)		(5,035)				(2,802)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(5,035)				(2,802)				
Net Change in Fund Balances		(5,770)				1,548		74,492		
Fund Balances, Beginning of the Year		8,456		46,874		12,695		54,829		
Fund Balances, End of the Year	\$	2,686	\$	46,874	\$	14,243	\$	129,321	\$	_

L	RTIF athrop cal West	RTIF SJCOG	RTIF Lathrop Local East	 CLSP Service CFD	STIP Augmentation	Universal Hiring Grant	Lathrop M Fire Dis	trict	th Lathrop esportation CFF
\$	803,360	\$ 373,782	\$ 1,028,170	\$ 221,400	\$ - 36,752	23,565	\$	-	\$ -
	85,277	3,945	21,081	 88		,		2,804	9,674
	888,637	377,727	1,049,251	 221,488	36,752	23,565		2,804	 9,674
	436	377,728	436	346,677		23,573	2,334	1,368	
	436	377,728	436	 346,677		23,573	2,334	1,368	
	888,201	(1)	1,048,815	 (125,189)	36,752	(8)	(2,331	,564)	 9,674
	(503,406)			 (47,771)	(36,752)		2,600	5,200	
	(503,406)			 (47,771)	(36,752)		2,606	5,200	
	384,795	(1)	1,048,815	(172,960)		(8)	274	1,636	9,674
3	3,701,864	1	88,681	 9,212			428	3,809	452,649
\$ 4	4,086,659	\$ -	\$ 1,137,496	\$ (163,748)	\$ -	\$ (8)	\$ 703	3,445	\$ 462,323

CITY OF LATHROP NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS										
	Stewart Economic Development Fee 80% CFF			Citywide Economic evelopment e 20% CFF		River Islands FD 2013-1	L	throp and usitions		OP RD-17 vee Impact	
Revenues	ф		Φ	275.000	ф		Φ.		Φ.	1 (12 022	
Taxes and assessments Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	375,000	\$	274,842	\$	-	\$	1,643,922	
Use of money and property Other		2,031		20,468		4,517 73,678		284		282	
Total Revenues		2,031		395,468		353,037		284		1,644,204	
Expenditures Current Community development		32,000									
Public safety Public works Capital outlay						21,512				1,716,248	
Total Expenditures		32,000				21,512				1,716,248	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(29,969)		395,468		331,525		284		(72,044)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in						(2(1,270)					
Transfers (out)						(261,379)					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						(261,379)					
Net Change in Fund Balances		(29,969)		395,468		70,146		284		(72,044)	
Fund Balances, Beginning of the Year		33,367		779,694		125,265		415		73,298	
Fund Balances, End of the Year	\$	3,398	\$	1,175,162	\$	195,411	\$	699	\$	1,254	

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

R Grant - OP Project	Streets and Roads		Capital Projects	Storm Drainage	Par	rk In-Lieu Fees	 Totals
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 7,137,298 1,817,828
 108,725	78,204		10,987	10,416		5,629	2,475,967 826,060 175,888
108,725	78,204		10,987	 10,416		5,629	 12,433,041
	1,020,326		492,318	430,335			37,897 4,855,748 4,650,583 2,118,308
	1,020,326		492,318	430,335			11,662,536
 108,725	(942,122))	(481,331)	 (419,919)		5,629	 770,505
(394,213)	2,629,759 (5,619)	<u>) </u>	3,019,836	782,713 (792)			10,285,651 (4,279,510)
 (394,213)	2,624,140		3,019,836	 781,921			6,006,141
(285,488)	1,682,018		2,538,505	362,002		5,629	6,776,646
 301,909	3,464,134		268,272	429,252		263,353	16,385,518
\$ 16,421	\$ 5,146,152	\$	2,806,777	\$ 791,254	\$	268,982	\$ 23,162,164

BUDGETED NON-MAJOR FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	LANDSO	CAPE MAINTE	NANCE	GAS TAX					
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)			
Revenues: Taxes and assessments	\$ 2,621,817	\$ 2,499,844	\$ (121,973)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Intergovernmental Use of money and property Other	3,000	18,807 2,303	15,807 2,303	882,300	935,089 15,635	52,789 15,635			
Total Revenues	2,624,817	2,520,954	(103,863)	882,300	950,724	68,424			
Expenditures: Current: Community development Public safety									
Public works	2,754,470	2,264,236	490,234						
Capital outlay	70,300	41,374	28,926						
Total Expenditures	2,824,770	2,305,610	519,160						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over									
Expenditures	(199,953)	215,344	415,297	882,300	950,724	68,424			
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	77,064	32,064	(45,000)						
Transfers (out)	(397,437)	(352,437)	45,000)	(1,436,241)	(1,173,221)	263,020			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(320,373)	(320,373)		(1,436,241)	(1,173,221)	263,020			
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (520,326)	(105,029)	\$ 415,297	\$ (553,941)	(222,497)	\$ 331,444			
Fund Balances, Beginning of the Year		665,025			628,190				
Fund Balances, End of the Year		\$ 559,996			\$ 405,693				

TI	RAFFIC SAFE	ГҮ	LC	OCAL STREE	Γ	PUBLIC NUISANCE					
Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)			
\$ - 30,000	\$ - 25,718	\$ - (4,282)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
4,531	648	648 (4,531)		9,290 1,661	9,290 1,661		3,973	3,973			
34,531	26,366	(8,165)		10,951	10,951		3,973	3,973			
30,500	19,157	11,343	1,290,397 136,772	855,771 85,055	434,626 (51,717)						
30,500	19,157	11,343	1,427,169	940,826	382,909						
4,031	7,209	3,178	(1,427,169)	(929,875)	497,294		3,973	3,973			
(3,602)	(3,602)		1,145,517 (144,652)	1,145,517 (144,652)		(77)	(77)				
(3,602)	(3,602)		1,000,865	1,000,865		(77)	(77)				
\$ 429	3,607	\$ 3,178	\$ (426,304)	70,990	\$ 497,294	\$ (77)	3,896	\$ 3,973			
	33,980 \$ 37,587			\$ 601,631			8,143 \$ 12,039	(Continued)			

BUDGETED NON-MAJOR FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

MEASURE K TRANSIT LTF

n.	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Taxes and assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ -		
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Intergovernmental Use of money and property Other	774,100	449,206 13,995	(324,894) 13,995		433	433		
Total Revenues	774,100	463,201	(310,899)		433	433		
Expenditures: Current: Community development Public safety Public works Capital outlay								
Total Expenditures								
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	774,100	463,201	(310,899)		433	433		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers (out)	(927,783)	(469,919)	457,864					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(927,783)	(469,919)	457,864					
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (153,683)	(6,718)	\$ 146,965	\$ -	433	\$ 433		
Fund Balances, Beginning of the Year		647,428			105			
Fund Balances, End of the Year		\$ 640,710			\$ 538			

STR	REETS AND RO	DADS	FE	DERAL GRA	NT		HLLP	
Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
416,500	1,016,731 9,627	600,231 9,627	4,680,978	179,382	(4,501,596)		4,722	4,722
416,500	1,026,358	609,858	4,680,978	179,382	(4,501,596)		4,722	4,722
416,500	1,026,358	609,858	4,680,978	179,382	(4,501,596)		4,722	4,722
(980,403)	(464,068)	516,335	(4,680,978)	(179,382)	4,501,596			
(980,403)	(464,068)	516,335	(4,680,978)	(179,382)	4,501,596			
\$ (563,903)	562,290	\$ 1,126,193	\$ -		\$ -	\$ -	4,722	\$ 4,722
	602,676						241,312	
	\$ 1,164,966			\$ -			\$ 246,034	

BUDGETED NON-MAJOR FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		STORM DRAI	N	STREET LIGHT				
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:								
Taxes and assessments Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Intergovernmental	\$ - 352,393	\$ - 353,844	\$ - 1,451	\$ - 927,710	\$ - 942,024	\$ - 14,314		
Use of money and property Other	95,000	7,459 97,000	7,459 2,000		32,182	32,182		
Total Revenues	447,393	458,303	10,910	927,710	974,206	46,496		
Expenditures: Current: Community development								
Public safety				206,527	132,457	74,070		
Public works	575,800	347,897	227,903	1,129,972	716,497	413,475		
Capital outlay	68,000	48,900	19,100	7,000		7,000		
Total Expenditures	643,800	396,797	247,003	1,343,499	848,954	494,545		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over								
Expenditures	(196,407)	61,506	257,913	(415,789)	125,252	541,041		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers (out)	40,486 (69,042)	40,486 (69,042)		29,076 (150,016)	29,076 (150,016)			
					(100,010)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(28,556)	(28,556)		(120,940)	(120,940)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (224,963)	32,950	\$ 257,913	\$ (536,729)	4,312	\$ 541,041		
Fund Balances, Beginning of the Year		334,648			1,611,290			
Fund Balances, End of the Year		\$ 367,598			\$ 1,615,602			

ABS	939 RECYCLI	NG		CDBG		MOSSE	DALE STAND	BY 2005-1
Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
\$ 80,000	\$ 164,032	\$ 84,032	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
5,500	12,773	(5,500) 12,773	11,328	5,000 162	(6,328) 162			
85,500	176,805	91,305	11,328	5,162	(6,166)			
52,899	15,562	37,337	5,000	5,897	(897)			
52,899	15,562	37,337	5,000	5,897	(897)			
32,601	161,243	128,642	6,328	(735)	(7,063)			
(15,325)	(15,325)		(6,328)	(5,035)	1,293 1,293			
\$ 17,276	145,918	\$ 128,642	\$ -	(5,770)		\$ -		\$ -
	\$ 684,969			\$ 2,686			\$ 46,874	(Continued)

BUDGETED NON-MAJOR FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		SCHOLARSH	IP	COPS					
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)			
Revenues:									
Taxes and assessments	\$ - \$ - \$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties			(2.400)						
Intergovernmental	5,000	2,802	(2,198)	110,000	153,926	43,926			
Use of money and property	000	302	302		2,523	2,523			
Other	900	1,246	346						
Total Revenues	5,900	4,350	(1,550)	110,000	156,449	46,449			
Expenditures: Current: Community development									
Public safety Public works				104,730	81,957	22,773			
Capital outlay				5,270		5,270			
Capital Outlay				3,270		3,270			
Total Expenditures				110,000	81,957	28,043			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over									
Expenditures	5,900	4,350	(1,550)		74,492	74,492			
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in									
Transfers (out)	(5,000)	(2,802)	2,198						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(5,000)	(2,802)	2,198						
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 900	1,548	\$ 648	\$ -	74,492	\$ 74,492			
Fund Balances, Beginning of the Year		12,695			54,829				
Fund Balances, End of the Year		\$ 14,243			\$ 129,321				

RTIF SA	AN JOAQUIN	COUNTY	RTIF LA	ATHROP LOCA	AL WEST	RTIF SJCOG					
Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)			
\$ 131,711	\$ 249,188	\$ 117,477	\$ 907,803	\$ 803,360	\$ (104,443)	\$ 197,566	\$ 373,782	\$ 176,216			
	2,631	2,631		85,277	85,277		3,945	3,945			
131,711	251,819	120,108	907,803	888,637	(19,166)	197,566	377,727	180,161			
131,711	251,819	(120,108)	5,000	436	4,564	197,566	377,728	(180,162)			
131,711	251,819	(120,108)	5,000	436	4,564	197,566	377,728	(180,162)			
			902,803	888,201	(14,602)		(1)	(1)			
			(503,406)	(503,406)							
			(503,406)	(503,406)							
\$ -		\$ -	\$ 399,397	384,795	\$ (14,602)	\$ -	(1)	\$ (1)			
				3,701,864			1				
	\$ -			\$ 4,086,659			\$ -	(Continued)			

BUDGETED NON-MAJOR FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	RTIF L	ATHROP LOC	AL EAST	CL	SP SERVICE	CFD
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Taxes and assessments Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Intergovernmental	\$ 60,270	\$ 1,028,170	\$ 967,900	\$ - 221,400	\$ - 221,400	\$ -
Use of money and property Other		21,081	21,081		88	88
Total Revenues	60,270	1,049,251	988,981	221,400	221,488	88
Expenditures: Current: Community development Public safety						
Public works Capital outlay	5,000	436	4,564	346,677	346,677	
Total Expenditures	5,000	436	4,564	346,677	346,677	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	55,270	1,048,815	993,545	(125,277)	(125,189)	88
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers (out)				(47,771)	(47,771)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(47,771)	(47,771)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 55,270	1,048,815	\$ 993,545	\$ (173,048)	(172,960)	\$ 88
Fund Balances, Beginning of the Year		88,681			9,212	
Fund Balances, End of the Year		\$ 1,137,496			\$ (163,748)	

·			SPEC	CIAL REVENU	JE FUNDS			
							HROP MANTE	
STIP	AUGMENTA	TION	UNIVE	RSAL HIRING	GRANT	FIRE D	ISTRICT MEA	SURE C
Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
205,570	36,752	(168,818)	54,000	23,565	(30,435)		2,804	2,804
205,570	36,752	(168,818)	54,000	23,565	(30,435)		2,804	2,804
			54,000	23,573	(30,427)	1,420,000	2,334,368	(914,368)
			54,000	23,573	(30,427)	1,420,000	2,334,368	(914,368)
205,570	36,752	(168,818)		(8)	(8)	(1,420,000)	(2,331,564)	(911,564)
(205,570)	(36,752)	168,818				1,420,000	2,606,200	1,186,200
(205,570)	(36,752)	168,818				1,420,000	2,606,200	1,186,200
\$ -		\$ -	\$ -	(8)	\$ (8)	\$ -	274,636	\$ 274,636
	\$ -			\$ (8)			428,809 \$ 703,445	(Continued)

BUDGETED NON-MAJOR FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

					SPEC	CIAL REV	'ENUE	E FUND	S			
	NOF	RTH LA	THR	OP TRANS	SPOR	ΓΑΤΙΟΝ				Г ECONC ENT FEE		
	Final Budget			Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		Final Budget		Actual		fariance Positive (egative)
Revenues: Taxes and assessments Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Use of money and property Other				9,674		9,674				2,031		2,031
Total Revenues				9,674		9,674				2,031		2,031
Expenditures: Current: Community development Public safety Public works Capital outlay										32,000		(32,000)
Total Expenditures										32,000		(32,000)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures				9,674		9,674				(29,969)		(29,969)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers (out)												
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)									· 			
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	-		9,674	\$	9,674	\$	-	:	(29,969)	\$	(29,969)
Fund Balances, Beginning of the Year,				452,649						33,367		
Fund Balances, End of the Year			\$	462,323					\$	3,398		

CI	ΓYWIDE ECON	IOMIC	SI ECIAL	KE VENUE I	TUNDS							
DEVE	LOPMENT FEE	E 20% CFF	RIVER	ISLANDS CI	FD 2013-1	LATHROP LAND ACQUISITIONS						
Final Budget			Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)				
\$ 200,000	\$ 375,000	\$ 175,000	\$ - 296,337	\$ - 274,842	\$ - (21,495)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
	20,468	20,468		4,517 73,678	4,517 73,678		284	284				
200,000	395,468	195,468	296,337	353,037	56,700		284	284				
			20,790	21,512	(722)		-					
200,000	395,468	195,468	275,547	331,525	55,978		284	284				
			(283,392) (283,392)	(261,379) (261,379)	22,013		-					
\$ 200,000	395,468	\$ 195,468	\$ (7,845)	70,146	\$ 77,991	\$ -	= 284	\$ 284				
	779,694			125,265			415	-				
	\$ 1,175,162			\$ 195,411			\$ 699	(Continued)				

BUDGETED NON-MAJOR FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

SPECIAL	REVENUE	FUNDS

	1										
	ULOP I	RD-17 LEVEE	IMPACT	DWR GRANT - ULOP PROJECT							
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)					
Revenues:											
Taxes and assessments	\$ -	\$ 1,643,922	\$ 1,643,922	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties											
Intergovernmental			• • •	5,008,958	108,725	(4,900,233)					
Use of money and property		282	282								
Other				-							
Total Revenues		1,644,204	1,644,204	5,008,958	108,725	(4,900,233)					
10.00110.00	-		1,0,20.		100,720	(1,500,200)					
Expenditures:											
Current:											
Public safety											
Public works	121,000	1,716,248	(1,595,248)								
Capital outlay											
Total Expenditures	121,000	1,716,248	(1,595,248)								
•											
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over											
Expenditures	(121,000)	(72,044)	48,956	5,008,958	108,725	(4,900,233)					
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in											
Transfers in Transfers (out)				(5,000,050)	(204 212)	1 611 715					
Transfers (out)				(5,008,958)	(394,213)	4,614,745					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(5,008,958)	(394,213)	4,614,745					
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (121,000)	(72,044)	\$ 48,956	\$ -	(285,488)	\$ (285,488)					
F 151 5		72.2 00			201.000						
Fund Balances, Beginning of the Year,		73,298			301,909						
Fund Balances, End of the Year		\$ 1,254			\$ 16,421						
•											

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds account for assets held by the City as agent for individuals, governmental entities, and non-public organizations. These funds include the following:

CSCDA LEASE REVENUE BONDS FUND

To account for the proceeds from the issuance of the lease revenue bonds.

LOUISE AVENUE FUND

To account for the special assessments associated with the storm drain capital improvements pursuant to Improvement Bond Act 1915.

MOSSDALE VILLAGE ASSESSMENT DISTRICT FUND

To account for the special assessments associated with the payment of the limited-obligation improvement bonds for the Mossdale Village Assessment District.

CROSSROADS ASSESSMENTS FUND

To account for the special assessments associated with the payment of the limited-obligation improvement bonds for the Crossroads Assessment District.

JOINT WASTEWATER COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT FUND

To account for the special assessments associated with the payment of the limited-obligation improvement bonds for the Joint Wastewater Community Facilities District.

NORTH HARLAN WATER IMPROVEMENT FUND

To account for special assessments associated with the payment of limited obligation improvement bonds for the North Harlan Water Improvement District.

LATHROP SANITARY SEWER ASSESSMENT DISTRICT NO.1 FUND

To account for the special assessments associated with the payments of the limited-obligation improvement bonds for the Lathrop Sanitary Sewer Assessment District No.1.

TOT TRUST FUND

To account for 1% of the 9% TOT from the City as a whole, to help finance regional infrastructure.

COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT 2006-1 CLSP INFRASTRUCTURE FUND

To account for special assessments associated with the infrastructure in the Central Lathrop Specific Plan area.

DEVELOPERS' DEPOSIT AND PILOT FLYING J FUNDS

To account for the deposits held for developers in accordance with agreements with the City.

PILOT FLYING J FUND

To account for the deposits held from the developer related to the Pilot Flying J project.

MOSSDALE VILLAGE REASSESSMENT 2015 – 1 FUND

To account for the special assessments associated with the payment of bonds for the Mossdale Village District.

CITY OF LATHROP AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES June 30, 2019

	CSCDA Lease Revenue Bonds		Mossdale Village Louise Assessment Avenue District			Crossroads Assessments			Joint Wastewater Community Facilities District	
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	572	\$ _	\$	1,035,843	\$	536,788	\$	696,924	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents					955,169		831,644		725,852	
Accounts receivable			119,698				1,612,369			
Interest receivable					2,108		988		1,461	
Total Assets	\$	572	\$ 119,698	\$	1,993,120	\$	2,981,789	\$	1,424,237	
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	883	\$	-	\$	131,157	
Deposits payable										
Due to developers										
Due to bondholders		572	 \$119,698		1,992,237		2,981,789		1,293,080	
Total Liabilities	\$	572	\$ 119,698	\$	1,993,120	\$	2,981,789	\$	1,424,237	

			Lathrop			C	Community									
			Sanitary				Facilities					ľ	Mossdale			
No	orth Harlan		Sewer				District						Village			
	Water	A	ssessment		TOT	20	006-1 CLSP	Γ	Developers'	I	Pilot	Reassessment				
Im	provement	Dis	strict No. 1		Trust	In	frastructure		Deposits		ying J	2015-1		То	otals	
Φ.	4-2-60	Φ.			000 004		<	Φ.	40000	4	.		(20 (11	. .		
\$	173,769	\$	7,471	\$	909,604	\$	64,914	\$	1,868,035	\$	563	\$	638,611		33,094	
	92,635		353,265				4,114,011						242,491		15,067	
			1,068		11,173				1,207,268					2,9	51,576	
	391		35		2,156		189		6,027		2		1,350		14,707	
¢	266,795	•	361,839	\$	922,933	\$	4,179,114	\$	3,081,330	¢	565	¢	882,452	\$16.2	14,444	
Ψ	200,773	Ψ	301,037	Ψ	722,733	Ψ	4,177,114	Ψ	3,001,330	Ψ	303	Ψ	002,432	\$10,2	17,777	
\$	249,842	\$	_	\$	_	\$	506	\$	3,338	\$	553	\$	54,475	\$ 4	40,754	
Ψ	21,5,012	Ψ	361,839	Ψ		Ψ	200	Ψ	3,330	Ψ	555	Ψ	5 1, 175		61,839	
			301,037						3,077,992		12		827,977		05,981	
	16,953				922,933		4,178,608		3,011,992		12		621,911		05,870	
	10,933				744,733		4,1/0,000							11,3	03,670	
\$	266,795	\$	361,839	\$	922,933	\$	4,179,114	\$	3,081,330	\$	565	\$	882,452	\$16,2	14,444	

CITY OF LATHROP AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Balance ne 30, 2018	<u> </u>	Additions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2019		
CSCDA Lease Revenue Bonds								
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$ 572	\$	572	\$	572	\$	572	
Total Assets	\$ 572	\$	572	\$	572	\$	572	
LIABILITIES								
Due to bondholders	\$ 572	\$	572	\$	572	\$	572	
Total Liabilities	\$ 572	\$	572	\$	572	\$	572	
Louise Avenue ASSETS								
Accounts receivable	\$ _	\$	119,698	\$		\$	119,698	
Total Assets	\$ 	\$	119,698	\$		\$	119,698	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
Due to bondholders			119,698				119,698	
Total Liabilities	\$ 	\$	_	\$		\$	119,698	
Mossdale Village Assessment District ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$ 990,710	\$	1,035,843	\$	990,710	\$	1,035,843	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	951,585		3,584		,		955,169	
Interest receivable	 1,947		2,108		1,947		2,108	
Total Assets	\$ 1,944,242	\$	1,041,535	\$	992,657	\$	1,993,120	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$ 619	\$	883	\$	619	\$	883	
Due to bondholders	 1,943,623		1,040,652		992,038		1,992,237	
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,944,242	\$	1,041,535	\$	992,657	\$	1,993,120	
						(C	ontinued)	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

(Continued)

Crossroads Assessments	Balance June 30, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2019
ASSETS Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents Accounts receivable Interest receivable	\$ 586,742 826,870 1,560,729 1,207	\$ 536,788 4,774 1,612,369 988	\$ 586,742 1,560,729 1,207	\$ 536,788 831,644 1,612,369 988
Total Assets	\$ 2,975,548	\$ 2,154,919	\$ 2,148,678	\$ 2,981,789
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to bondholders Total Liabilities	\$ - 2,975,548 \$ 2,975,548	\$ - 2,154,919 \$ 2,154,919	\$ - 2,148,678 \$ 2,148,678	\$ - 2,981,789 \$ 2,981,789
Joint Wastewater Community Facilities District ASSETS Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents	\$ 661,048 721,884	\$ 35,876 725,852	\$ - 721,884	\$ 696,924 725,852
Interest receivable Total Assets	1,329 \$ 1,384,261	1,461 \$ 763,189	\$ 723,213	1,461 \$ 1,424,237
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to bondholders Total Liabilities	\$ 131,096 1,253,165 \$ 1,384,261	\$ 61 763,128 \$ 763,189	\$ - 723,213 \$ 723,213	\$ 131,157 1,293,080 \$ 1,424,237
North Harlan Water Improvement ASSETS Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents Interest receivable	\$ 165,210 92,638 354	\$ 173,769 92,635 391	\$ 165,210 92,638 354	\$ 173,769 92,635 391
Total Assets	\$ 258,202	\$ 266,795	\$ 258,202	\$ 266,795
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to bondholders	\$ 243,922 14,280	\$ 5,920 260,875	\$ - 258,202	\$ 249,842 16,953
Total Liabilities	\$ 258,202	\$ 266,795	\$ 258,202	\$ 266,795

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

(Continued)

Lathrop Sanitary Sewer Assessment District No.1		Balance e 30, 2018		Additions	<u> </u>	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2019		
ASSETS Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents Accounts receivable Interest receivable	\$	5,191 262,468 26	\$	2,280 353,265 1,068 35	\$	262,468 26	\$	7,471 353,265 1,068 35	
Total Assets	\$	267,685	\$	356,648	\$	262,494	\$	361,839	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Deposits payable Total Liabilities	\$	(1,068) 268,753 267,685	\$	1,068 355,580 356,648	\$	262,494 262,494	\$	361,839 361,839	
TOT Trust ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable	\$	784,196 13,589 1,766	\$	125,408 11,173 2,156	\$	13,589 1,766	\$	909,604 11,173 2,156	
Total Assets	\$	799,551	\$	138,737	\$	15,355	\$	922,933	
LIABILITIES Due to bondholders Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u> \$	799,551 799,551	<u>\$</u> \$	138,737 138,737	<u>\$</u> \$	15,355 15,355	<u>\$</u> \$	922,933 922,933	
Community Facilities District 2006-1 CLSP Infrastru ASSETS Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents Interest receivable	s		\$	2,566 3,779,295	\$	46,523	\$	64,914 4,114,011 189	
Total Assets	\$	443,884	\$	3,781,861	\$	46,631	\$	4,179,114	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to bondholders	\$	8,403 435,481	\$	506 3,781,355	\$	8,403 38,228	\$	506 4,178,608	
Total Liabilities	\$	443,884	\$	3,781,861	\$	46,631	\$	4,179,114	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

(Continued)

Developers' Deposits		Balance ne 30, 2018		Additions		Deletions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2019
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$	1,646,040 1,137,609	\$	1,868,035 1,207,268	\$	1,646,040 1,137,609	\$	1,868,035 1,207,268
Interest receivable		5,357		6,027		5,357		6,027
Total Assets	\$	2,789,006	\$	3,081,330	\$	2,789,006	\$	3,081,330
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	27	\$	3,338	\$	27	\$	3,338
Due to developers		2,788,979		3,077,992		2,788,979		3,077,992
Total Liabilities	\$	2,789,006	\$	3,081,330	\$	2,789,006	\$	3,081,330
Pilot Flying J								
ASSETS	¢.	550	Ф	5(2	ф	550	Ф	5.60
Cash and investments Interest receivable	\$	552 1	\$	563 2	\$	552 1	\$	563 2
interest receivable		1				1		
Total Assets	\$	553	\$	565	\$	553	\$	565
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	553	\$	-	\$	553
Due to developers		553		12		553		12
Total Liabilities	\$	553	\$	565	\$	553	\$	565
Mossdale Village reassessment 2015-1								
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	616,296	\$	638,611	\$	616,296	\$	638,611
Cash and investments with fiscal agents Interest receivable		241,571 1,253		242,491 1,350		241,571 1,253		242,491
interest receivable		1,233		1,330		1,233		1,350
Total Assets	\$	859,120	\$	882,452	\$	859,120	\$	882,452
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	54,189	\$	54,475	\$	54,189	\$	54,475
Due to developers		804,931		827,977		804,931		827,977
Total Liabilities	\$	859,120	\$	882,452	\$	859,120	\$	882,452

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health. In contrast to the financial section, the statistical section information is not subject to independent audit.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well being have changed over time:

- 1. Net Position by Component
- 2. Changes in Net Position
- 3. Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
- 4. Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax:

- 1. Property Tax Levies and Collections
- 2. Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
- 3. Principal Property Taxpayers

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future:

- 1. Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates
- 2. Direct and Overlapping Governments Sales Tax Rates
- 3. Legal Debt Margin Information
- 4. Outstanding Debt
- 5. Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt
- 6. Pledged-Revenue Coverage

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place:

- 1. Demographic and Economic Statistics
- 2. Principal Employers

STATISTICAL SECTION (Continued)

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs:

- 1. Full-time and Part-time City Employees by Function
- 2. Operating Indicators by Function
- 3. Capital Asset Statistics by Function
- 4. Water Sold by Type of Customer
- 5. Water Rates
- 6. Water Customers
- 7. Sales Tax Producers

Sources

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF LATHROP Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year E	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Governmental activities: Net investments in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 127,893,609 3,801,132 33,983,648	\$ 127,372,107 4,182,107 35,576,555	\$ 124,614,693 6,738,303 31,849.848	\$ 127,600,645 6,989,280 31,954,985	\$ 140,357,523 4,865,583 31.716.374	\$ 145,671,748 7,733,824 35,612,693	\$ 148,474,931 10,223,760 38,941,548	\$ 155,971,046 11,858,920 47,769,952	\$ 159,727,304 10,376,172 52,396,920	\$ 179,501,255 13,552,647 72,645,973
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 165,678,389	\$ 165,678,389 \$ 167,130,769	\$ 163,202,844	\$ 166,544,910	\$ 176,939,480	\$ 176,939,480 \$ 189,018,265	\$ 197,640,239	\$ 215,599,918	\$ 222,500,396	\$ 265,699,875
Business-type activities: Net investments in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 73,700,760 3,979,788 13,669,310	\$ 73,171,504 3,387,089 16,299,696	\$ 73,145,195 2,865,215 17,446,635	\$ 76,371,218 2,865,251 19,333,520	\$ 88,125,585 2,696,850 25,692,676	\$ 92,350,319 2,995,846 23,944,509	\$ 93,906,914 2,698,250 26,437,255	\$ 103,695,833 1,706,637 37,146,214	\$ 120,279,431 1,650,031 30,919,752	\$ 150,452,677 1,652,234 34,710,083
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 91,349,858	\$ 92,858,289	\$ 93,457,045	\$ 98,569,989	\$ 116,515,111	\$ 119,290,674	\$ 123,042,419	\$ 142,548,684	\$ 152,849,214	\$ 186,814,994
Primary government: Net investments in										

Source: City of Lathrop, California Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports.

capital assets Restricted Unrestricted

\$ 329,953,932 15,204,881 107,356,056

\$ 280,006,735 12,026,203 83,316,672

\$ 259,666,879 13,565,557 84,916,166

\$ 242,381,845 12,922,010 65,378,803

\$ 238,022,067 10,729,670 59,557,202

\$ 228,483,108 7,562,433 57,409,050

\$ 203,971,863 9,854,531 51,288,505

\$ 197,759,888 9,603,518 49,296,483

\$ 200,543,611 7,569,196 51,876,251

\$ 201,594,369 7,780,920 47,652,958 \$ 452,514,869

\$ 375,349,610

\$ 358,148,602

\$ 320,682,658

\$ 308,308,939

\$ 293,454,591

\$ 256,659,889 \$ 265,114,899

\$ 259,989,058

\$ 257,028,247

Total Primary government net position

CITY OF LATHROP Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	0000	1000	2000	2043	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	ded June 30,	9700	7,000	0 700	2040
	0107	1107	7107	2013	40.14	5019	2016	7107	70.10	2019
Expenses: Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 4,901,677	\$ 3,871,620	\$ 4,233,613	\$ 3,733,840	\$ 4,680,110	\$ 7,449,500	\$ 5,614,173	\$ 4,580,381	\$ 4,917,617	\$ 5,307,052
Public safety	6,388,417	3,951,676	4,173,142	4,624,518	5,940,125	6,962,351	8,048,625	9,683,636	10,965,814	11,284,963
Public works	9,626,215	8,664,353	12,303,005	10,246,951	13,888,678	10,864,104	7,864,470	13,125,373	13,066,756	16,835,406
Community development	3,178,772	1,263,635	1,036,206	1,161,712	1,573.972	602,719	1,393,267	993.885	1,331,611	977.552
Interest on long-term debt	22,940	393,819	382,402	369,832	924,941	340,120	880,036	319,164	100,088	46,410
Total governmental activities expense Business-tvpe activities:	26,096,684	19,234,997	23,472,639	21,608,937	28,119,743	26,998,770	25,514,747	30,003,271	31,638,592	35,893,585
Water	6,222,856	6,435,955	6,367,625	7,090,866	7,376,261	5,108,071	4,941,845	5,828,411	4,969,618	6,303,489
Wastewater	3,900,239	4,475,157	4,357,544	3,987,951	6,289,560	4,433,501	3,587,602	5,393,728	1,204,762	9,206,503
Total pusiness-type activities expenses Total primary government expenses	\$ 36,219,779	\$ 30,146,109	\$ 34,197,808	\$ 32,687,754	\$ 41,785,564	\$ 36,540,342	\$,329,447 \$ 34,044,194	\$ 41,225,410	\$ 37,812,972	\$ 51,403,577
Program revenues:										
Charges for services:										
General Government	\$ 729,695	\$ 383,128	\$ 277,653	\$ 335,511	\$ 397,607	\$ 491,076	\$ 551,613	\$ 462,696	\$ 438,974	\$ 528,673
Public Safety	182,863	438,919	159,813	174,862	716,360	356,989	365,009	231,164	424,909	775,581
Culture and leisure	372.150	166.066	153.052	152.379	242.500	220.963	205,376	283.662	279.505	341.016
Community development	712,323	531,273	809,268	1,515,837	2,189,603	2,551,889	3,947,881	3,131,768	2,916,089	3,880,593
Operating grants and contributions	4,260,528	5,119,794	5,066,429	5,076,581	4,947,223	4,969,720	5,016,283	4,841,037	5,459,511	5,674,834
Total governmental activities	667,106,01	0,734,170	4,200,232	0,504,50	23,113,310	22, 133, 191	9,7 39,000	30,020,179	10,0009,73	40,920,440
program revenues	16,978,198	10,326,647	10,831,051	15,737,494	31,811,299	30,993,917	20,103,247	41,486,337	20,773,058	53,995,587
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:	A 530 135	5 551 012	5 561 650	6 203 700	6 551 186	6 042 547	5 8 40 063	856 038	8 331 835	9006
Wastewater	3,980,622	4,501,620	4,959,693	5,186,053	5,827,902	5,730,148	5,233,840	5,791,155	6,533,098	7,923,942
Operating grants and contributions	- 071	. 20	' 00 000	3,710,000	12,002,670	0 0	0 0	. 4	. 4	- 000
Capital grants and contributions Total business-type activities	188,710	1,025,014	263,903	159,854	159,854	159,854	159,854	159,854	159,854	32,556,339
program revenues	8,708,467	11,077,646	10,785,246	15,349,697	24,541,912	11,932,519	11,243,657	12,807,037	15,024,787	49,533,187
lotal primary government program revenues	\$ 25,686,665	\$ 21,404,293	\$ 21,616,297	\$ 31,087,191	\$ 56,353,211	\$ 42,926,436	\$ 31,346,904	\$ 54,293,374	\$ 35,797,845	\$103,528,774
Net revenues (expenses):		II								
Governmental activities	\$ (9,118,486)	\$ (8,908,350)	\$ (12,641,588)	\$ (5,871,443)	\$ 3,691,556	\$ 3,995,147	\$ (5,411,500)	\$ 11,483,066	\$ (10,865,534)	\$ 18,102,002
Dusiness-type activities Total net revenues (expenses)	\$ (10,533,114)	\$ (8,741,816)	\$ (12,581,511)	\$ (1,600,563)	\$ 14,567,647	\$ 6,386,094	\$ (2,697,290)	1,304,030	\$ (2,015,127)	\$ 52,125,197
General revenues and other changes in net position:	:uc									
Taxes:										
Property tax	\$ 2,848,080	\$ 2,915,881	\$ 2,821,113	\$ 2,810,704	\$ 2,946,083	\$ 3,273,006	\$ 3,566,656	\$ 3,980,606	\$ 4,285,832	\$ 4,710,374
Sales and use taxes Franchise taxes	2,314,007	2,126,447	2,512,565 679,295	3,128,882	6,676,994 705,405	5,947,812	6,209,105 518,183	6,337,138 771,288	9,211,228 877,633	12,001,476
Other taxes	230,842	231,125	232,204	466,328	419,267	449,950	743,896	565,715	634,335	666, 791
Motor vehicle in lieu, unrestricted	1,158,133	1,200,720	1,100,388	1,076,010	1,118,489	1,237,606	1,324,094	1,555,026	1,794,526	1,898,011
Other general revenues	301,700	55,824	63,662	262,023	395,810	301,192	1,745,978	10,090,096	379,591	1,990,303
Transfers	(371,206)	1,297,654	1,200,418	763,094	(5,626,465)	(84,391)	(421,353)	(16,842,538)	(137,582)	2,439,302
I otal governmental activities Business-type activities:	7,458,641	8,658,730	8,713,663	9,213,509	6,703,014	11,891,159	14,033,474	6,476,613	18,025,056	25,065,927
Investment income	161,045	111,034	178,169	59,419	49,915	63,492	200,063	214,510	405,014	782,839
Miscellaneous Transfers	2,309,689 371,206	2,640,839 (1,297,654)	1,560,928 (1,200,418)	1,545,739 (763,094)	1,392,651 5,626,465	675,204 84,391	416,119 421,353	864,319 16,842,538	907,527 137,582	1,599,048 (2,439,302)
Total business-type activities Total primary government	2,841,940	1,454,219	538,679	\$ 10,055,573	7,069,031	823,087 \$ 12,714,246	1,037,535	17,921,367 \$ 24,397,980	1,450,123	(57,415) \$ 25,008,512
Changes in net position Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (1,659,845) 1,427,312	\$ (249,620) 1,620,753	\$ (3,927,925) 598,756	\$ 3,342,066 5,112,944	\$ 10,394,570 17,945,122	\$ 15,886,306 3,214,034	\$ 8,621,974 3,751,745		\$ 7,159,522 10,300,530	\$ 43,167,929 33,965,780
Total primary government	\$ (232,533)	\$ 1,371,133	\$ (3,329,169)	↔	\$ 28,339,692	\$ 19,100,340	\$ 12,373,719	\$ 37,465,944	\$ 17,460,052	\$ 77,133,709

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) **CITY OF LATHROP**

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General fund: Reserved	\$ 7,078,292	€			· ↔	€	€	€	ı ₩	₩
Nonspendable	9,072,007	6,371,601	7,235,931	7,175,257	6,380,018	6,852,691	6,665,677	6,180,434	5,650,104	5,225,742
Kestricted Committed		742,197	402,197				2,233,234			
Assigned Unassigned	' '	189,925 10,735,806	1,248,093 8,038,858	1,229,504 9,784,715	-16,234,527	-11,091,860	12,861,107	- 16,496,212	21,538,365	31,169,562
Total general fund	\$ 16,751,159	\$ 18,039,529	\$ 16,925,079	\$ 18,189,476	\$ 22,614,545	\$ 17,944,551	\$ 21,760,018	\$ 22,676,646	\$ 27,188,469	\$ 36,395,304
All other governmental funds:										
Reserved	\$ 403,736		· &	· •	· •	· &	· \$	· &	· •	· •
Undesignated, reported in: Designated special revenue funds	1	1	ı	ı	1	,	1	1	1	1
Special revenue funds	12,202,368	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Capital projects funds	9,659,263	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Nonspendable	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Restricted	•	4,356,700	3,813,152	4,142,620	3,890,049	6,823,678	4,513,322	4,701,300	3,797,087	4,701,645
Committed	•	18,976,921	19,727,430	19,333,997	12,977,322	22,534,880	25,829,474	35,779,675	36,015,106	49,619,728
Assigned	•	•	•	264,923	930,347	880,383	975,042	784,139	663,674	549,720
Unassigned			259,533		•	(364)	(233)	(120)		(163,756)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 22,265,367	\$ 23,333,621	\$ 23,800,115	\$ 23,741,540	\$ 17,797,718	\$ 30,238,577	\$ 31,317,605	\$ 41,264,994	\$ 40,475,867	\$ 54,707,337

In fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the City of Lathrop implemented GASB-54, which changed the classification of fund balances.

Source: City of Lathrop, California

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Revenues: Taxes and assessments Licenses and permits Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	\$ 8,226,053 602,334 4,258,962	\$ 10,144,813 466,256 1,655,515	\$ 10,091,942 406,819 1,568,643	\$ 12,092,527 634,934 1,564,795	\$ 15,462,332 749,845 1,476,258	\$ 21,268,849 1,373,909 1,486,888	\$ 18,494,460 1,283,193 1,658,639	\$ 22,885,183 1,808,623 1,949,910	\$ 22,571,206 1,266,197 2,237,680	\$ 35,307,490 1,823,951 2,542,551
Intergovernmental Use of Money & Property Charges for current services	3,474,547 281,441 1,410,750	3,981,076 212,076 818,899	3,672,978 135,177 835,195	7,107,760 62,939 1,449,684	13,291,995 116,968 2,727,193	11,177,149 159,262 2,207,080	5,489,546 382,724 3,725,964	3,134,272 392,493 3,605,846	4,420,261 1,366,160 3,508,608	4,373,978 2,433,126 4,656,065
	• • •	409,088	1,633,542	1,275,270	9,779,408 536,779	1,094,140	3,523,548	19,675,946	2,751,850 813,734	536,277 550,982
Total revenues	\$ 20,452,818	\$ 17,687,723	\$ 18,344,296	\$ 24,187,909	\$ 44,140,778	\$ 42,969,467	\$ 34,558,074	\$ 54,805,488	\$ 38,935,696	\$ 52,224,420
Expenditures Current:	9 700 007	9 606 444	0.0000	9 2 2 0 0 2 5	070 6	0 0 0 0 0 0	4 75 909	9077	¢ / 770 063	A 427 F000
Community development			Ď.							
Public safety Public works	4,425,923 9,102,647	3,802,298 7,488,100	4,088,676 9,007,812	4,510,204 9,197,006	5,829,809 17,040,900	7,030,624 15,482,137	7,297,872 6,687,275	9,560,119 7,616,246	10,724,423 7,048,016	11,222,012 9,984,165
Culture and leisure Capital Outlay	930,548 552,469	879,453 989,761	1,043,340 480,929	1,069,332 3,795,717	1,063,957 9,334,496	1,048,531 1,604,530	1,296,370 4,361,924	1,226,638 2,920,897	1,275,334 9,761,990	1,384,798 2,643,451
Debt service: Principal retirement	277,060	237,211	249,347	262,103	274,370	289,709	1,683,347	265,000	285,000	- 440
merest and liscal charges Total expenditures	\$ 21,435,088	\$ 18,330,753	362,402 \$ 20,192,670	\$ 23,745,181	\$ 40,033,066	\$ 35,114,211	\$ 28,050,574	\$ 27,098,933	\$ 35,075,418	46,410 \$ 31,257,417
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (982,270)	\$ (643,030)	\$ (1,848,374)	\$ 442,728	\$ 4,107,712	\$ 7,855,256	\$ 6,507,500	\$ 27,706,555	\$ 3,860,278	\$ 20,967,003
Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from issuance of long-term Transfers in Transfers out	- 12,323,269 (12,694,475)	7,402,707 (6,105,053)	- 11,926,959 (10,726,541)	9,379,077 (8,615,983)	- 18,471,301 (24,097,766)	- 17,566,636 (17,651,027)	(1,191,652) 12,971,420 (13,392,773 <u>)</u>	- 10,394,523 (27,237,061)	- 12,389,403 (12,526,985)	- 14,380,867 (11,941,565 <u>)</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ (371,206)	\$ 1,297,654	\$ 1,200,418	\$ 763,094	\$ (5,626,465)	\$ (84,391)	\$ (1,613,005)	\$ (16,842,538)	\$ (137,582)	\$ 2,439,302
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,353,476)	\$ 654,624	\$ (647,956)	\$ 1,205,822	\$ (1,518,753)	\$ 7,770,865	\$ 4,894,495	\$ 10,864,017	\$ 3,722,696	\$ 23,406,305
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	1.5%	3.8%	3.3%	3.3%	4.1%	1.9%	%9.6	2.5%	1.5%	0.2%

The City of Lathrop implemented GASB 34 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. Information prior to the implementation of GASB 34 is not available.

Source: City of Lathrop, California Comprehensive

CITY OF LATHROP Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected within the Fiscal Year of Levy

Total Collection to Date

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percent of Levy	Collection in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percent of Levy
2010	\$ 2,916,408	\$ 2,916,408	100.00%	\$ -	\$ 2,916,408	100.00%
2011	2,816,884	2,816,884	100.00%	-	2,816,884	100.00%
2012	2,706,678	2,706,678	100.00%	-	2,706,678	100.00%
2013	2,681,516	2,681,516	100.00%	-	2,681,516	100.00%
2014	2,821,126	2,821,126	100.00%	-	2,821,126	100.00%
2015	3,098,364	3,098,364	100.00%	-	3,098,364	100.00%
2016	3,353,607	3,353,607	100.00%	-	3,353,607	100.00%
2017	3,727,479	3,727,479	100.00%	-	3,727,479	100.00%
2018	4,125,753	4,125,753	100.00%	-	4,125,753	100.00%
2019	4,309,587	4,309,587	100.00%		4,309,587	100.00%

Source: County of San Joaquin, California, Office of the Controller.

CITY OF LATHROP Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

(in thousands)

City

	Gross -	Taxable Assessed \	/alue		Net Taxable	Total
Fiscal Year	Secured	Unsecured	Utility	Less: Exemptions	Assessed Value	Direct Tax Rate
2010	\$ 1,850,787,425	\$ 179,585,651	\$ 2,596,710	\$ (16,165,484)	\$2,016,804,302	0.108%
2011	1,808,135,694	168,302,063	2,596,710	(17,258,003)	1,961,776,464	0.111%
2012	1,768,784,321	157,292,463	2,596,710	(18,032,279)	1,910,641,215	0.142%
2013	1,715,513,321	166,654,851	2,596,710	(18,026,074)	1,866,738,808	0.144%
2014	1,820,939,152	136,568,139	5,070,340	(18,189,943)	1,944,387,688	0.145%
2015	2,033,039,699	148,740,696	5,070,340	(24,251,442)	2,162,599,293	0.143%
2016	2,193,673,873	198,223,989	5,070,340	(23,850,559)	2,373,117,643	0.141%
2017	2,559,631,458	163,463,517	6,170,020	(18,624,442)	2,710,640,553	0.138%
2018	2,930,927,027	174,127,391	6,170,020	(7,886,582)	3,103,337,856	0.133%
2019	3,127,335,013	190,732,243	6,170,020	(9,551,288)	3,314,685,988	0.130%

NOTE:

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is re-assessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Source: County of San Joaquin, California, Office of the County Assessor.

CITY OF LATHROP Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Ten Years Ago

		201	9		20	10
Taxpayer	As	Taxable sessed Value	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Asse	kable essed alue	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Lit Industrial LP	\$	160,013,030	4.83%	\$	-	0.00%
Tesla Motors Inc		156,857,099	4.73%		-	0.00%
Super Stores Industries		61,761,500	1.86%	51,3	327,387	2.77%
J.R. Simplot Company Corp.		60,458,001	1.82%	39,1	118,999	1.92%
River Islands Development LLC		57,196,513	1.73%		-	0.00%
Califia LLC		52,999,945	1.60%	55,5	543,294	2.74%
Centerpoint Properties Trust		50,779,170	1.53%		-	0.00%
Ashley Furniture Industries Inc		44,990,970	1.36%		-	0.00%
California Natural Products Corp		44,454,715	1.34%		-	0.00%
CVICH Lathrop I LLC		38,206,832	1.15%		-	0.00%

Source: County of San Joaquin, California, Office of the County Assessor.

CITY OF LATHROP Sales Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$100 of assessed value)

Fiscal	Basic			
Year	County-wide Levy ⁽¹⁾	School (2)	All Other	Total Rate
2010	1.00000%	0.05240%	0.00000%	1.05240%
2011	1.00000%	0.05640%	0.00000%	1.05640%
2012	1.00000%	0.05980%	0.00000%	1.05980%
2013	1.00000%	0.06100%	0.00000%	1.06100%
2014	1.00000%	0.09250%	0.00000%	1.09250%
2015	1.00000%	0.09230%	0.00000%	1.09230%
2016	1.00000%	0.14200%	0.00000%	1.14200%
2017	1.00000%	0.12820%	0.00000%	1.12820%
2018	1.00000%	0.13030%	0.00000%	1.13030%
2019	1.00000%	0.12280%	0.00000%	1.12280%

NOTE:

(2) Information prior to 2005 is not available.

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

⁽¹⁾ In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies, including the City of Lathrop, for which the subject property resides within. The City of Lathrop's portion varies by several Tax Rate Areas (TRAs) within the City.

CITY OF LATHROP Sales Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

Measure	
_	

Fiscal	City Direct	Measure K	C General	Transportation Development		State of California	
Year	Rate	Rate	Purpose	Act Rate	County Rate	Rate	Total
2010	1.00%	0.50%	-	0.25%	1.00%	6.00%	8.75%
2011	1.00%	0.50%	-	0.25%	1.00%	6.00%	8.75%
2012	1.00%	0.50%	-	0.25%	1.00%	5.00%	7.75%
2013	1.00%	0.50%	1.00%	(2) 0.25%	1.00%	5.25%	9.00%
2014	1.00%	0.50%	1.00%	(2) 0.25%	1.00%	5.25%	9.00%
2015	1.00%	0.50%	1.00%	(2) 0.25%	1.00%	5.25%	9.00%
2016	1.00%	0.50%	1.00%	(2) 0.25%	1.00%	5.25%	9.00%
2017	1.00%	0.50%	1.00%	(2) 0.25%	1.00%	5.00%	8.75%
2018	1.00%	0.50%	1.00%	(2) 0.25%	1.00%	5.00%	8.75%
2019	1.00%	0.50%	1.00%	(2) 0.25%	1.00%	5.00%	8.75%

NOTE:

- (1) A 1.00% increase in Sales and Use Tax became effective as of April 1, 2009 to augment the State of California's budget. On May 19, 2009, the voters did not approve the proposed "Budget Stabilization" constitutional amendment and the expiration date of this 1.00% increase was on July 1, 2011.
- (2) On November 6, 2012 the voters of Lathrop approved Measure C. Measure C is an additional 1: sales tax to be used for Public Safety and essential City services

Source: City of Lathrop, California Finance Department County of San Joaquin, California, Office of the Auditor-Controller

CITY OF LATHROP Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
Gross Assessed Valuation	\$ 2,032,969,786 \$ 1,979,034,467 \$ 1,928,673,494	\$ 1	,979,034,467	\$ 1,5	928,673,494	\$ 1,8	1,884,764,847	\$ 1,5	1,962,577,631	\$ 2,1	\$ 2,186,850,735	\$ 2,3	2,396,968,202	\$ 2,	3 2,729,264,995	ზ	3,111,224,438	\$ 3,3	3,324,237,276
Debt Margin Ratio (1)	3.75%		3.75%		3.75%		3.75%		3.75%		3.75%		3.75%		3.75%		3.75%		3.75%
Debt Margin (Limit)	\$ 76,236,367	↔	76,236,367 \$ 74,213,793 \$		72,325,256	€	70,678,682	↔	73,596,661 \$		82,006,903	↔	89,886,308	€	89,886,308 \$ 102,347,437 \$ 116,670,916 \$	€	116,670,916		124,658,898
Less: total net debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds	· ω	↔	,	↔		\$		€		€		€		↔		€		€	
Net Legal Debt Margin	\$ 76,236,367 \$ 74,213,793 \$ 72,325,256 \$ 70,678,682 \$ 73,596,661 \$ 82,006,903 \$ 89,886,308 \$ 102,347,437 \$ 116,670,916	↔	74,213,793	↔	72,325,256	↔	70,678,682	↔	73,596,661	€	82,006,903	€	89,886,308	\$	102,347,437	€	116,670,916		\$ 124,658,898
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	%0		%0		%0		%0		%0		%0		%0		%0		%0		%0

Notes

(1) The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation data for each fiscal year from the current full fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel.) The computation shown above reflects a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year from the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the state. The limit shown is 3.75% (one-fourth of the previous limit of 15%).

Source: City of Lathrop, California Finance Department and the County of San Joaquin, California, Office of the Controller

Outstanding Debt Last Ten Fiscal Years CITY OF LATHROP

	1	Gover	Governmental Activities	vities						Business-type Activities	ctivities			1			
Fis	Fiscal Year	Capital Leases		Total Governmental Activities	Wate	Water Revenue Bonds	Notes	Certi	Certificates of Participation	Compass Bank Loan	State Revolving Fund Loan	Capital Leases	Total Business- type Activities	- Total Primary Government	_	Percentage of Personal Income	Debt Per Capita (3)
•	2010	\$ 7,888,413	413 \$	7,888,413	↔	30,505,000		⇔	6,685,000	S	↔	\$ 21,046	\$ 37,211,046	\$ 45,099,459	,459	213.77%	\$ 2,510
•	2011	7,651,202	302	7,651,202	••	29,920,000		•	6,500,000		2,574,893	24,130	39,019,023	46,670,225	,225	222.57%	2,502
. ,	2012	7,651,202	302	7,651,202	• •	29,305,000			1	6,203,000 (2)	9,528,982	31,055	45,068,037	52,719,239	,239	249.46%	2,788
	2013	7,139,752	752	7,139,752	••	24,945,000	•		1	5,950,203	9,340,188	23,717	40,259,108	47,398,860	,,860	219.52%	2,468
	2014	6,865,382	382	6,865,382	-	12,970,000			1	5,667,004	8,956,038	1	27,593,042	34,458,424	,424	148.51%	1,738
	2015	6,599,319	319	6,599,319	-	12,635,000	·		ı	5,373,806	8,562,968	•	26,571,774	33,171,094	,094	135.50%	1,630
,	2016	4,190,000	000	4,190,000	-	12,635,000			1	5,070,256	8,160,773	1	25,866,029	30,056,029	,029	106.77%	1,359
	2017	3,925,000	00(3,925,000	-	11,455,000	(4)		1	4,755,863	7,749,237	1	23,960,100	27,885,100	,100	93.94%	1,207
. ,	2018	3,640,000	000	3,640,000	-	10,846,145	(4)		•	4,430,488	7,328,146	'	22,604,779	26,244,779	,779	82.22%	1,081
	2019	3,640,000	000	3,640,000		10,207,524	(4)			4,093,638	6,897,278	'	21,198,440	24,838,440	,440	73.34%	966

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Source: City of Lathrop, California Finance Department

On July 1, 2005, the City entered into a capital lease agreement with Regent Lathrop, LLC for the new City Hall Building.
 On May 4, 2012, the City refunded the 2000 Certificates of Participation with the Compass Bank Loan.
 These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.
 On May 2017, the City refunded the Water Revenue Bonds.

CITY OF LATHROP Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt June 30, 2019

FY 2018/19 City Assessed Valuation Redevelopment Agency Incremental Valuation Adjusted Assessed Valuation	3,314,685,988 - 3,314,685,988			
Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	' 	Total Debt 6/30/19	Percentage Applicable to City of Lathrop (1)	City's Share of Debt 6/30/2019
San Joaquin Delta Community College District		\$ 198,475,000	0 4.085%	\$ 8,107,704
Manteca Unified School District		147,964,885	5 19.787%	29,277,812
Tracy Unified School District		36,450,000	2.780%	1,013,310
Banta School District		200,000	54.257%	271,285
Manteca Unified School District Community Facility District No. 1989-2		24,640,000	20.749%	5,112,554
Manteca Unified School District Community Facility District No. 2005-4		5,520,000	100.000%	5,520,000
Banta School District Community Facilities District No. 2011-1		5,861,000	100.000%	5,861,000
River Islands Public Financing Authority Community Facilities District No. 2003-1	03-1	190,535,000	100.000%	190,535,000
River Islands Public Financing Authority Community Facilities District No. 2015-1	115-1	250,000,000	100.000%	250,000,000
City of Lathrop Community Facilities District No 2003-1		5,705,000	100.000%	5,705,000
City of Lathrop Community Facilities District No 2003-2		5,745,000	100.000%	5,745,000
City of Lathrop Community Facilities District No 2018-1, I.A.s 1-5		45,735,000	100.000%	45,735,000
City of Lathrop Community Facilities District No 2018-2		26,037,800	100.000%	26,037,800
City of Lathrop 1915 Act Bonds		25,165,000	100.000%	25,165,000
Reclamation District No. 17 Assessment District		22,689,592	59.448%	13,488,509
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	ent Debt	\$ 991,023,277	~	\$ 617,574,973

Ratios to FY 2018/19 Assessed Valuation: Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	18.63%				
Direct and Overlapping General Fund Obligation Debt	ĺ				
San Joaquin County Certificates of Participation	₩	81,070,000	4.463%	s	3,618,154
Manteca Unified School District Certificates of Participation		21,967,000	19.787%		4,346,610
City of Lathrop General Fund Obligations		3,640,000	100.000%		3,640,000
Total Direct and Overlapping General Fund Debt				s	\$ 11,604,764
Total Direct Debt				s	3,640,000
Total Overlapping Debt				s	\$ 625,539,737
Combined Total Debt				s	\$ 629,179,737

⁽¹⁾ Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within boundaries of the City.

Ratios to Adjusted Assessed Valuation

	0.11%	18.98%
וימיוסס יס עמלמסיים עסססססים במומיוסיי		ebt
	Total Direct Debt	Combined Total Debt

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

STATE SCHOOL BUILDING AID REPAYABLE AS OF 06/30/2019: \$0

CITY OF LATHROP Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Available Revenue Principal Interest Coverage Revenue (5) 337,245 Principal 1 Interest Coverage 4,317,364 \$ 175,000 \$ 402,273 7.48% \$ 3,740,092 \$ 560,000 \$ 1,798,138 1.59% 5,337,245 185,000 393,348 9.23% 4,758,897 585,000 1,771,818 2.02% 3,814,104 252,797 236,203 7.80% 3,325,104 650,000 1,713,603 1.41% 4,068,897 283,199 205,801 8.32% 3,579,897 680,000 1,73,603 1.52% 2,906,181 303,550 185,450 5.94% 2,417,181 402,196 945,592 1.79% 3,468,726 314,393 174,733 7.20% 2,379,600 411,536 936,254 2.21% 3,522,071 325,363 163,637 7.20% 3,033,071 421,091 926,699 2.25% 4,710,583 336,850 152,150 3,721,583 1,069,489 475,545 2.41%	2000 Certificates of Participation/Compass Bank Loan (1)	2000 Certificates of	٦	Participation	/Compass Ba	nk Loan (1)		2003 Cerl	tificates of Parti	2003 Certificates of Participation & SRF Loan (2)	oan (2)
Principal Interest Coverage Revenue (5) Principal Interest Coverage \$ 175,000 \$ 402,273 7.48% \$ 3,740,092 \$ 560,000 \$ 1,798,138 1 - 353,750 10.70% 3,429,718 615,000 1,771,818 2 252,797 236,203 7.80% 3,325,104 650,000 1,743,738 1 283,199 205,801 8.32% 3,579,897 680,000 1,681,102 1 293,198 195,802 6.46% 2,668,856 728,070 954,719 1 303,550 185,450 5.94% 2,417,181 402,196 945,592 1 314,393 174,733 7.20% 3,033,071 421,091 926,699 2 325,363 165,150 152,150 8.61% 3,721,583 1,069,489 475,545 2			:	,	Debt S	ervice			Debt S	service	
Principal Interest Coverage Revenue (5) Principal Interest Coverage \$ 175,000 \$ 402,273 7.48% \$ 3,740,092 \$ 560,000 \$ 1,798,138 1 185,000 393,348 9.23% 4,758,897 585,000 1,771,818 2 252,797 236,203 7.80% 3,429,718 615,000 1,743,738 1 283,199 205,801 8.32% 3,579,897 680,000 1,681,102 1 293,198 195,802 6.46% 2,668,856 728,070 954,719 1 303,550 185,450 5.94% 2,417,181 402,196 945,592 1 314,393 174,733 7.20% 3,033,071 421,091 926,699 2 325,363 165,150 152,150 8.61% 3,721,583 1,069,489 475,545 2	Less Net Water Operating Available		Ne Avail	it able				Net Available			
\$ 175,000 \$ 402,273 7.48% \$ 3,740,092 \$ 560,000 \$ 1,798,138 185,000 393,348 9.23% 4,758,897 585,000 1,771,818 252,000 - 353,750 10.70% 3,429,718 615,000 1,743,738 173,603 252,797 236,203 7.80% 3,325,104 650,000 1,713,603 1 283,199 205,801 8.32% 3,579,897 680,000 1,681,102 1 293,198 195,802 6.46% 2,668,856 728,070 954,719 1 303,550 185,450 5.94% 2,417,181 402,196 945,592 1 314,393 174,733 7.20% 2,979,600 411,536 926,699 2 325,363 163,637 7.20% 3,033,071 421,091 926,699 2 336,850 152,150 8.61% 3,721,583 1,069,489 475,545 2	Revenue (3) Expenses (4) Revenue	1	Reven	ne	Principal	Interest	Coverage	Revenue (5)	Principal	Interest	Coverage
185,000 393,348 9.23% 4,758,897 585,000 1,771,818 2 - 353,750 10.70% 3,429,718 615,000 1,743,738 1 252,797 236,203 7.80% 3,325,104 650,000 1,713,603 1 283,199 205,801 8.32% 3,579,897 680,000 1,681,102 1 293,198 195,802 6.46% 2,668,856 728,070 945,719 1 303,550 185,450 5.94% 2,417,181 402,196 945,592 1 314,393 174,733 7.20% 3,033,071 421,091 926,699 2 325,363 163,637 7.20% 3,033,071 421,091 926,699 2 336,850 152,150 8.61% 3,721,583 1,069,489 475,545 2	\$ 6,867,231 \$ 2,549,867 \$ 4,317,364		\$4,317,	364	\$ 175,000	\$ 402,273	7.48%	\$ 3,740,092	\$ 560,000	\$ 1,798,138	1.59%
- 353,750 10.70% 3,429,718 615,000 1,743,738 1 252,797 236,203 7.80% 3,325,104 650,000 1,713,603 1 283,199 205,801 8.32% 3,579,897 680,000 1,681,102 1 293,198 195,802 6.46% 2,668,856 728,070 954,719 1 303,550 185,450 5,94% 2,417,181 402,196 945,592 1 314,393 174,733 7.20% 3,033,071 421,091 926,699 2 325,363 163,637 7.20% 3,033,071 421,091 926,699 2 336,850 152,150 8.61% 3,721,583 1,069,489 475,545 2		ري	5,337,2	245	185,000	393,348	9.23%	4,758,897	585,000	1,771,818	2.02%
252,797 236,203 7.80% 3,325,104 650,000 1,713,603 1 283,199 205,801 8.32% 3,579,897 680,000 1,681,102 1 293,198 195,802 6.46% 2,668,856 728,070 954,719 1 303,550 185,450 5.94% 2,417,181 402,196 945,592 1 314,393 174,733 7.20% 2,979,600 411,536 936,254 2 325,363 163,637 7.20% 3,033,071 421,091 926,699 2 336,850 152,150 8.61% 3,721,583 1,069,489 475,545 2	7,115,515 3,332,047 3,783,468		3,783,4(38	•	353,750	10.70%	3,429,718	615,000	1,743,738	1.45%
283,199 205,801 8.32% 3,579,897 680,000 1,681,102 1 293,198 195,802 6.46% 2,668,856 728,070 954,719 1 303,550 185,450 5.94% 2,417,181 402,196 945,592 1 314,393 174,733 7.09% 2,979,600 411,536 936,254 2 325,363 163,637 7.20% 3,033,071 421,091 926,699 2 336,850 152,150 8.61% 3,721,583 1,069,489 475,545 2	7,803,287 3,989,183 3,814,104	(1)	3,814,10	4	252,797	236,203	7.80%	3,325,104	650,000	1,713,603	1.41%
293,198 195,802 6.46% 2,668,856 728,070 954,719 1 303,550 185,450 5.94% 2,417,181 402,196 945,592 1 314,393 174,733 7.09% 2,979,600 411,536 936,254 2 325,363 163,637 7.20% 3,033,071 421,091 926,699 2 336,850 152,150 8.61% 3,721,583 1,069,489 475,545 2	7,884,887 3,815,990 4,068,89		4,068,89	_	283,199	205,801	8.32%	3,579,897	680,000	1,681,102	1.52%
303,550 185,450 5.94% 2,417,181 402,196 945,592 314,393 174,733 7.09% 2,979,600 411,536 936,254 325,363 163,637 7.20% 3,033,071 421,091 926,699 336,850 152,150 8.61% 3,721,583 1,069,489 475,545	3,484,902	3,484,902	3,157,85	9	293,198	195,802	6.46%	2,668,856	728,070	954,719	1.59%
314,393 174,733 7.09% 2,979,600 411,536 936,254 325,363 163,637 7.20% 3,033,071 421,091 926,699 336,850 152,150 8.61% 3,721,583 1,069,489 475,545	6,385,191 3,479,010 2,906,1	3,479,010	2,906,1	81	303,550	185,450	5.94%	2,417,181	402,196	945,592	1.79%
325,363 163,637 7.20% 3,033,071 421,091 926,699 336,850 152,150 8.61% 3,721,583 1,069,489 475,545	7,834,887 4,366,161 3,468,726	4,366,161	3,468,7	56	314,393	174,733	%60'.	2,979,600	411,536	936,254	2.21%
336,850 152,150 8.61% 3,721,583 1,069,489 475,545	8,491,689 4,969,618 3,522,071	4,969,618	3,522,07	7	325,363	163,637	7.20%	3,033,071	421,091	926,699	2.25%
	9,220,728 5,010,145 4,210,583	7	4,210,58	33	336,850	152,150	8.61%	3,721,583	1,069,489	475,545	2.41%

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest or depreciation expenses.

(1) The 2000 COPs were refunded by the Compass Bank Loan on May 4, 2012.

The Required Debt coverage ratio for the Compass Bank Loan is 1.10%.

(2) The Required Debt coverage ratio for 2003 COPs & SRF Loan is 1.00%.

(3) Gross revenues include interest earnings and connection fees.

(4) Operating expenses include operating transfers and exclude depreciation. (5) Source: Debt Service Schedule. The Water Revenue Certificates of Deposit Series 1993A were

funded on May 24, 2000. On May 24, 2000 the City issued the Installment Purchase Certificates of Participation, 2000 Series A. On July 16, 2003 the City issued Revenue Bonds (Water Supply Project), Series 2003. On May 4, 2012 the Compass Bank Loan refunded the 2000 COPs (Compass Bank Loan Cash Flow and Yield

Verification Report)

(7) Debt Service Requirements of 2003 Certificates of Participation & SRF Loan is net of capitalized interest (6) Expenses include 2000 Certificates of Participation Debt Service Requirements.

Source: City of Lathrop, California Finance Department

CITY OF LATHROP Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (in thousands) (2)	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Unemployment Rate (2)
2010	17,969	\$ 21,097,089	31,547	16.5%
2011	18,656	20,968,710	31,071	16.6%
2012	18,908	21,133,128	30,732	14.8%
2013	19,209	21,591,743	31,013	12.2%
2014	19,831	23,203,279	33,024	10.5%
2015	20,353	24,480,660	34,755	10.7%
2016	22,112	28,150,538	38,769	8.5%
2017	23,110	29,684,494	40,458	8.1%
2018	24,268	31,920,185	42,822	7.0%
2019	24,936	33,866,043	44,995	6.1%

Sources: (1) State of California Department of Finance

⁽²⁾ Bureau of Economic Analysis - U.S. Department of Commerce (data shown is for San Joaquin County)

CITY OF LATHROP Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2	019	2	010
		Percent of		Percent of
	Number of	Total	Number of	Total
Employer	Employees	Employment	Employees	Employment
Oulifornia National Deciliosts	450	5.000/	0.45	0.000/
California Natural Products	450	5.29%	245	2.36%
Super Store Industries	450	5.29%	450	4.33%
Diamond Pet Foods Inc	200	2.35%	0	0.00%
Swiss American Sausage CO	200	2.35%	165	1.59%
J R Simplot CO	200	2.35%	190	1.83%
Smart Refrigerated Transport	200	2.35%	250	2.41%
In-N-Out Burger	200	2.35%	0	0.00%
Cbc Steel Buildings	150	1.76%	100	0.96%
Home Depot	150	1.76%	125	1.20%
Target	150	1.76%	155	1.49%
Food 4 Less Warehouse	150	1.76%	0	0.00%
Pflug	150	1.76%	0	0.00%
Cen Cal Plastering	100	1.18%	0	0.00%
Engeo Inc	100	1.18%	0	0.00%
Antonini Enterprises LLC	100	1.18%	0	0.00%

[&]quot;Total Employment" as used above represents the Estimated total employment of all employers located within City limits.

Source: California Labor Market Information, California EDD Website (www.ca.gov) City of Lathrop Community Development Department

CITY OF LATHROP
Full-Time and Part-Time City Employees by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Government	24.30	24.50	25.50	25.50	23.40	23.60	24.60	23.60	23.60	24.60
Neighborhood & Community Services (1)	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00					1	•
Public Safety (2)	32.00	30.33	30.33	30.33	32.00	36.98	36.98	37.98	35.98	36.98
Public Works	41.00	41.00	41.00	41.00	21.83	22.83	29.50	30.80	33.80	40.47
Community Development	20.75	23.75	23.75	23.75	8.34	6.67	4.00	3.10	4.10	4.43
Culture & Leisure	19.12	19.64	19.64	20.64	18.41	20.76	21.00	20.56	21.01	21.01
Total Positions	142.17	144.22	145.22	146.22	103.98	110.84	116.08	116.04	118.49	127.49
less Unfunded Positions (3)	35.54	50.54	52.61	53.61	1	•	1	1	1	•
Net Employees	106.63	93.68	92.61	92.61	103.98	110.84	116.08	116.04	118.49	127.49
1										

⁽¹⁾ The Neighborhood & Community Services Department was created in March 2010 and later collapsed into Public Works/ Community Development.

Source: City of Lathrop, California Annual Adopted Budgets.

⁽²⁾ Police services are a contract service provided by San Joaquin County Sherriff Department. Fire Service is provided by Lathrop Manteca Fire District.

⁽³⁾ Fiscal Year 2013 was the last year of allocating and tracking unfunded positions.

CITY OF LATHROP Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fisca	l Year				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Police:										
Arrests	850	775	612	670	489	708	572	705	550	558
Parking Citations issues	1,034	759	567	291	380	444	696	1,385	1,084	1,389
Code Enforcement										
Housing Cases	144	31	21	40	20	35	29	28	54	74
Public Nuisance Cases	336	459	185	213	61	206	287	345	204	126
Vehicle Cases	85	54	21	28	12	11	67	193	140	118
Weed Abatement Cases	677	520	31	-	5	-	2	108	122	126
Building Permits										
Single Family Dwellings	169	87	63	146	130	350	220	291	317	393
Parks and recreation:										
Number of recreation classes	46	40	49	49	202	34	56	67	116	126
Number of facility rentals	192	231	302	675	1,870	542	450	390	1,598	1,388
Water:										
New connections	168	93	38	140	190	266	179	163	200	317
Average daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	3,230	3,267	3,110	4,014	3,550	3,508	3,052	3,274	4,200	4,128
Sewer:										
New connections	168	93	38	140	190	266	179	163	200	317

NOTE:

Source: City of Lathrop, California departmental sources.

CITY OF LATHROP Capital Assets Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fisca	l Year				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire:										
Fire Stations (1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works:										
Streets (miles)	79.81	79.81	72.74	82.80	82.80	84.20	84.20	84.20	92.90	92.90
Streetlights	905	905	1,433	1,433	1,433	1,448	1,472	1,472	1,835	1,835
Parks and recreation:										
Parks	13	13	13	14	16	16	16	16	16	16
Community centers	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2
Senior centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water:										
Water mains (miles)	73.08	73.08	73.08	101.40	99.60	101.80	101.80	101.80	101.80	142.00
Maximum daily capacity (thousands of gallons)	20,126	20,126	20,126	21,700	15,250	15,250	15,250	15,250	15,250	16,500
Wastewater:										
Sanitary sewer (miles)	57.16	57.16	57.16	60.40	62.03	71.00	71.00	71.00	71.00	91.80
Miles of Reclaimed Water Lines	18.33	18.33	18.33	18.33	21.40	21.80	21.80	21.80	21.80	21.80
Maximum daily treatment capacity (thousands of gallons)	2,140	2,140	2,140	2,416	2,416	2,200	2,200	1,450	1,450	3,140

NOTE:

Source: City of Lathrop, California departmental sources.

⁽¹⁾ The City of Lathrop's fire protection is provided by the Lathrop-Manteca Fire District.

CITY OF LATHROP
Water Sold by Type of Customer
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(in thousands of gallons)

Type of Customer:	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018		2019
Residential Industrial Commercial Governmental Construction	645,140 244,561 73,962 167,846 47,495	675,141 266,145 75,107 135,512 40,465	656,723 263,466 68,559 129,524 16,720	740,938 329,816 107,530 265,931 20,995	690,963 291,935 116,496 157,119 39,058	671,095 343,231 91,599 172,972 1,615	628,208 283,410 71,396 177,791	625,187 278,985 101,549 139,511 49,923	745,359 395,110 139,290 149,952 103,309	89 90 90 93 93	738,530 415,471 135,130 126,761 91,038
Total	1,179,004	1,192,370 1,134,992	1,134,992	1,465,210	1,295,571	1,280,512	1,160,805	1,195,155	1,533,020		1,506,930
Total direct rate per 1,000 gallons	\$ 2.11	\$ 2.24 \$	\$ 2.45	\$ 2.45	\$ 2.63	\$ 2.63	\$ 3.04	\$ 3.49	\$ 3.99	\$	3.99

Source: City of Lathrop, California Public Works Department

CITY OF LATHROP Water Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

_	Fiscal Year	Monthly Base Rate	Rate per 1,000 Gallons	CSCDA Loan (1)	SCSWSP Facility Charge (2)
	2010	9.30	2.11		9.10
	2011	10.30	2.24	-	9.10
	2012	10.60	2.45	-	9.10
	2013	11.50	2.63	-	9.10
	2014	11.50	2.63	-	9.10
	2015	11.50	2.63	-	9.10
	2016	12.80	3.04	-	9.10
	2017	14.40	3.49	-	9.10
	2018	16.30	3.99	-	9.10
	2019	16.30	3.99	-	9.10

NOTE:

Rates are based on 5/8" meter, which is the standard household meter size.

- (1) State of California Loan under the Safe Drinking Water Bond Law of 1976 was paid of on March 1, 2001.
- (2) On July 16, 2003, The City of Lathrop issued \$32,530,000 in Revenue Bonds to finance the acquisition and construction of water system improvements and related facilities, including water treatment facilities and distribution pipelines and to pay cost of issuance. The bonds have an ascending interest rate ranging from 3% to 6% and a final maturity date of June 1, 2035.

Source: City of Lathrop, California Finance Department

CITY OF LATHROP Water Customers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2	019	20	010
Water Customer	Water Charges	Percent of Total Water Revenues	Water Charges	Percent of Total Water Revenue
California Natural Products	\$ 931,421	11.63%	\$ 222,472	3.24%
City of Lathrop	412,427	5.15%	234,968	3.42%
Manteca Unified School District	234,984	2.93%	109,580	1.60%
Super Store Industries	136,981	1.71%	61,556	0.90%
Pilot Travel Centers	114,420	1.43%	-	0.00%
River Islands Public Finance Authority	107,365	1.34%	-	0.00%
Tesla Motors Inc	66,481	0.83%	-	0.00%
Banta Elementary School District	54,289	0.68%	-	0.00%
Camino Real Mobile Estates	51,313	0.64%	34,396	0.50%
IN-N-OUT Burger #804	51,252	0.64%	-	0.00%

Source: City of Lathrop, California Finance Department

CITY OF LATHROP Top 25 Sales Tax Producers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2019		2010	
Business Name	Business Category	Business Name	Business Category
Arco AM PM	Service Stations	Anderson Truss	Contractors
Ashley Furniture Distr Center	Fulfillment Centers	Arco AM PM	Service Stations
CBC Steel Buildings	Contractors	Carpenter	Textiles/Furnishings
Chevron	Service Stations	Cascade Steel Rolling Mills	Heavy Industrial
Dragon Products	Warehse/Farm/Const/Equip	CBC Steel Buildings	Contractors
Eagles Nest Harley Davidson	Boats/Motorcycles	Central Precast Concrete	Contractors
Flying J Travel Plaza	Service Stations	Chevron	Service Stations
ISI Design & Installation Solutions	Furnishings	Circle K Union 76	Service Stations
Joes Travel Plaza	Service Stations	Creative Touch Interiors	Home Furnishings
Material Handling Systems	Warehse/Farm/Const/Equip	Delta Powersports	Boats/Motorcycles
Nemo Building Systems	Contractors	Eagles Nest Harley Davidson	Boats/Motorcycles
Norcraft Companies	Building Materials	Fast Lane	Service Stations
Pape Kenworth	New Motor Vehicle Dealers	Joes Travel Plaza	Service Stations
Pratt Industries	Light Industrial/ Printers	Lathrop Chevron	Service Stations
Raymond Handling Concepts	Warehse/Farm/Const/Equip	Lathrop Shell	Service Stations
Response Fire Supply	Building Materials	McDonalds	Quick-Service Restaurants
Target	Discount Dept Stores	Medcal Sales	Medical/ Biotech
Tec Equipment	Trailers/Auto Parts	Save Mart	Grocery Stores Liquor
Tesla Motors	New Motor Vehicle Dealers	Target	Discount Dept Stores
Top Gun Drywall Supply	Building Materials	Top Gun Drywall Supply	Building Materials
Tower Market	Service Stations	Tower Mart	Service Stations
Tri West	Building Materials	Two Guys Food & Fuel	Service Stations
Tuff Boy Sales	Trailers/RVs	USAMotors.Com	Used Automotive Dealers
Two Guys Food & Fuel	Service Stations	Utility Trailer Sales	Trailers/RVs
Utility Trailer Sales	Trailers/RVs	Walgreens	Drug Stores

Source: State Board of Equalization, California Department of Taxes and Fees Administration, State Controller's Office.

^{*} Firms Listed Alphabetically